

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE**Front Drive Axle - Ascender****SPECIFICATIONS****FASTENER TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS****Fastener Tightening Specifications**

Application	Specification	
	Metric	English
Actuator Mounting Bolts	6 N.m	53 lb in
Brake Hose Retaining Bolt	25N.m	18 lb ft
Differential Carrier Assembly Case Bolts	48 N.m	35 lb ft
Differential Carrier Assembly Mounting Bolts	85 N.m	63 lb ft
Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Case Bolts	48 N.m	35 lb ft
Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Mounting Bolts	48 N.m	35 lb ft
Pinion Shaft Lock Screw	35 N.m	26 lb ft
Plug, Drain and Fill	32 N.m	24 lb ft
Ring Gear Bolts	83 N.m	61 lb ft
Upper Shock Module Mounting Bolt	40 N.m	30 lb ft

AXLE PRELOAD AND BACKLASH SPECIFICATIONS**Axle Preload and Backlash Specifications**

Application	Specification	
	Metric	English
Backlash	0.08-0.25 mm	0.003-0.010 in
Backlash (Preferred)	0.13-0.18 mm	0.005-0.007 in
Pinion Bearing Preload, New Bearings	1.7-3.4 N.m	15-30 lb in
Pinion Bearing Preload, Used Bearings	1.1-2.3 N.m	10-20 lb in
Pinion and Differential Case Bearing Preload, New Bearings	3.4-6.2 N.m	30-55 lb in
Pinion and Differential Case Bearing Preload, Used Bearings	2.8-5.1 N.m	25-45 lb in

SEALERS, ADHESIVES, AND LUBRICANTS**Sealers, Adhesives, and Lubricants**

Application	Type of Material	Part Number
Intermediate Shaft Bearing Housing Cavity	Lubricant	12377985 (Canadian P/N 88901242) or equivalent or lubricant meeting

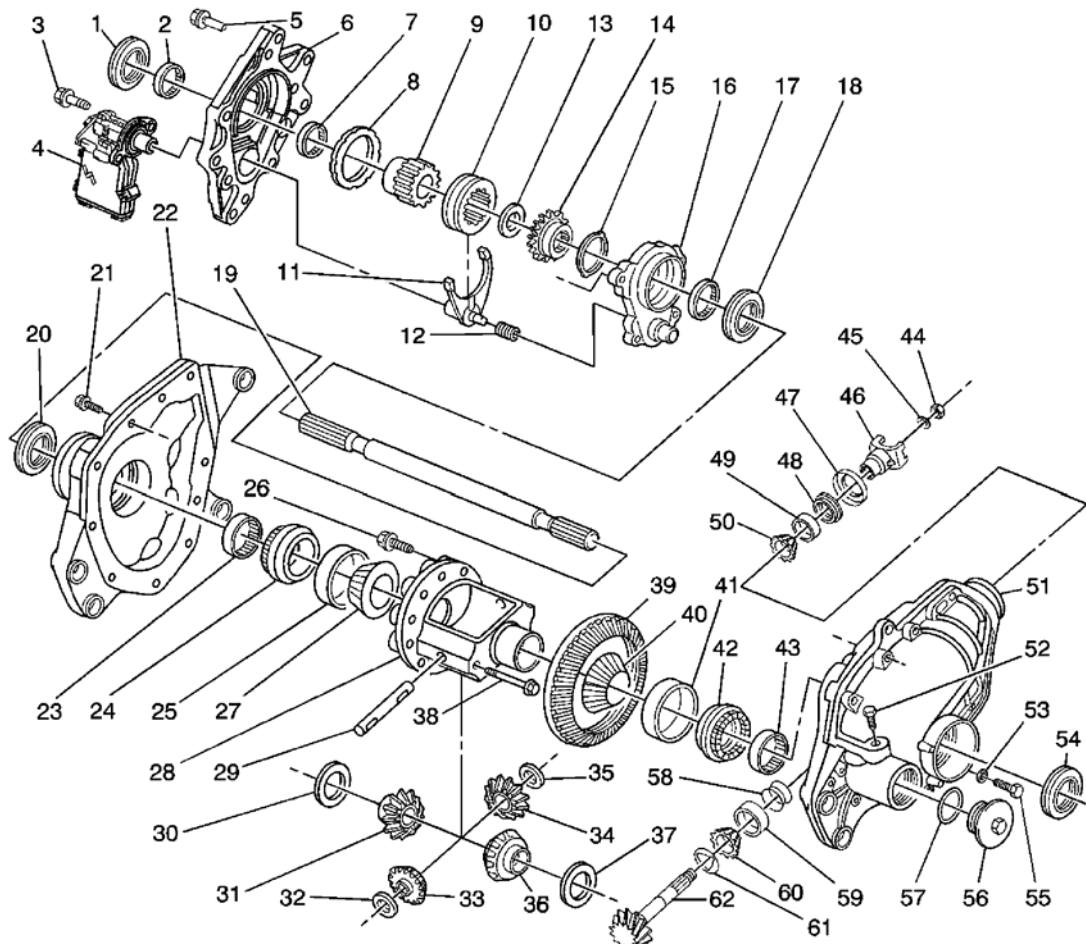
2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

		requirements of NLGI #2, Category LB or GC-LB
Intermediate Shaft Bearing Housing Mating Surfaces	Sealant	1052942 (Canadian P/N 10953466) or equivalent
Differential Carrier Assembly Case Mating Surfaces	Sealant	1052942 (Canadian P/N 10953466) or equivalent
Front Drive Axle	Lubricant	12378261 (Canadian P/N 10953455) or equivalent meeting Specification 9986115
Pinion Yoke Splines	Sealant	12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480) or equivalent

COMPONENT LOCATOR

FRONT DRIVE AXLE DISASSEMBLED VIEWS



2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Fig. 1: Front Drive Axle (7.25 in Axle) (S4WD)

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Callouts For Fig. 1

Callout	Component Name
1	Front Drive Axle Inner Shaft Seal
2	Front Drive Axle Inner Shaft Bearing
3	Bolt
4	Front Drive Axle Actuator
5	Bolt
6	Front Wheel Drive Intermediate Shaft Housing
7	Front Drive Axle Inner Shaft Bearing
8	Front Wheel Drive Shaft Thrust Washer
9	Front Drive Axle Clutch Gear
10	Front Drive Axle Clutch Sleeve
11	Front Drive Axle Clutch Fork
12	Front Drive Axle Clutch Fork Spring
13	Front Wheel Drive Shaft Washer
14	Front Drive Axle Clutch Gear
15	Front Wheel Drive Shaft Thrust Washer
16	Front Wheel Drive Intermediate Shaft Housing
17	Front Drive Axle Inner Shaft Bearing
18	Front Drive Axle Inner Shaft Seal
19	Front Drive Axle Intermediate Shaft
20	Front Drive Axle Inner Shaft Seal
21	Bolt
22	Front Differential Carrier Case Half
23	Front Differential Case Bearing
24	Front Differential Bearing Adjuster Nut
25	Front Differential Bearing Cup
26	Differential Ring Gear Bolt
27	Front Differential Bearing
28	Front Differential Case
29	Front Differential Pinion Gear Shaft
30	Front Differential Side Gear Thrust Washer
31	Front Differential Side Gear
32	Front Differential Pinion Gear Thrust Washer
33	Front Differential Pinion Gear
34	Front Differential Pinion Gear
35	Front Differential Pinion Gear Thrust Washer
36	Front Differential Side Gear

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

37	Front Differential Side Gear Thrust Washer
38	Front Drive Axle Differential Pinion Gear Shaft Lock Bolt
39	Front Differential Ring Gear
40	Front Differential Bearing
41	Front Differential Bearing Cup
42	Front Differential Bearing Adjuster Nut
43	Front Differential Carrier Bearing
44	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear Nut
45	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear Shaft Washer
46	Front Differential Carrier Flange
47	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear Bearing Dirt Deflector
48	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear Seal
49	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear Outer Bearing Cup
50	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear Outer Bearing
51	Front Differential Carrier Case
52	Front Differential Carrier Vent Connector
53	Front Differential Carrier Oil Drain Plug Washer
54	Front Drive Axle Inner Shaft Seal
55	Front Differential Carrier Oil Drain Plug
56	Front Differential Carrier Oil Fill Plug
57	Front Differential Carrier Oil Fill Plug Washer
58	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear Bearing Spacer
59	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear Inner Bearing Cup
60	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear Inner Bearing
61	Differential Drive Pinion Gear Bearing Spacer
62	Front Differential Drive Pinion Gear

DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION AND PROCEDURES

DIAGNOSTIC STARTING POINT - FRONT DRIVE AXLE

Begin the system diagnosis by reviewing the system Description and Operation. Refer to **Front Drive Axle Description and Operation**. Reviewing the Description and Operation information will help you determine the correct symptom diagnostic procedure when a malfunction exist. Reviewing the Description and Operation information will also help you determine if the condition described by the customer is normal operation. Refer to **Symptoms - Front Drive Axle** in order to identify the correct procedure for diagnosing the system and where the procedure is located.

SYMPTOMS - FRONT DRIVE AXLE

Before beginning diagnosis, review the system description and operation in order to familiarize yourself with the system functions. Refer to **Front Drive Axle Description and Operation**.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Noise Diagnosis

Any gear-driven unit produces a certain amount of noise that is normal and that conventional repairs or adjustment cannot eliminate. Slight noise that is heard only at a certain speed or under unusual or remote conditions is acceptable. For example, this noise tends to reach a peak at speeds from 60-100 km/h (40-60 mph) depending upon road and load conditions, or upon gear ratio and tire size. Noise of this kind does not indicate trouble in the axle assembly.

When an axle is suspected of being noisy, make a thorough test in order to determine whether the noise originates in the tires, road surface, wheel bearings, engine, transmission, propeller shaft, or axle assembly.

Classifying the Symptom

Front Drive Axle symptoms can usually be classified into the following categories:

- Leaks
- Noises
- Vibrations

Leak and noise related symptoms are diagnosed within the Front Drive Axle section. For vibration related symptoms, refer to **Diagnostic Starting Point - Vibration Diagnosis and Correction** in Vibration Diagnosis and Correction.

Visual/Physical Inspection

- Inspect the system for loose or missing fasteners.
- Inspect the system for loose or leaking components.
- Inspect the system for obvious damage or conditions which may cause the symptom.

Symptoms List

Refer to a symptom diagnostic procedure from the following list in order to diagnose the symptom.

- **Front Drive Axle Noises**
- **Noisy in Drive**
- **Noisy When Coasting**
- **Intermittent Noise**
- **Constant Noise**
- **Noisy on Turns**
- **Front Axle Lubricant Leak Diagnosis**

FRONT DRIVE AXLE NOISES

Gear Noise

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Gear noise or whine is audible from 32-89 km/h (20-55 mph) under 4 driving conditions:

- Drive - Acceleration or heavy pull
- Road Load - Vehicle driving load or constant speed
- Float - Using enough throttle to keep the vehicle from driving the engine, the vehicle slows down gradually but the engine still pulls slightly
- Coast - Throttle is closed and the vehicle is in gear

Gear noise most frequently has periods where the noise is more prominent, usually between 48-64 km/h (30-40 mph) and 80-85 km/h (50-53 mph). Gear whine is corrected by ring and pinion gear replacement or adjustment, depending on the mileage of the gear set.

Bearing Noise

Faulty bearings produce a rough growl or grating sound, rather than the whine typical of gear noise. Bearing noise (hum) will pulsate at a constant vehicle speed. This indicates a bad pinion or a bad front axle side bearing. This noise can be confused with front wheel bearing noise. Inspect and replace the bearings and the affected components as required.

Front Wheel Bearing Noise

A rough front wheel bearing produces a noise which continues with the car coasting at low speed and the transmission in neutral. The noise may diminish some when the brakes are gently applied. The noise may also change when performing side-to-side maneuvers with the vehicle.

A rough and/or noisy wheel bearing can be heard by spinning the wheels by hand and listening at the hubs for the noise. Inspect and replace the bearings and the affected components as needed.

Knock at Low Speeds

A low speed knock can be caused by a differential case side gear bore that has worn oversize. Inspect the side gears and the differential case assembly and replace the components as necessary.

Backlash Clunk

Excessive backlash clunk under acceleration or de-acceleration can be caused by any of the following:

- Worn differential pinion shaft
- Worn differential pinion and/or side gear teeth
- Worn thrust washers
- Excessive clearance between the side gears and the axle shafts
- Excessive clearance between differential side gears and the bore in the case
- Excessive drive pinion and ring gear backlash

Inspect, adjust or replace the affected components as necessary.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

NOISY IN DRIVE

Noisy in Drive

Checks	Action
Excessive pinion to ring gear backlash	Adjust the pinion to ring gear backlash. Refer to <u>Backlash Inspection and Adjustment</u> .
Worn pinion and ring gear	Replace the pinion and the ring gear. Perform the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble</u>• <u>Differential Case Assembly Disassemble</u>• <u>Differential Case Assembly Assemble</u>• <u>Pinion Bearing Cup Installation</u>• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Assemble</u>
Worn pinion bearings	Replace the pinion bearings. Perform the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble</u>• <u>Pinion Bearing Cup Installation</u>• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Assemble</u>
Loose pinion bearings	Adjust the pinion bearings preload. Perform the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble</u>• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Assemble</u>• <u>Backlash Inspection and Adjustment</u>
Excessive pinion end play	Adjust the pinion end play. Refer to <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Assemble</u> .
Worn differential bearings	Replace the differential bearings. Perform the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble</u>• <u>Differential Case Assembly Disassemble</u>• <u>Differential Case Assembly Assemble</u>• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Assemble</u>
Loose differential bearings	Adjust the differential bearing preload. Perform the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble</u>• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Assemble</u>
Excessive ring gear runout	Replace the ring gear. Perform the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble</u>• <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Assemble</u>
Low oil level	Fill the fluid level to specifications with the proper lubricant. Refer to <u>Lubricant Level Inspection - Front Drive Axle</u> .

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Wrong or poor grade oil	Drain and refill the system with the proper lubricant. Refer to <u>Lubricant Replacement - Front Drive Axle.</u>
-------------------------	---

NOISY WHEN COASTING

Noisy When Coasting

Checks	Action
DEFINITION: Noise is audible when slowing down and disappears when driving.	
Worn pinion and ring gear	Adjust or replace the pinion and the ring gear. Refer to <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble.</u>
Pinion and ring gear too tight	Adjust the pinion and the ring gear backlash. Refer to <u>Backlash Inspection and Adjustment.</u>

INTERMITTENT NOISE

Intermittent Noise

Checks	Action
Warped ring gear	Replace the ring gear. Refer to <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble.</u>
Loose differential case assembly	Set the differential case assembly to the proper preload and backlash. Refer to <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Assemble</u> and <u>Backlash Inspection and Adjustment.</u>

CONSTANT NOISE

Constant Noise

Checks	Action
Flat spot on the pinion or the ring gear teeth	Replace the pinion and the ring gear. Refer to <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble.</u>
Flat spot on the pinion bearing	Replace the bearing. Refer to <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble.</u>
Worn pinion splines	Replace the pinion. Refer to <u>Differential Carrier Assembly - Disassemble.</u>

NOISY ON TURNS

Noisy on Turns

Checks	Action
Worn differential side gears and pinions	Replace the differential side gears and pinions. Refer to <u>Differential Case Assembly Disassemble.</u>
Worn differential spider	Replace the spine gears. Refer to <u>Differential Case Assembly Disassemble.</u>
Worn axle shaft splines	Replace the axle shaft. Refer to <u>Inner Axle Shaft Replacement - Front Drive Axle.</u>

WHEEL BEARING WEAR - FRONT DRIVE AXLE (STRAIGHT)**Straight Roller Bearing Diagnosis**

Consider the following factors when diagnosing a bearing condition:

- Note the general condition of all parts during disassembly and inspection.
- Classify the failure with the aid of the illustrations.
- Determine the cause.
- Make all repairs following recommended procedures.

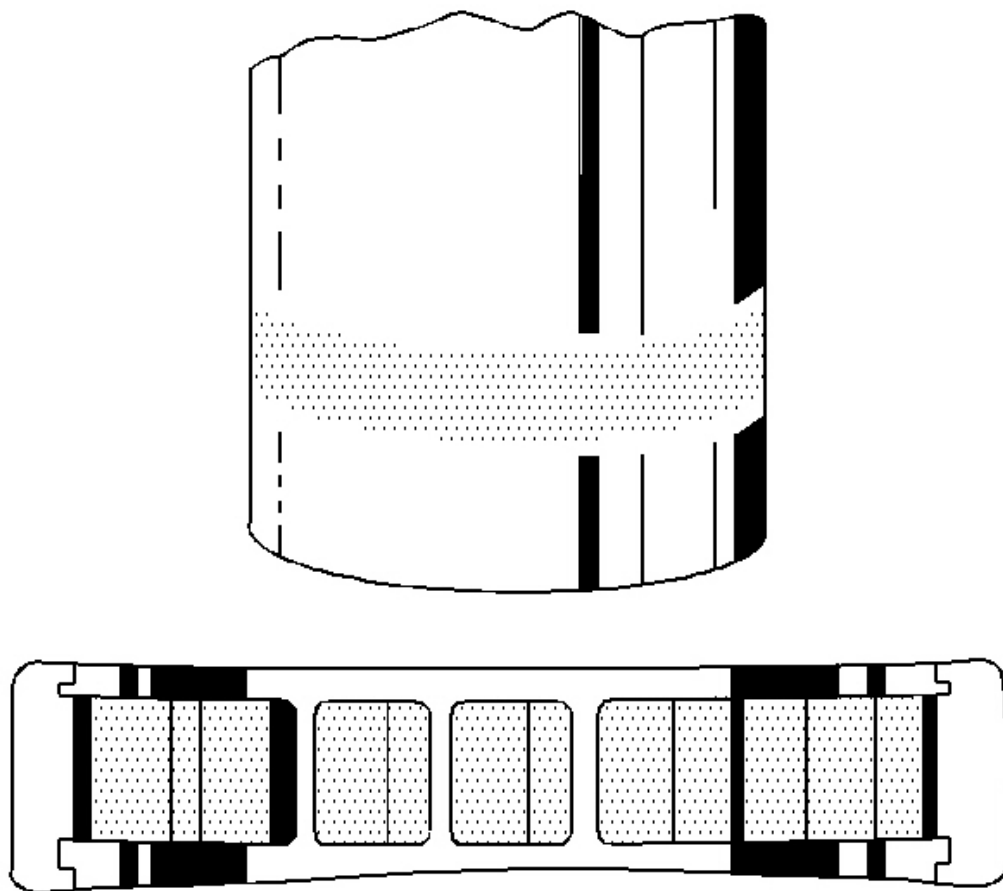
Wear (Minor)

Fig. 2: Identifying Minor Wear

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Light pattern on races and rollers can be caused by fine abrasives. Clean all of the parts including the housings. Check the seals. Replace the bearings if rough or noisy. Replace the shaft if damaged.

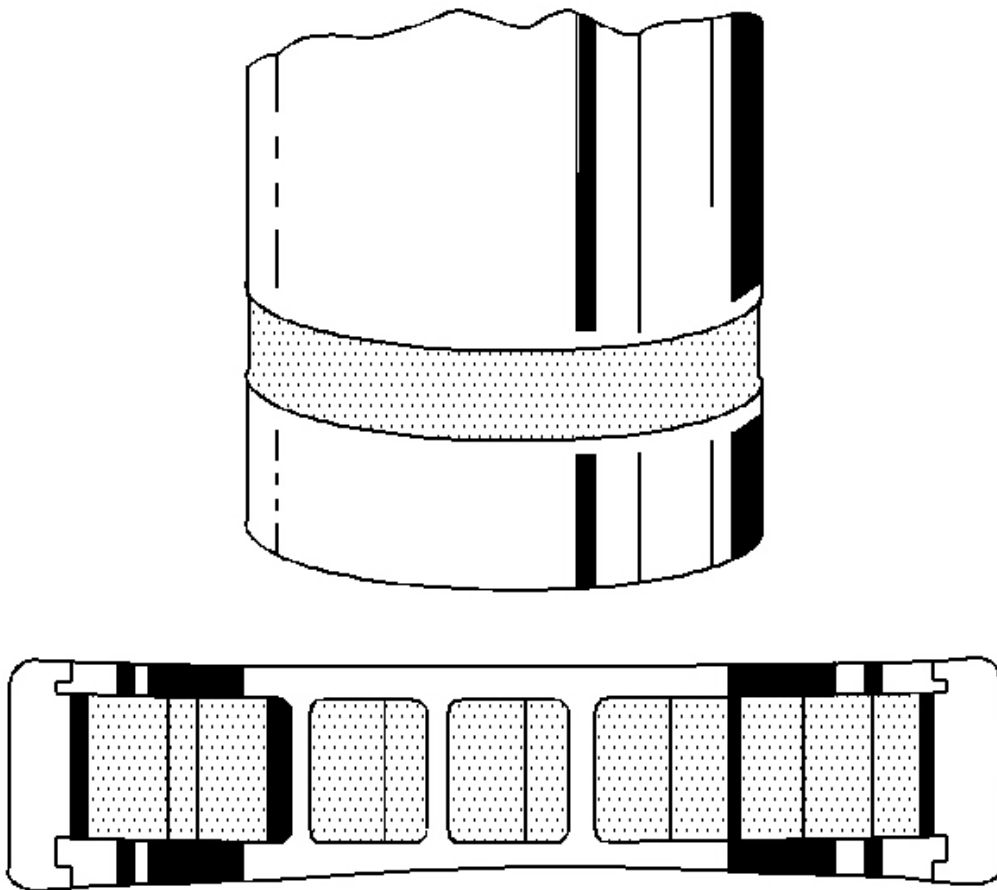
Wear (Major)

Fig. 3: Identifying Major Wear

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Heavy pattern on races and rollers can be caused by fine abrasives. Clean all of the parts including the housing. Check the seals. Replace the bearings if rough or noisy. Replace the shaft if damaged.

Brinelling

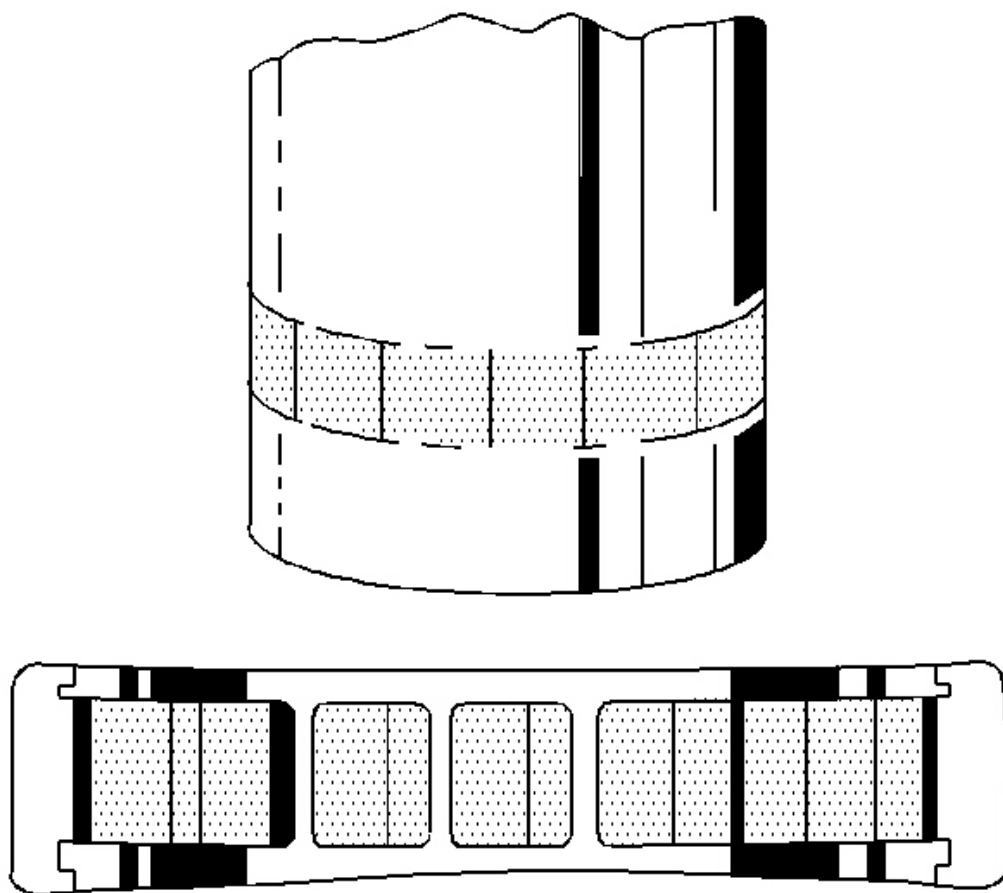


Fig. 4: Identifying Brinelling

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Surface indentations in the raceway can be caused by roll either under impact loading or vibration while the bearing is not rotating. Replace the bearing if rough or noisy. Replace the shaft if damaged.

Indentations

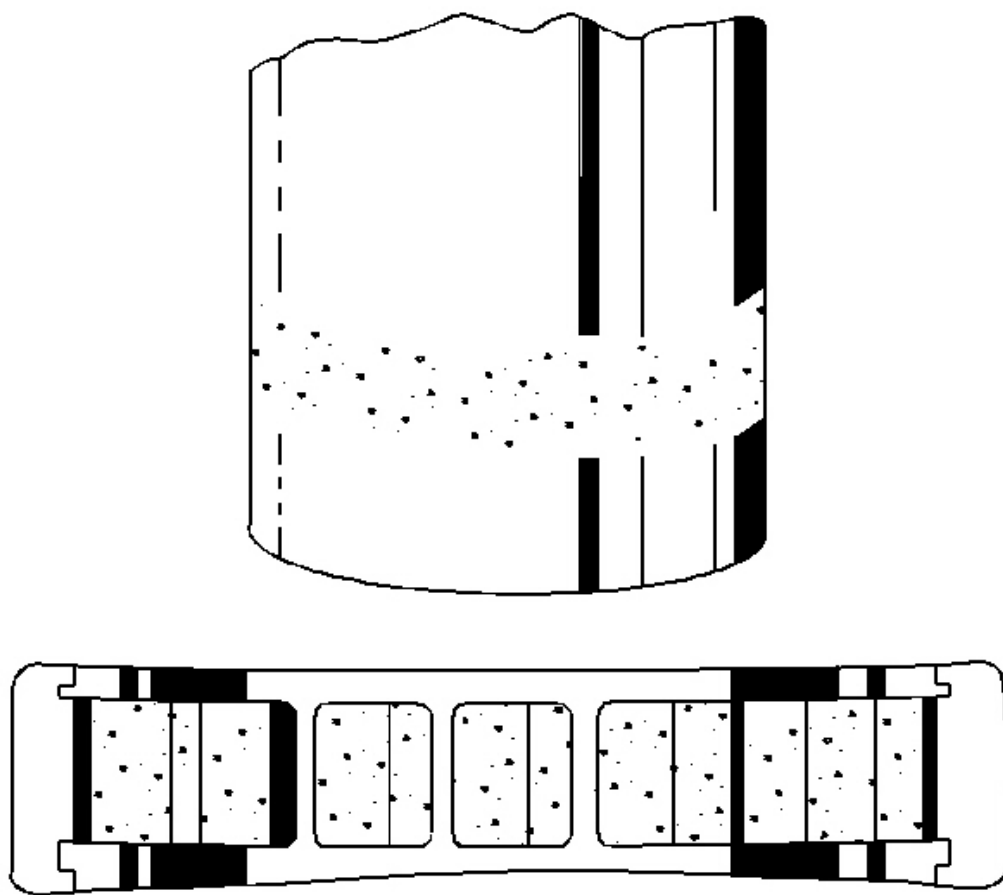


Fig. 5: Identifying Indentations

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Surface depressions on race and rollers can be caused by hard particles of foreign material. Clean all of the parts, including the housing. Check the seals. Replace the bearings if rough or noisy. Replace the shaft if damaged.

Single Edge Pitting

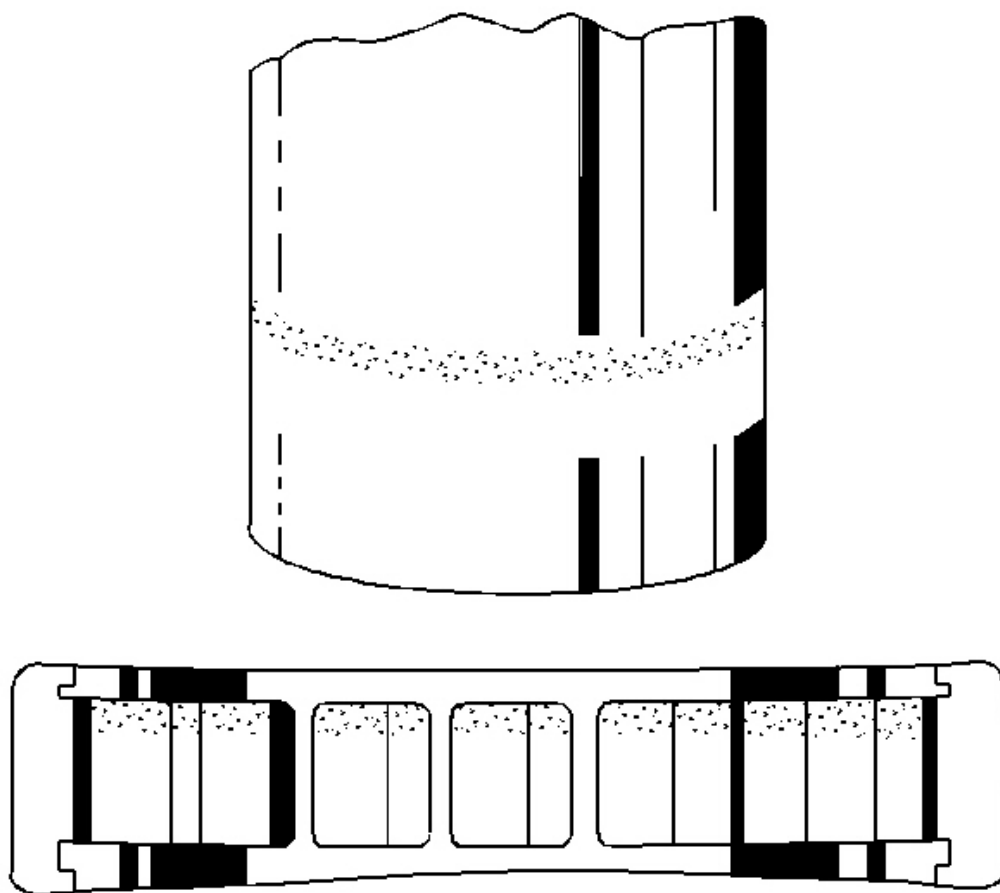


Fig. 6: Identifying Single Edge Pitting

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Flaking of surface metal results from fatigue, usually at one edge of race and rollers. Replace the bearing. Clean all related parts. Replace the shaft if damaged.

Double Edge Pitting

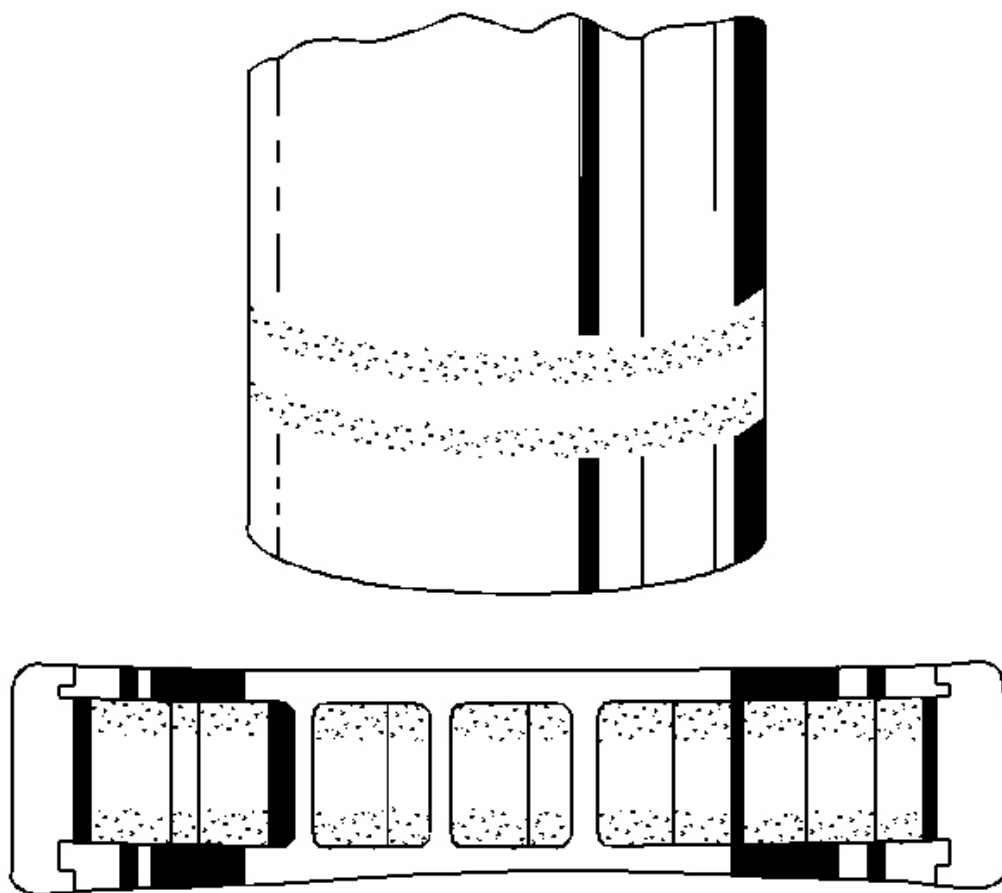


Fig. 7: Identifying Double Edge Pitting
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Flaking of surface metal results from fatigue, usually at both edges of the race and rollers. Replace the bearing. Clean all related parts. Replace the shaft if damaged.

Misalignment

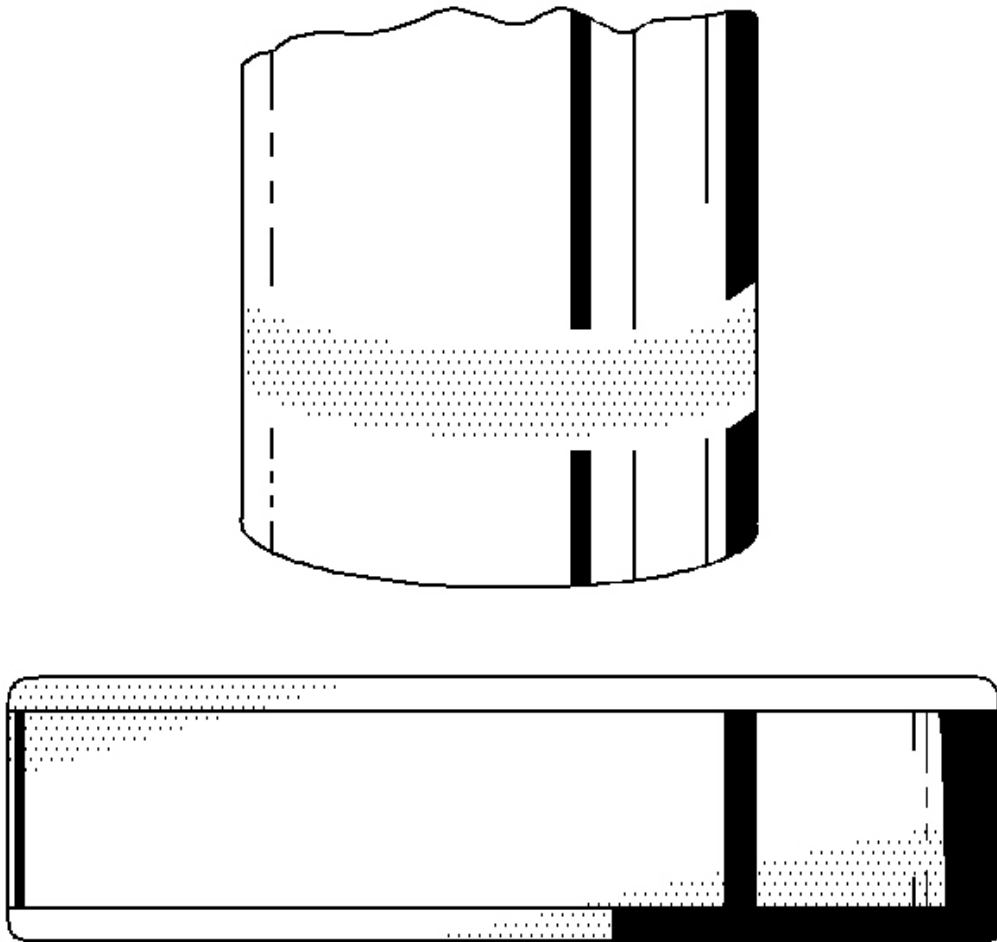
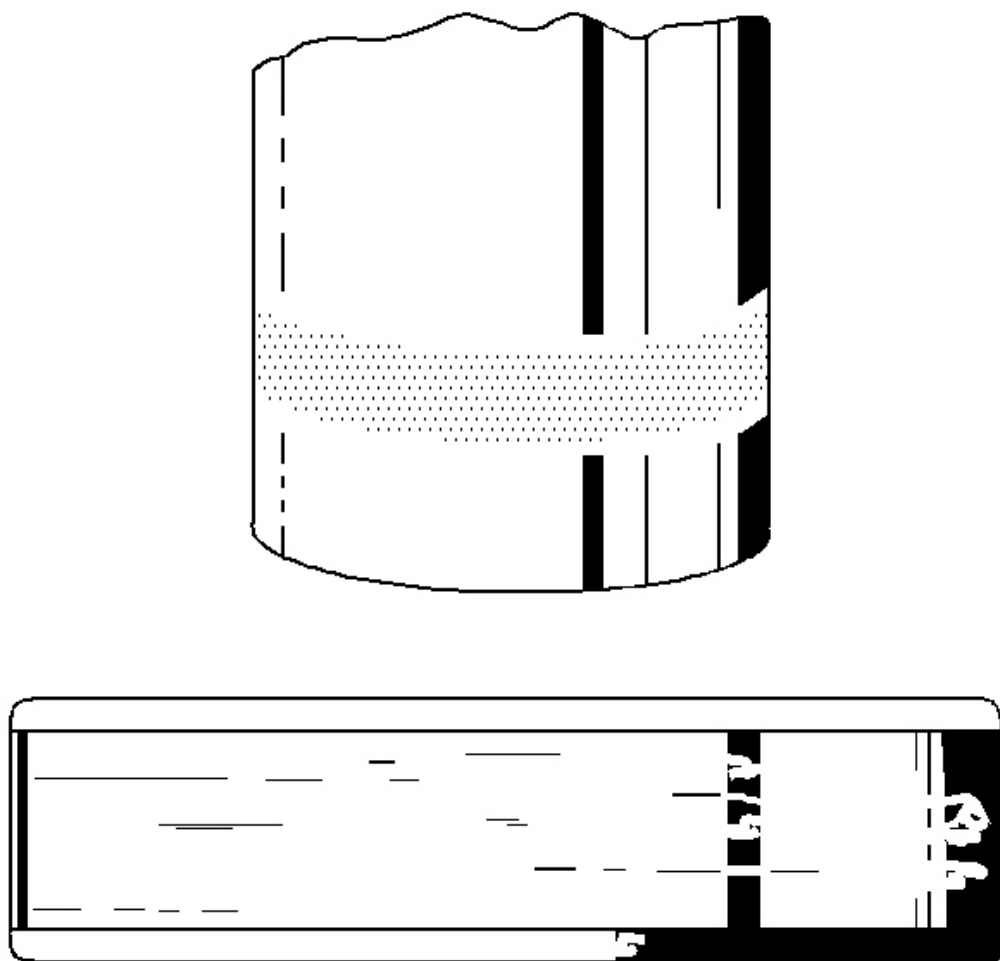


Fig. 8: Identifying Misalignment

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Outer misalignment due to a foreign object. Replace the bearing. Ensure races are properly seated. Replace the shaft if the bearing operating surface is damaged.

Fretting

**Fig. 9: Identifying Frettage****Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.**

Corrosion set up by a small relative movement of parts with no lubrication. Replace the bearing. Clean all the relative parts. Check the seals. Check for proper fit and lubrication. Replace the shaft if damaged.

Smears

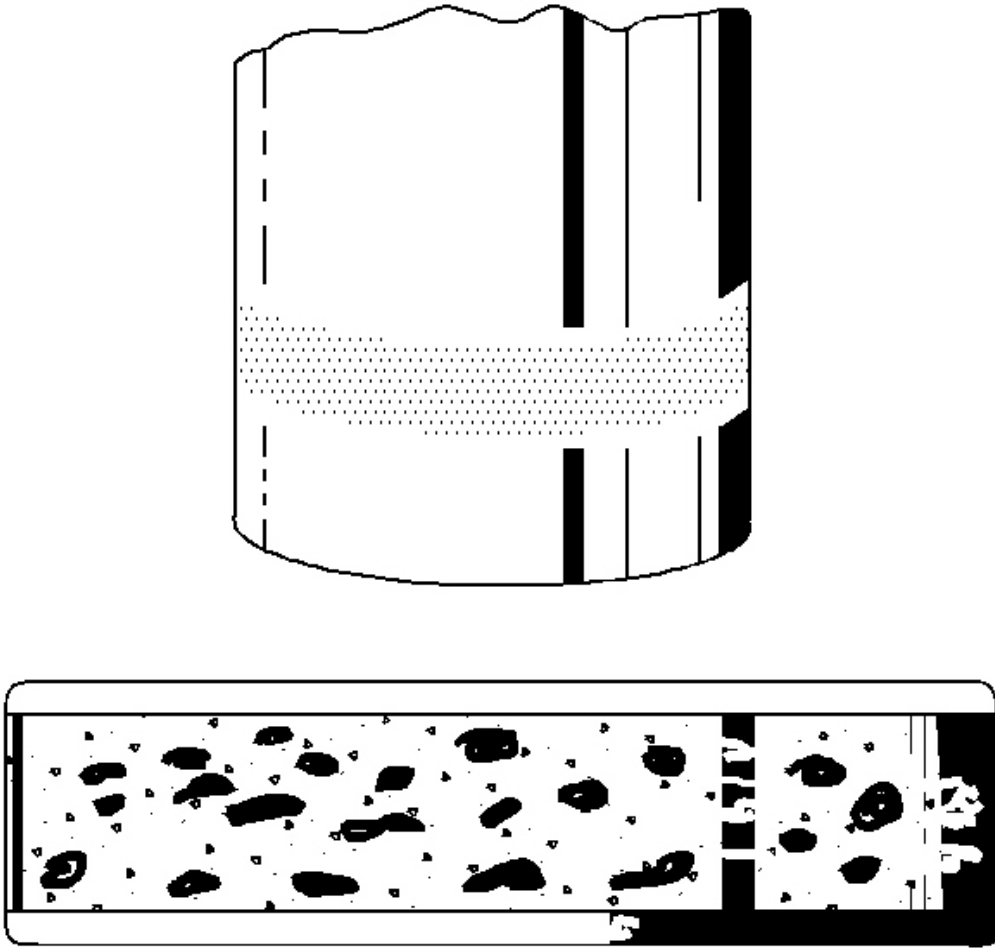


Fig. 10: Identifying Smears

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Smearing of metal due to slippage. Slippage can be caused by poor fits, lack of lubrication, overheating, overloads or handling damage. Replace the bearing. Clean all the related parts. Check for proper fit and lubrication.

WHEEL BEARING WEAR - FRONT DRIVE AXLE (TAPERED)

Tapered Roller Bearing Diagnosis

Consider the following factors when diagnosing bearing condition:

- General condition of all parts during disassembly and inspection.
- Classify the failure with the aid of the illustrations.
- Determine the cause.
- Make all repairs following recommended procedures.

Abrasive Roller Wear

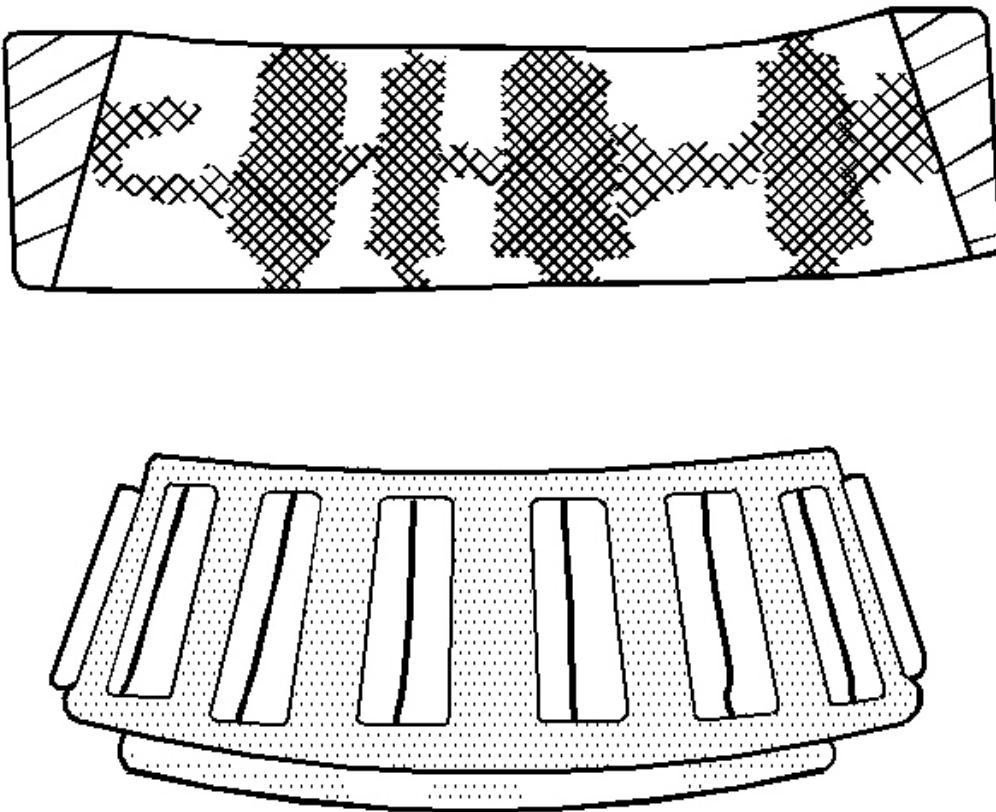


Fig. 11: Identifying Abrasive Roller Wear
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Pattern on the races and the rollers caused by fine abrasives. Clean all of the parts and the housings. Check the seals and the bearings. Replace any leaky, rough, or noisy bearings.

Abrasive Step Wear

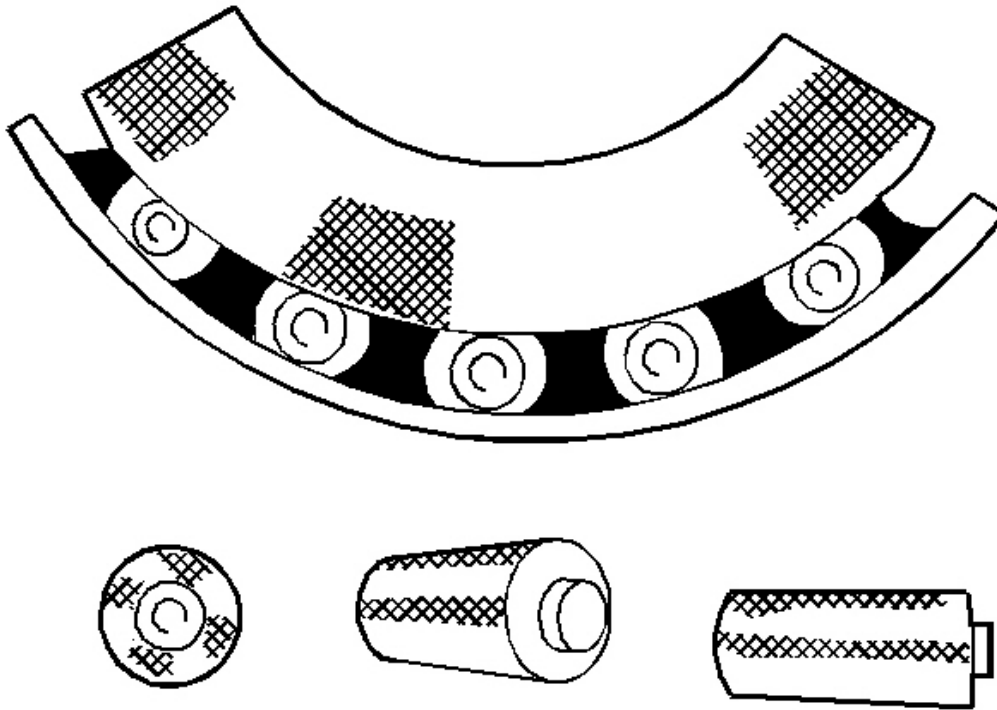


Fig. 12: Identifying Abrasive Step Wear
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Pattern on the roller ends caused by fine abrasives. Clean all of the parts and the housings. Check the seals and the bearings. Replace any leaky, rough, or noisy bearings.

Galling

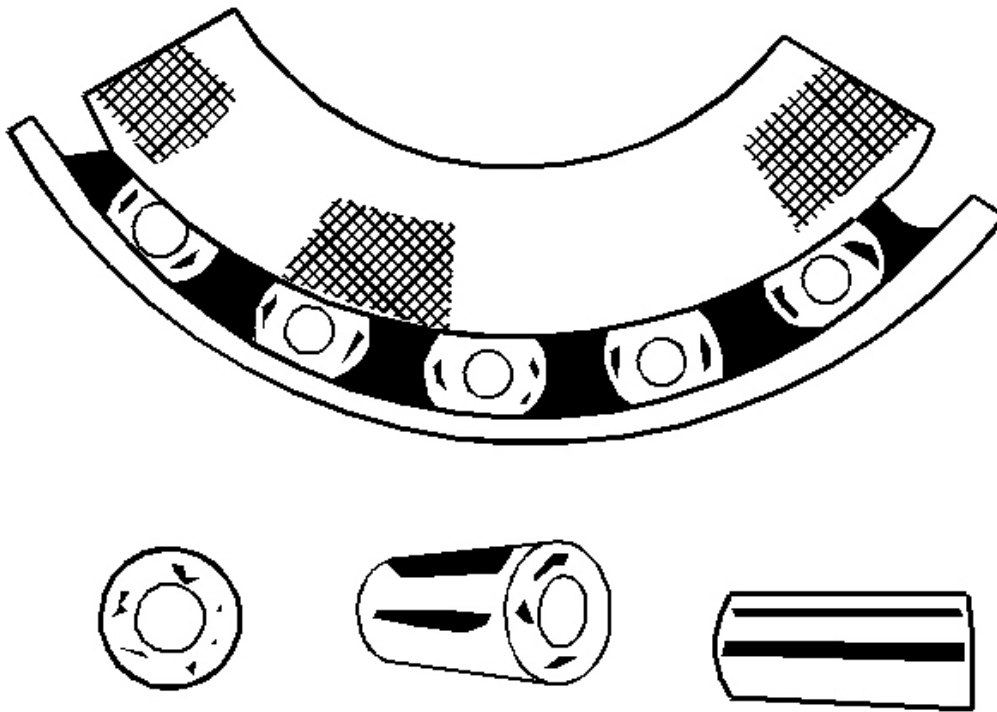


Fig. 13: Identifying Galling

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Metal smears on the roller ends due to overheating, lubricant failure, or lubricant overload. Replace the bearing. Check the seals. Check for proper lubrication.

Etching

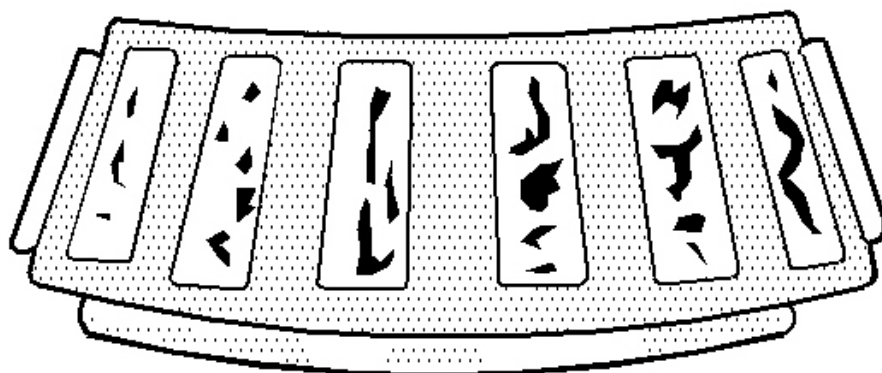
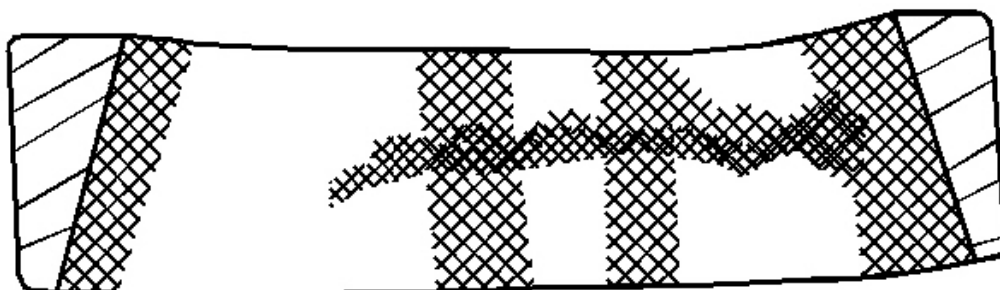


Fig. 14: Identifying Etching

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Bearing surfaces appear gray or grayish black in color, with related etching away of material usually at roller spacing. Replace the bearings. Check the seals. Check for proper lubrication.

Bent Cage

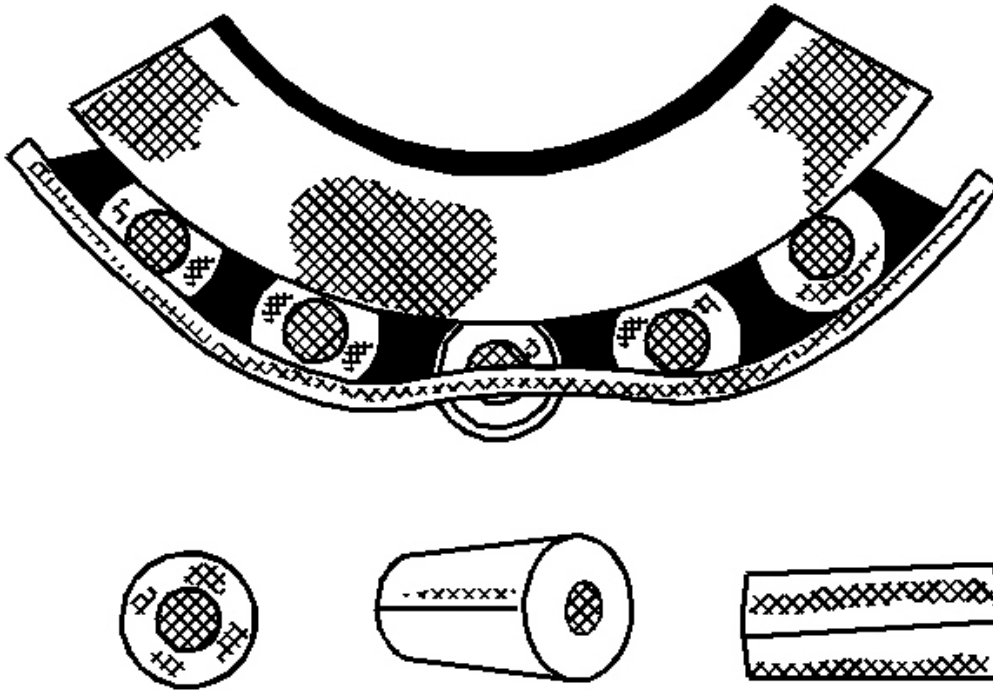


Fig. 15: Identifying Bent Roller Cage
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

A damaged cage due to improper handling or improper tool usage. Replace the bearing.

Cage Wear

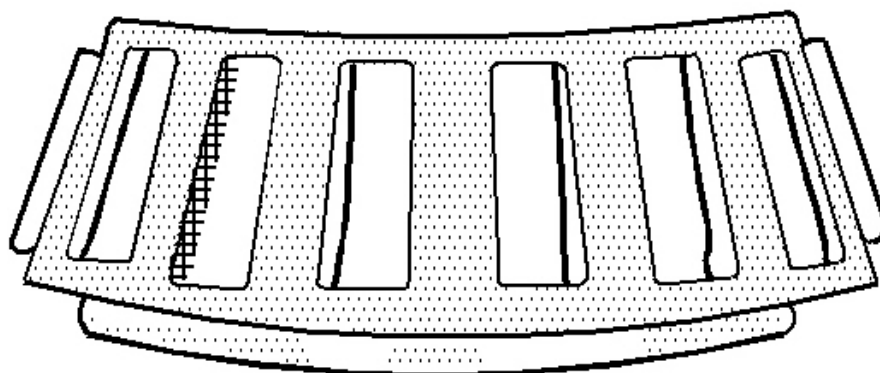
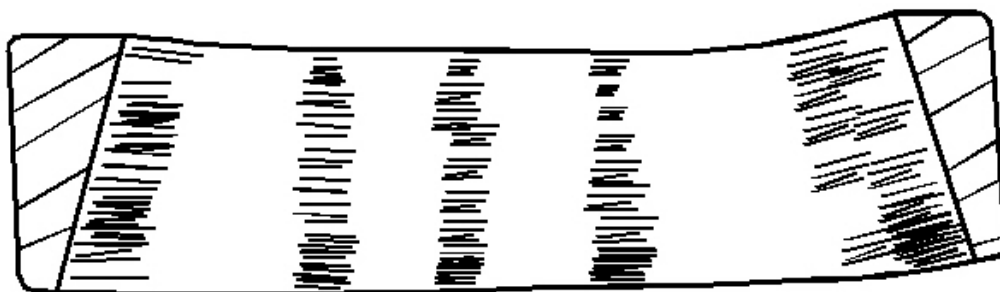


Fig. 16: Identifying Cage Wear
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Wear around the outside diameter of the cage and the roller pockets caused by abrasive material. Wear caused from inefficient lubrication. Clean the related parts and the housings. Check the seals. Replace the bearings.

Indentations

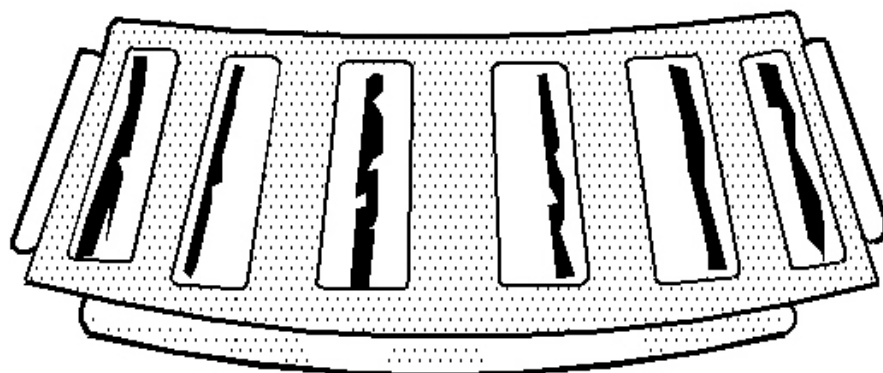
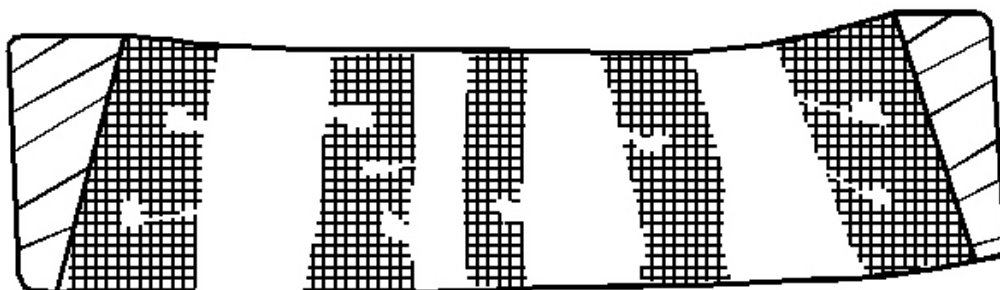


Fig. 17: Inspecting Bearing Rollers & Races For Heat Discoloration
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Surface depressions on the race and the rollers caused by hard particles of foreign matter. Clean all the parts and the housings. Check the seals. Replace rough or noisy bearings.

Fretting

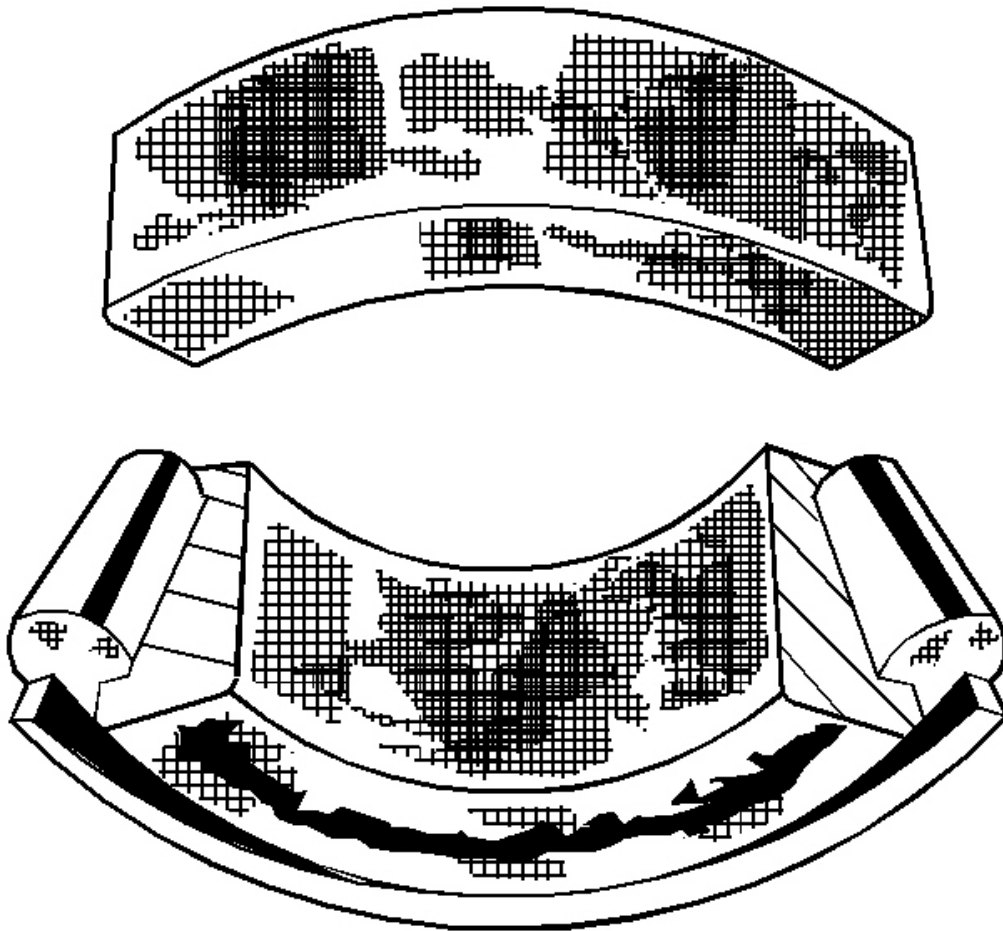


Fig. 18: Identifying Fretting
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Corrosion caused by small relative movement of parts with no lubrication. Replace the bearing. Clean the related parts. Check the seals. Check for proper lubrication.

Smears

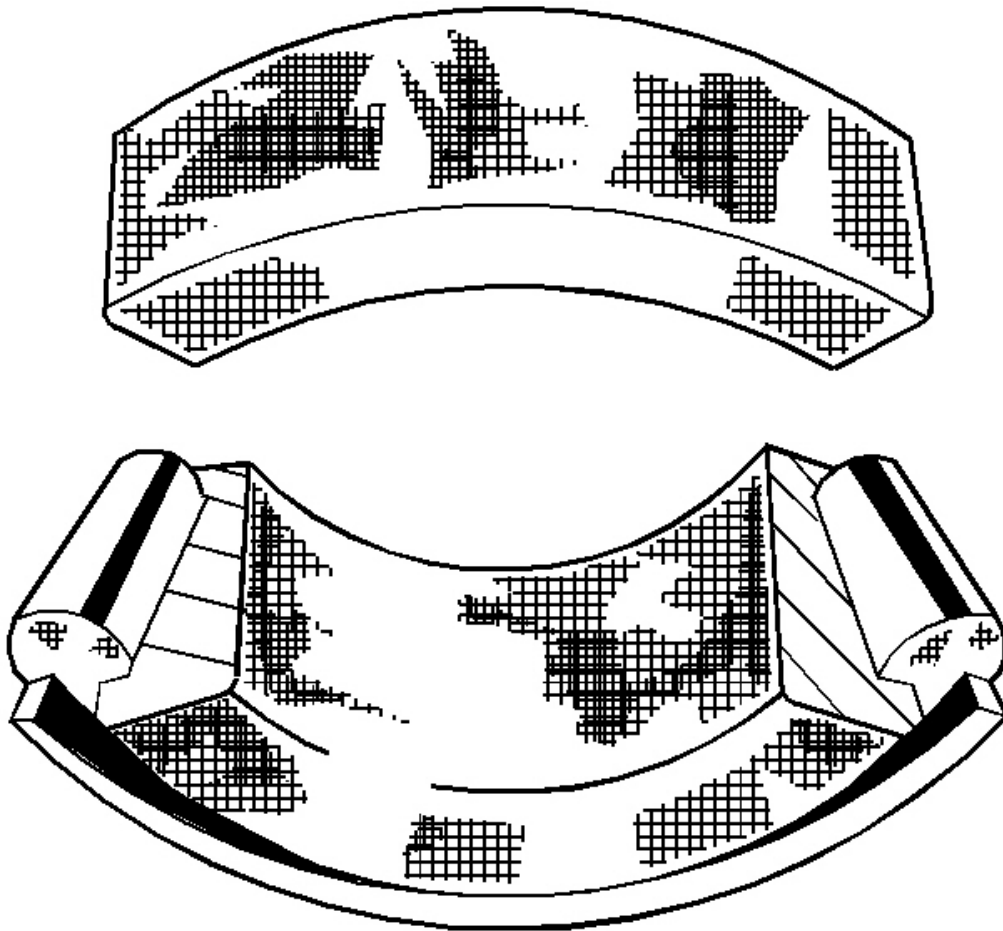


Fig. 19: Identifying Smears

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Smearing of the metal due to slippage. Slippage can be caused by the following factors:

- Poor fits
- Lubrication
- Overheating
- Overloads
- Handling damage

Replace the bearings. Clean the related parts. Check for proper fit and lubrication.

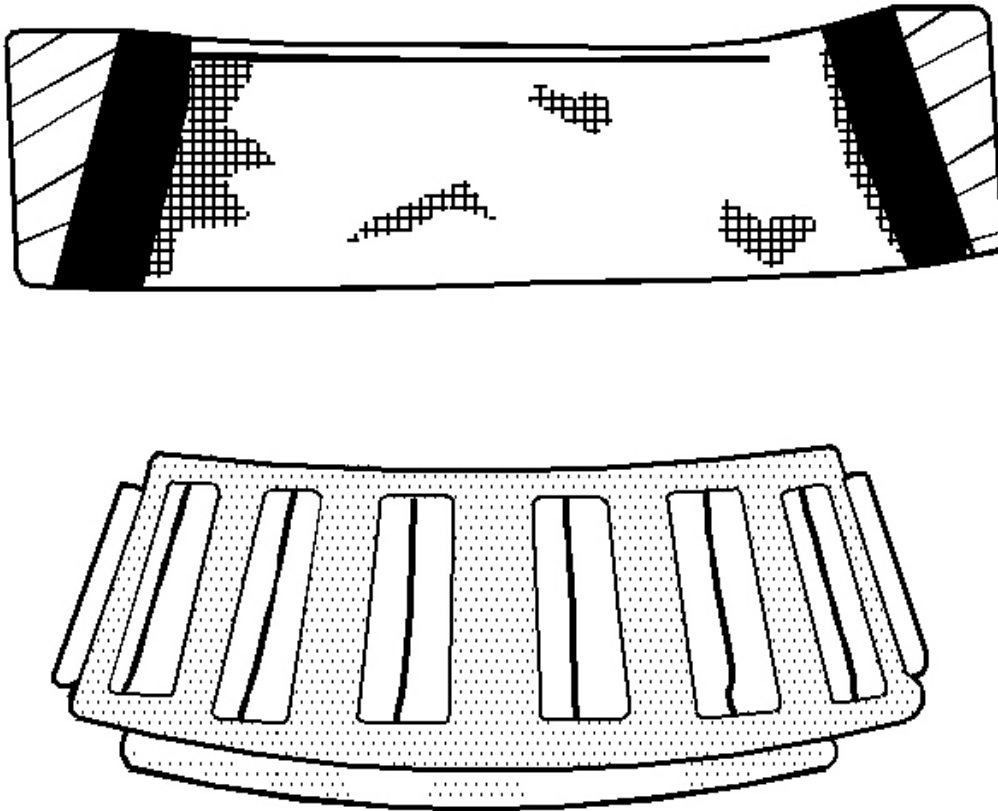
Stain Discoloration

Fig. 20: Identifying Stain Discoloration
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Discoloration ranging from light brown to black. This discoloration is caused from incorrect lubrication or moisture. Reuse the bearing if you can remove the stains with light polishing. Reuse the bearing if there is no evidence of overheating. Check the seals and the related parts for damage.

Heat Discoloration

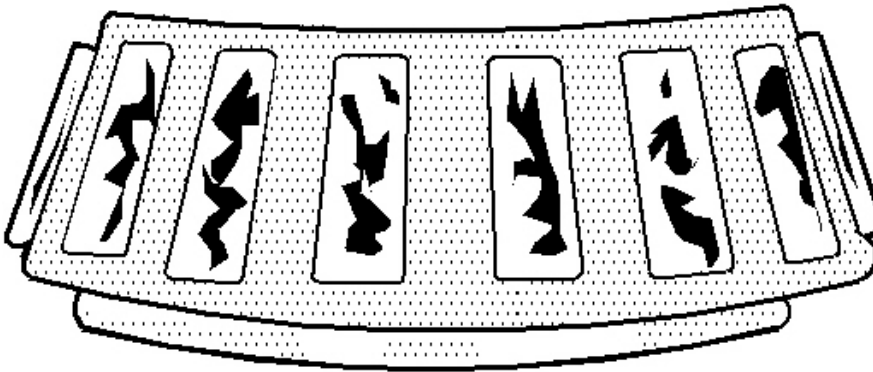
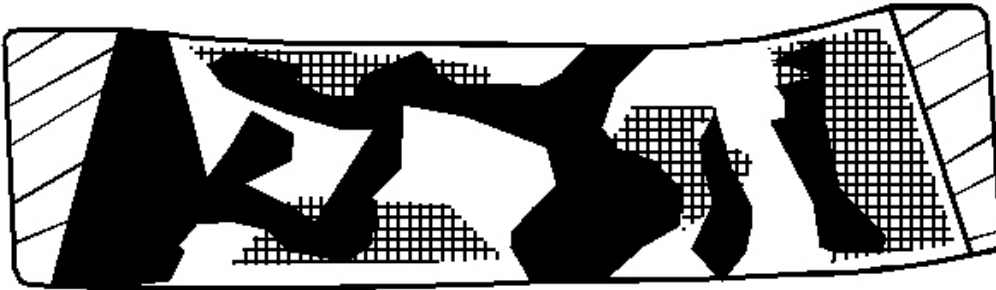


Fig. 21: Identifying Heat Discoloration
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Heat discoloration ranges from faint yellow to dark blue. This discoloration results from overload or an incorrect lubricant. Excessive heat causes softening of the races or the rollers. In order to check for loss of temper on the races and the rollers, perform a file test. A file drawn over a tempered part will grab and cut the metal. A file drawn over a hard part will glide readily with no metal cutting. Replace the bearings if overheating damage is indicated. The tempered part will fail the file test. Check the seals and the other related parts.

Misalignment

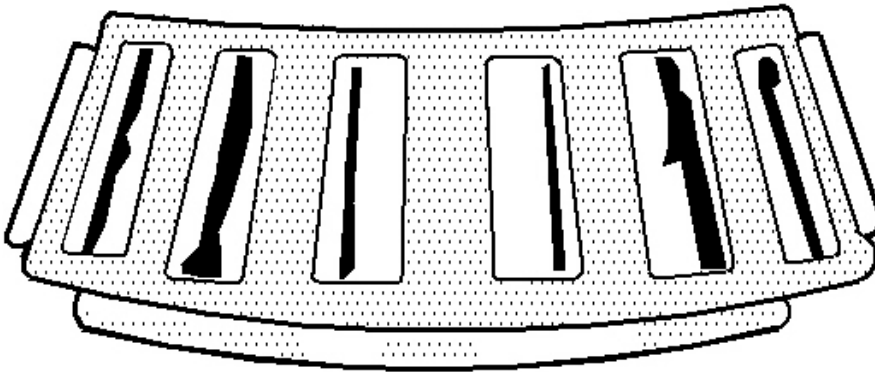
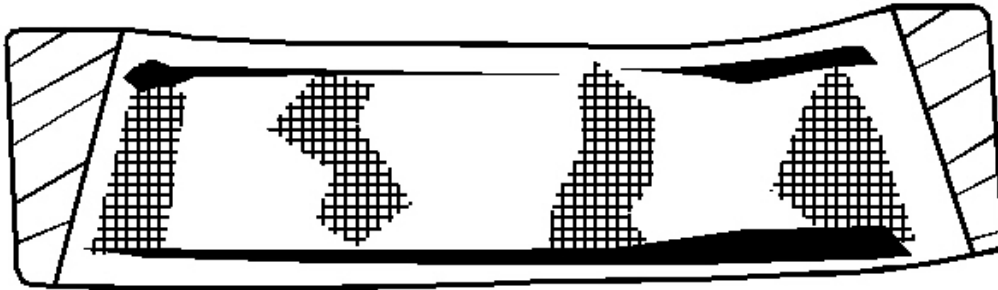


Fig. 22: Identifying Misalignment
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

A misaligned outer race due to a foreign object. Clean the related parts. Replace the bearing. Ensure the races are properly sealed.

Cracked Inner Race

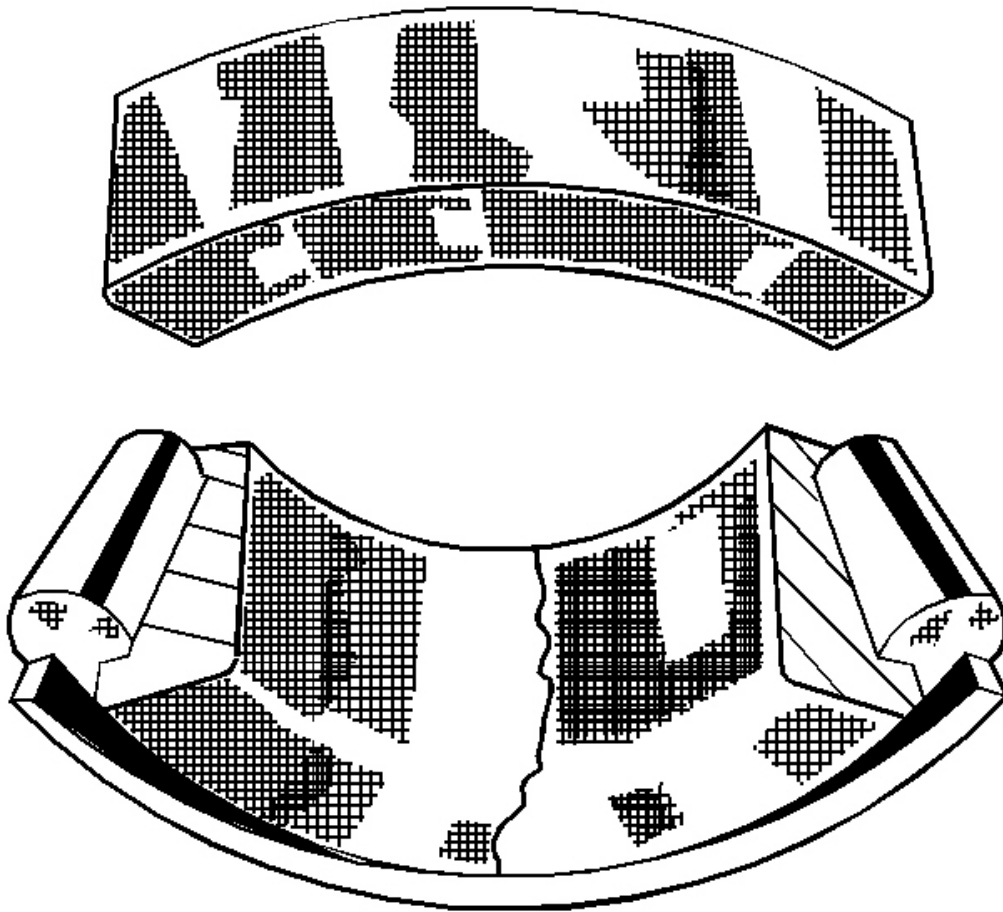


Fig. 23: Identifying Cracked Inner Race
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Cracked race due to improper fit, cocking, or poor bearing seats. Replace the bearing. Correct bearing seats.

Fatigue Spalling

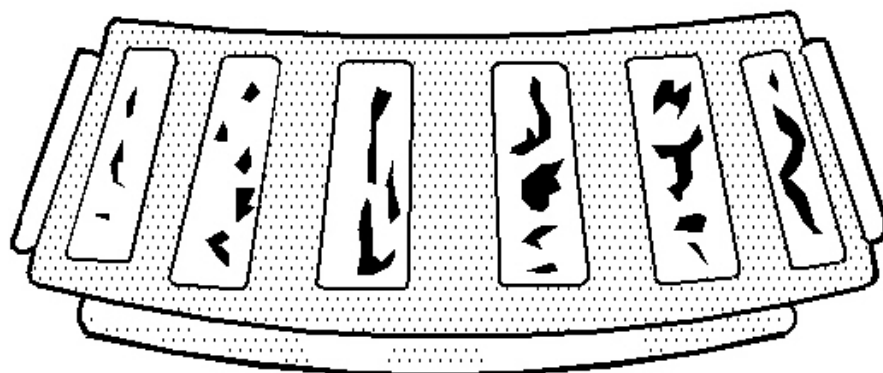
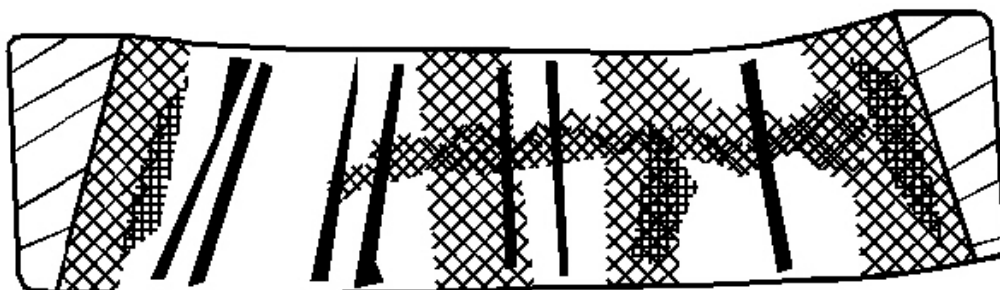


Fig. 24: Inspecting Bearing Rollers & Races For Pitting, Grooves, Spalling & Excessive Wear
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Flaked surface metal that results from fatigue. Replace the bearing. Clean all related parts.

Brinelling

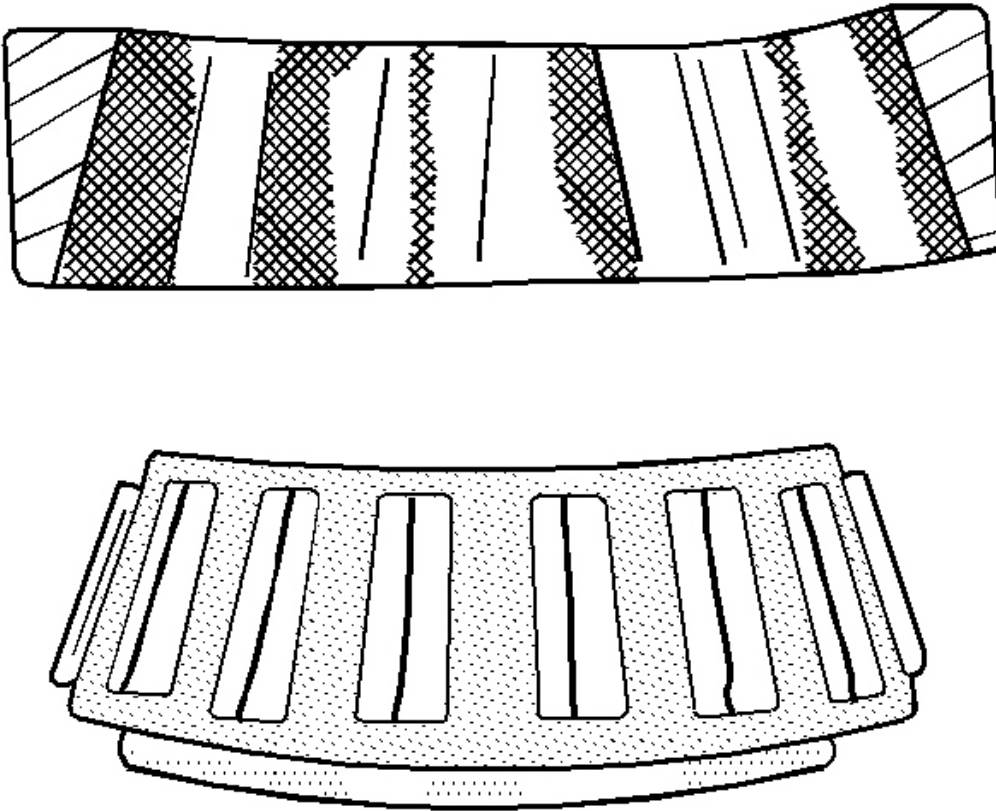


Fig. 25: Identifying Brinelling

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Surface indentations in the race way caused by the rollers under impact loading or caused from vibration while the bearing is not rotating. Replace a rough or noisy bearing.

LUBRICANT LEVEL CHECK

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to **Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle** in General Information.
2. Make sure the vehicle is level.
3. Inspect the front axle for leaks. Repair as necessary.
4. Clean the area around the front axle fill plug.

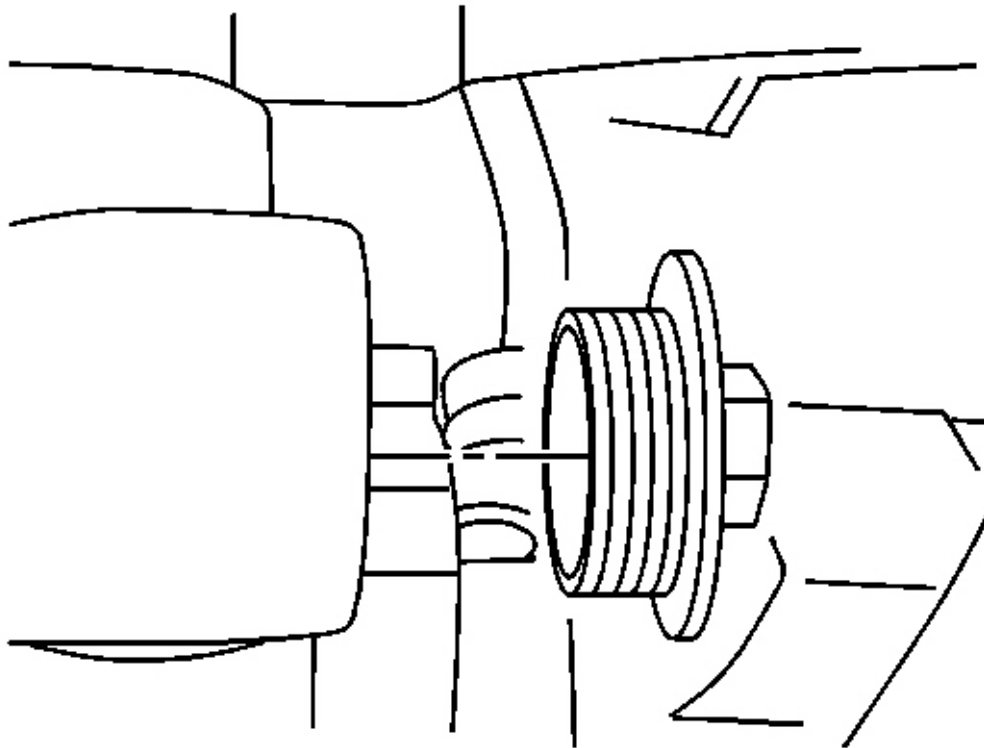


Fig. 26: Front Axle Fill Plug
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the front axle fill plug.
6. Inspect the oil level.

Specification: The oil level should be between 0-13 mm (0-0.5 in) below the fill plug opening.

7. If the level is low, add oil until the level is even with the bottom edge of the fill plug opening. Use the proper fluid. Refer to **Fluid and Lubricant Recommendations** in Maintenance and Lubrication.

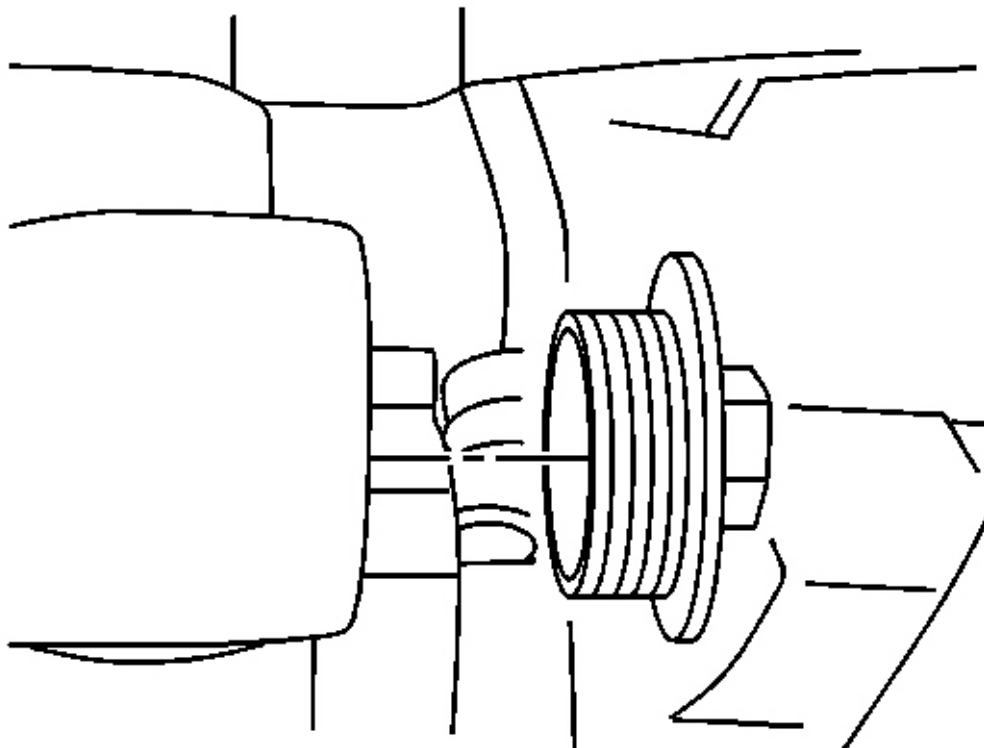


Fig. 27: Front Axle Fill Plug

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

8. Install the fill plug.

Tighten: Tighten the plug to 32 N.m (24 lb ft).

9. Lower the vehicle.

FRONT AXLE LUBRICANT LEAK DIAGNOSIS

Front axle lubricant leaks can occur at the following locations:

- Axle shaft oil seals
- Differential carrier assembly mating surface

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

- Drain plug
- Fill plug
- Inner axle tube assembly to differential carrier assembly mating surface
- Pinion yoke oil seal
- Vent tube

Determining the Cause

While most front axle leaks may be easy to find, determining the cause may not be. A thorough inspection of the area around the leak may assist in determining the cause of the leak.

Oil Seals

Lubricant leaks from a oil seal may be caused by any of the following:

- An improperly installed seal
- A distorted seal
- A worn seal
- A worn shaft
- A brittle seal lip
- A hardened seal lip

To determine the actual cause of the leak, clean the area around the leak. Observe the area of the leak and determine if the seal or another component is causing the leak. A worn seal surface will cause a leak at the sealing lip while a misaligned seal or a seal installed into a housing with an excessive bore will cause the seal to leak at the outside surface of the seal. Hardened or cracked seal lips usually indicate the axle is operating beyond the normal temperature limits for the axle. A seal whose sealing surface has been nicked or cut may indicate that the shaft has a rough, burred, or gouged surface and will need to be inspected before the seal can be replaced.

Sealing Surfaces

Front axles components are assembled using specific sealers. A leak at a surface sealed with sealant is usually caused by a poor fit of the components but can also be caused by the use of the wrong sealant. When correcting a sealant leak, inspect each component for distortion and for nicks or gouges that may prohibit the sealant from sealing properly and when re-assembling the component, use the proper sealant.

Differential Carrier Assembly

Lubricant leaks at the differential carrier assembly can occur at the following locations:

- Drain Plug
- Fill Plug
- Vent tube

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Drain and fill plug leaks are usually caused by a loose plug. A vent tube leak can be caused by a loose fitting vent hose or by a vent tube assembly whose interior shield is stuck in the upside down position. Inspect the vent plug's interior shield for unrestricted movement, repair or replace the plug as necessary. Drain or fill plug leaks can be repaired by either tightening the plug or by using an approved sealer on the threads on the plug.

REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

LUBRICANT LEVEL INSPECTION - FRONT DRIVE AXLE

Front axle lubricant leaks can occur at the following locations:

- Axle shaft oil seals
- Differential carrier assembly mating surface
- Drain plug
- Fill plug
- Inner axle tube assembly to differential carrier assembly mating surface
- Pinion yoke oil seal
- Vent tube

Determining the Cause

While most front axle leaks may be easy to find, determining the cause may not be. A thorough inspection of the area around the leak may assist in determining the cause of the leak.

Oil Seals

Lubricant leaks from a oil seal may be caused by any of the following:

- An improperly installed seal
- A distorted seal
- A worn seal
- A worn shaft
- A brittle seal lip
- A hardened seal lip

To determine the actual cause of the leak, clean the area around the leak. Observe the area of the leak and determine if the seal or another component is causing the leak. A worn seal surface will cause a leak at the sealing lip while a misaligned seal or a seal installed into a housing with an excessive bore will cause the seal to leak at the outside surface of the seal. Hardened or cracked seal lips usually indicate the axle is operating beyond the normal temperature limits for the axle. A seal whose sealing surface has been nicked or cut may indicate that the shaft has a rough, burred, or gouged surface and will need to be inspected before the seal can be replaced.

Sealing Surfaces

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Front axles components are assembled using specific sealers. A leak at a surface sealed with sealant is usually caused by a poor fit of the components but can also be caused by the use of the wrong sealant. When correcting a sealant leak, inspect each component for distortion and for nicks or gouges that may prohibit the sealant from sealing properly and when re-assembling the component, use the proper sealant.

Differential Carrier Assembly

Lubricant leaks at the differential carrier assembly can occur at the following locations:

- Drain Plug
- Fill Plug
- Vent tube

Drain and fill plug leaks are usually caused by a loose plug. A vent tube leak can be caused by a loose fitting vent hose or by a vent tube assembly whose interior shield is stuck in the upside down position. Inspect the vent plug's interior shield for unrestricted movement, repair or replace the plug as necessary. Drain or fill plug leaks can be repaired by either tightening the plug or by using an approved sealer on the threads on the plug.

LUBRICANT REPLACEMENT - FRONT DRIVE AXLE

Removal Procedure

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to **Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle** in General Information.
2. Remove the engine protection shield. Refer to **Engine Protection Shield Replacement** in Frame and Underbody.

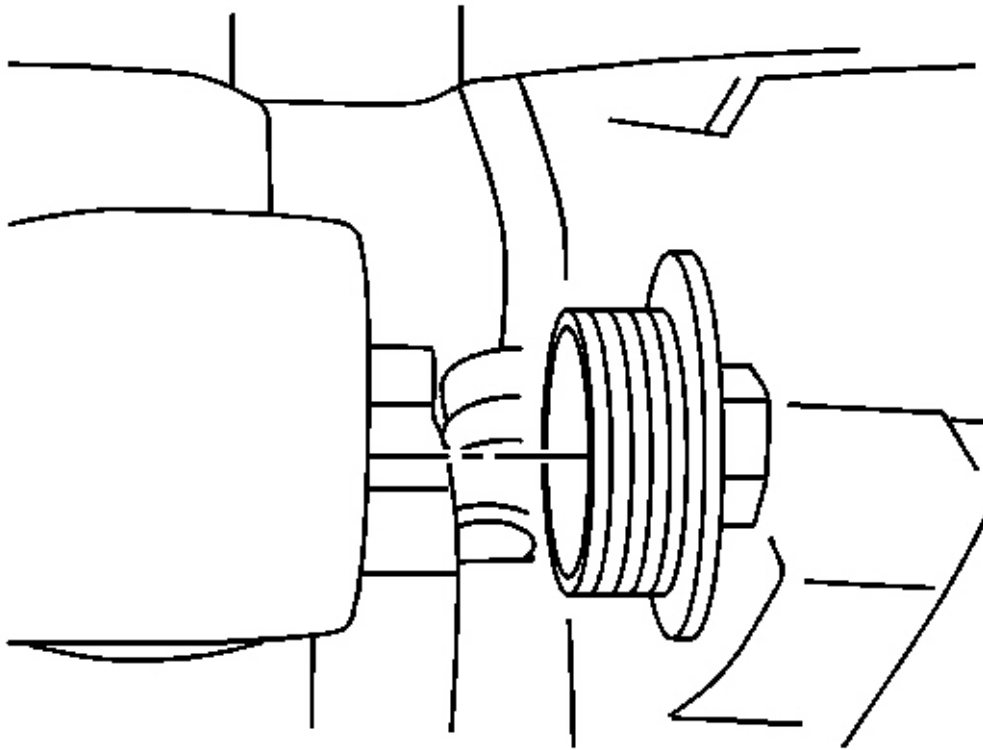


Fig. 28: Front Axle Fill Plug

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the fill plug.

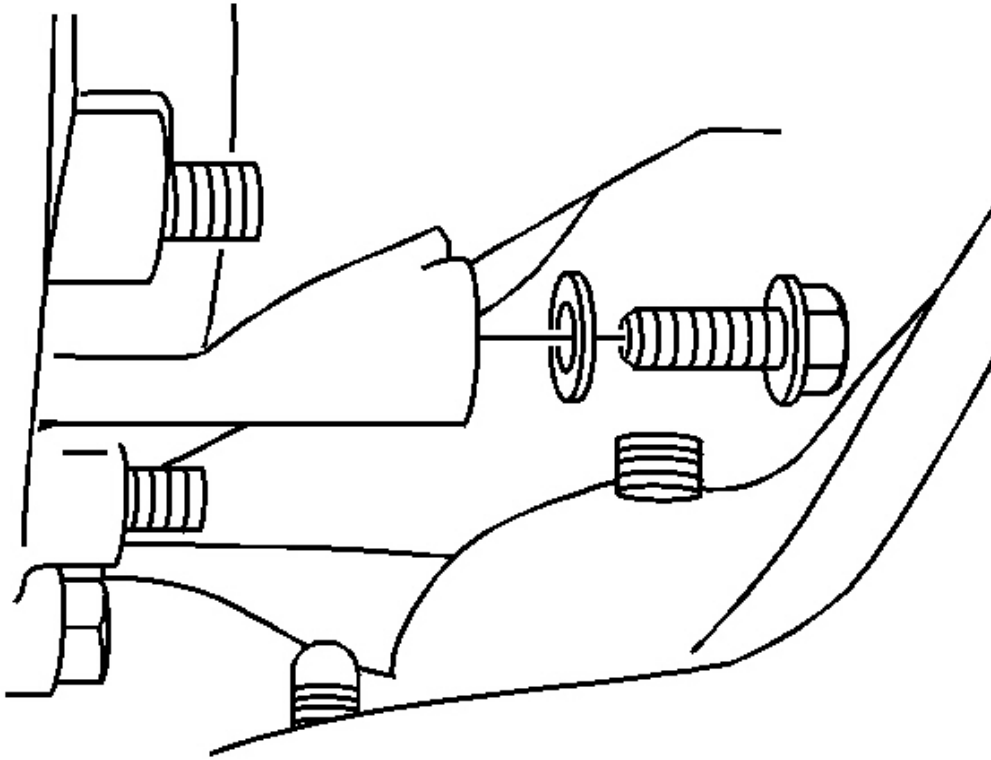


Fig. 29: Drain Plug And Washer
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the drain plug and the washer.
5. Drain the fluid from the differential carrier assembly.

Installation Procedure

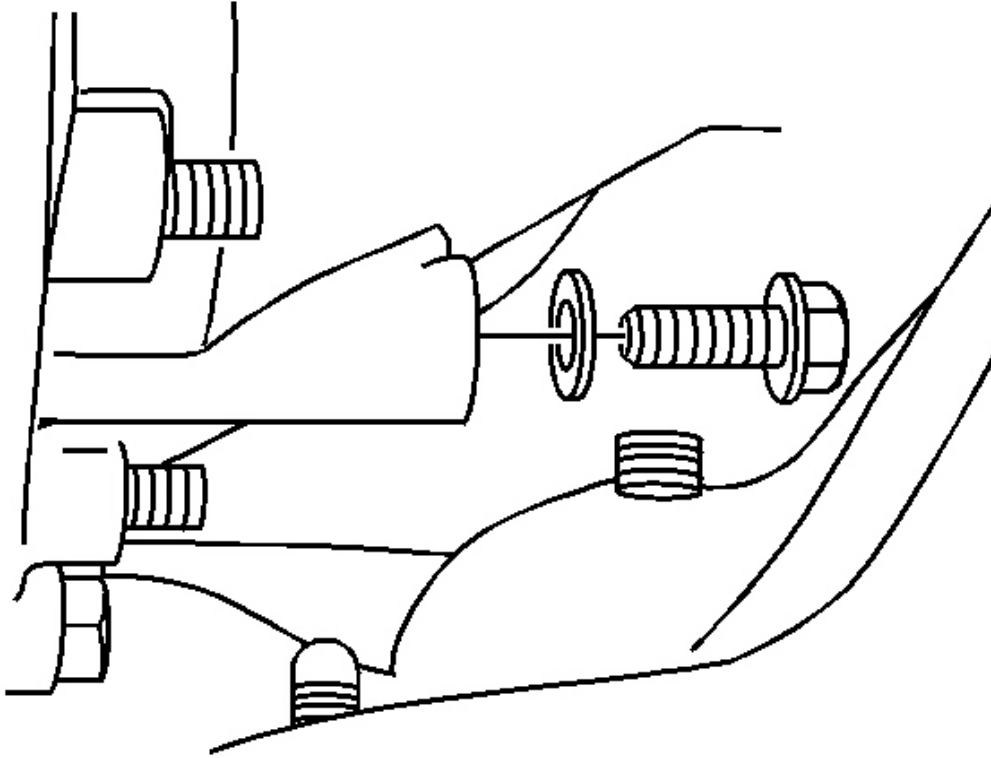


Fig. 30: Drain Plug And Washer
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

1. Install the drain plug and the washer.

Tighten: Tighten the drain plug to 32 N.m (24 lb ft).

2. Fill the differential carrier assembly with lubricant. Use the proper fluid. Refer to **Capacities - Approximate Fluid** and **Fluid and Lubricant Recommendations** in Maintenance and Lubrication.

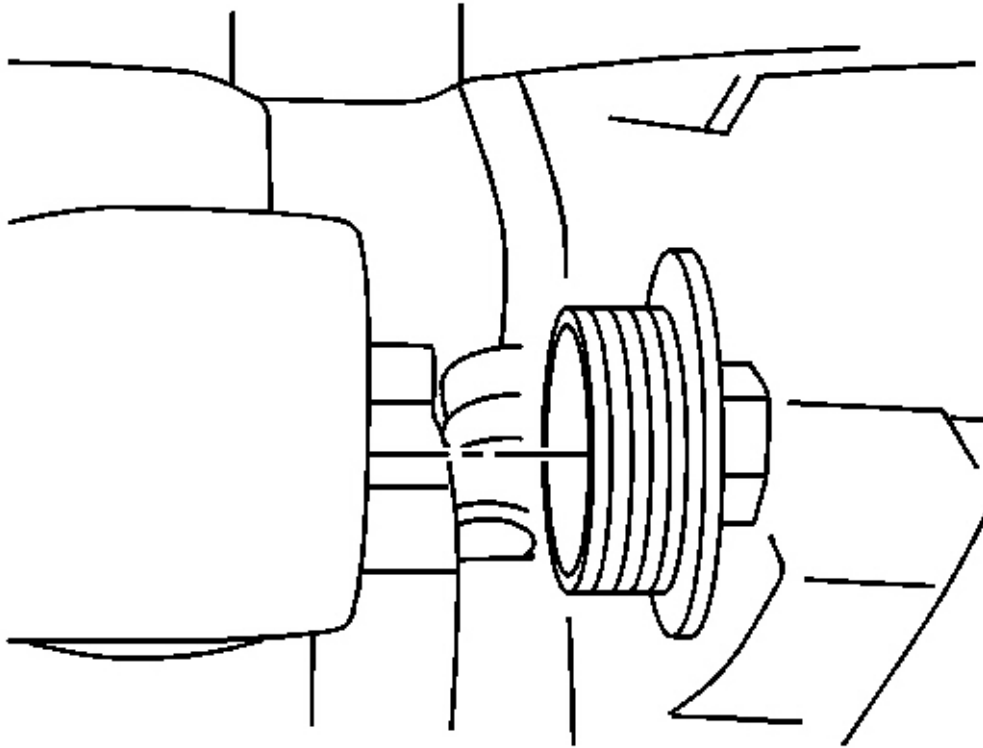


Fig. 31: Front Axle Fill Plug

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the fill plug.

Tighten: Tighten the fill plug to 32 N.m (24 lb ft).

4. Install the engine protection shield. Refer to **Engine Protection Shield Replacement** in Frame and Underbody.
5. Lower the vehicle.

VENT HOSE REPLACEMENT

Removal Procedure

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to **Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle** in General Information.

IMPORTANT: Make note of the routing in order to aid in reassembly.

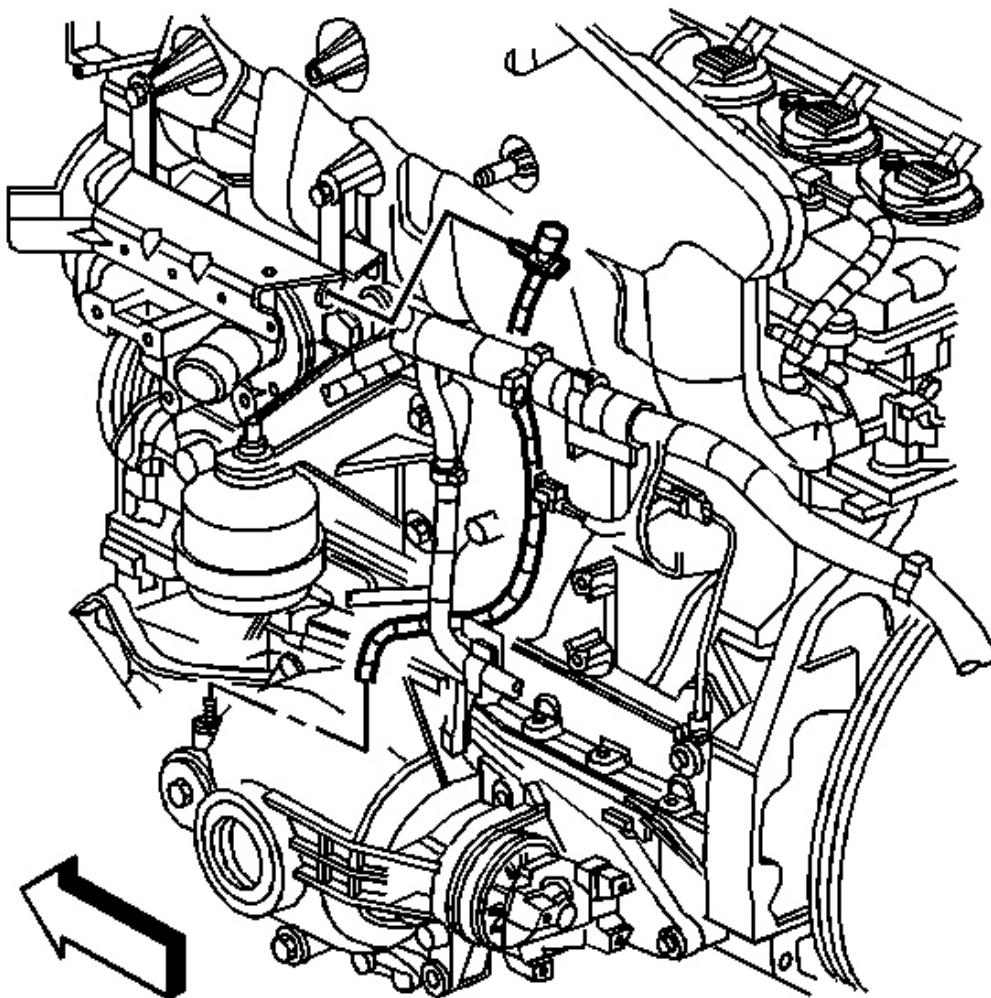


Fig. 32: View Of Differential Carrier Assembly
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the vent hose from the top of the differential carrier assembly.
3. Remove the vent hose from the clip on the engine wiring harness bracket.
4. Remove the vent hose.

Installation Procedure

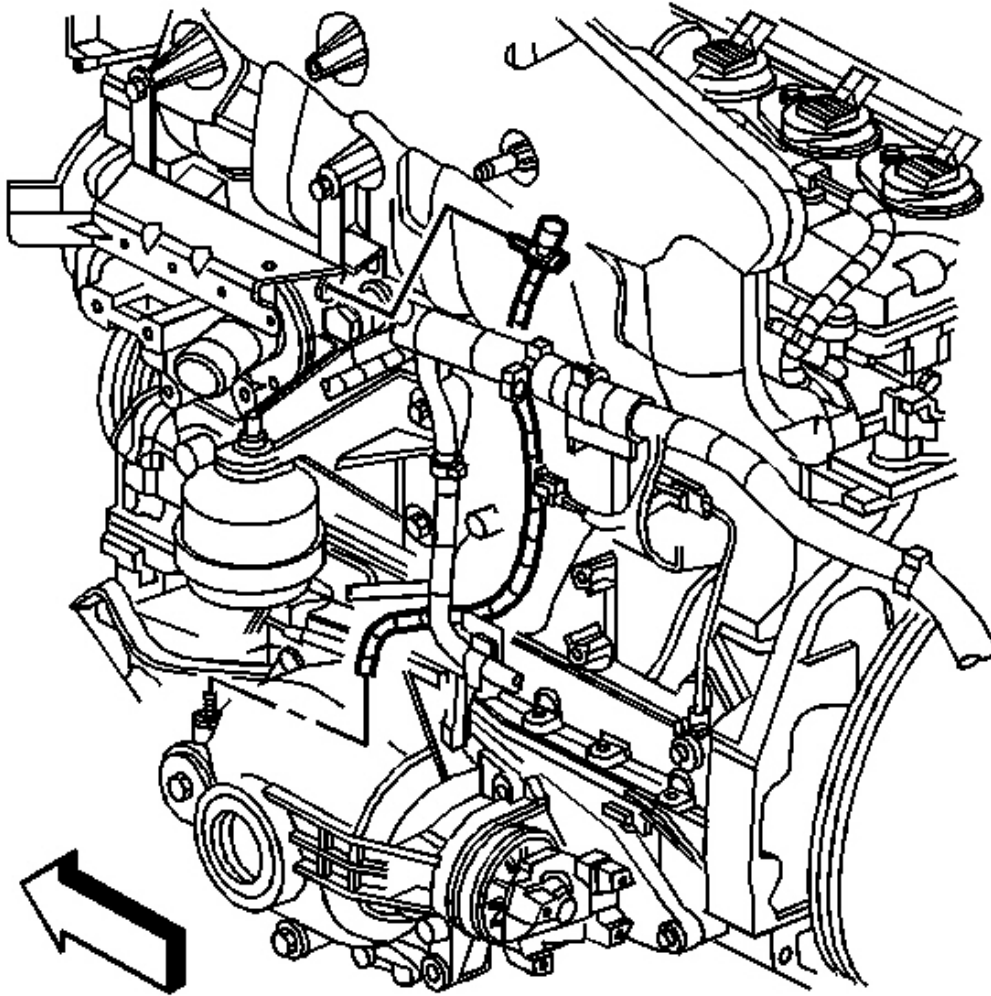


Fig. 33: View Of Differential Carrier Assembly
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the vent hose to the differential carrier assembly.
 - Route the same way as when removed.
 - Ensure that the hose is free of kinks and is routed clear of sharp objects.
 - Ensure that the vent is not plugged.
2. Install the vent hose in the clip on the engine wiring harness bracket.
3. Lower the vehicle.

INTERMEDIATE SHAFT BEARING ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT - FRONT DRIVE AXLE (S4WD)

Removal Procedure

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to **Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle** in General Information.
2. Remove the right wheel drive shaft. Refer to **Wheel Drive Shaft Replacement** in Wheel Drive Shafts.
3. Disconnect the electrical connector from the actuator.
4. Remove the wire harness clip from the intermediate shaft bearing assembly.

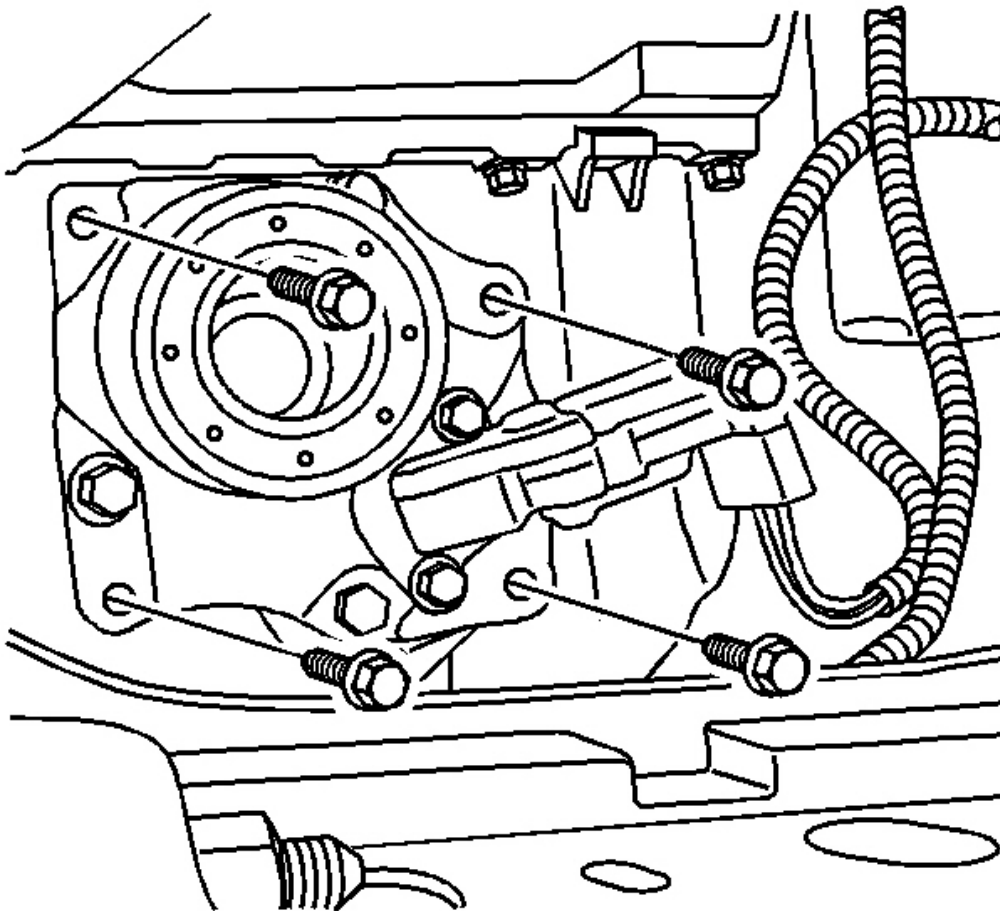


Fig. 34: Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Mounting Bolts - Front Drive Axle (S4WD)
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the intermediate shaft bearing assembly mounting bolts.

IMPORTANT: Do not nick or cut the inboard (oil pan) side inner shaft seal.

6. Remove the intermediate shaft bearing assembly.

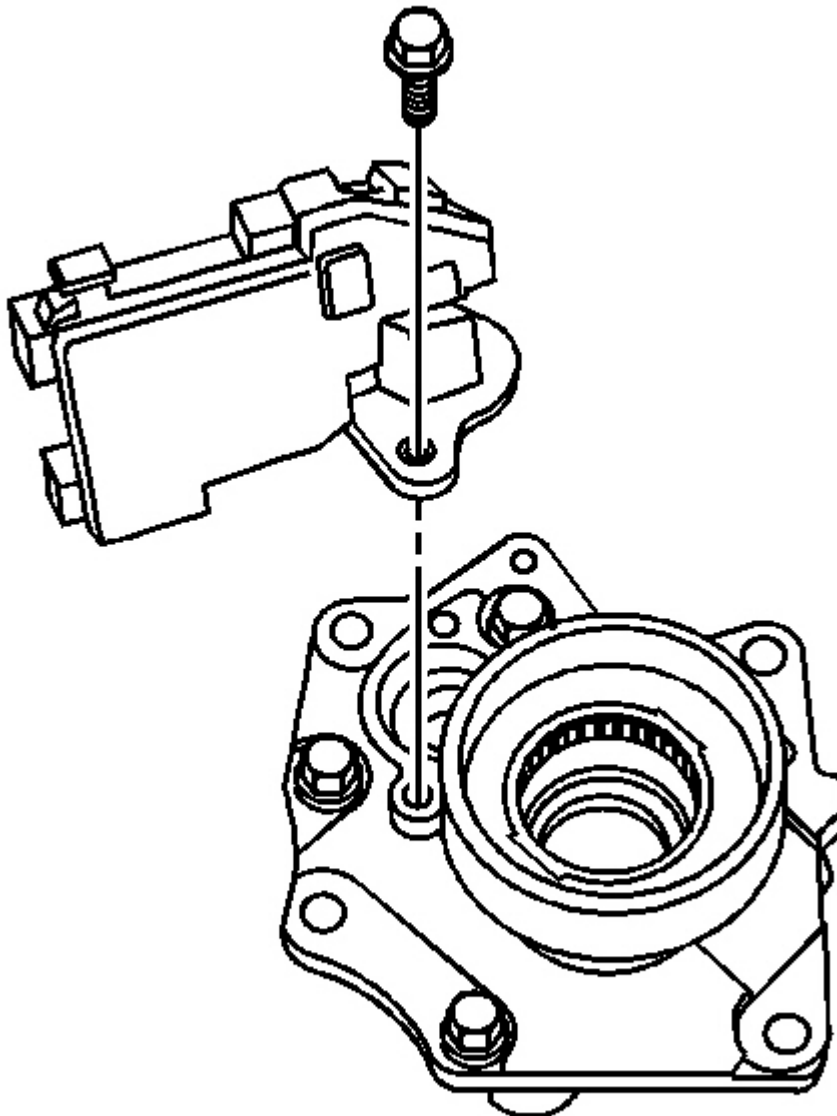


Fig. 35: Actuator And Actuator Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Remove the actuator from the intermediate shaft bearing assembly.

Installation Procedure

1. Install the actuator to the intermediate shaft bearing assembly.

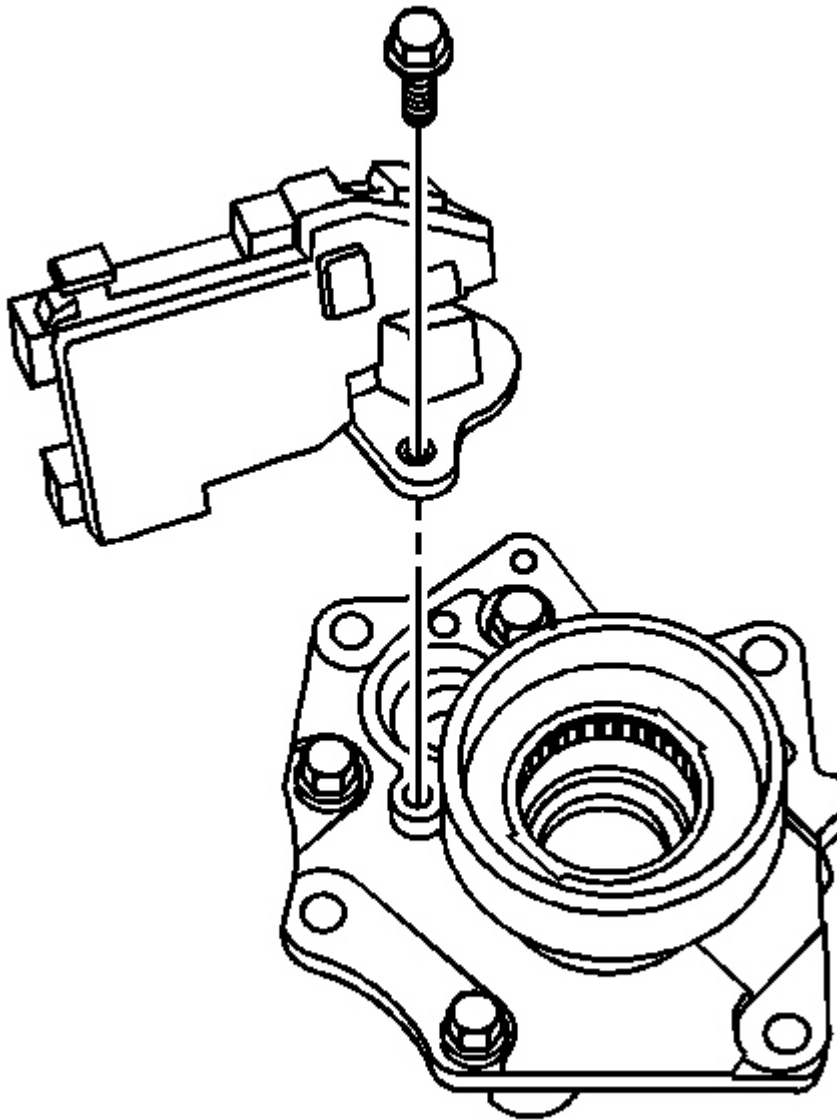


Fig. 36: Actuator And Actuator Bolts

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

2. Install the actuator assembly to intermediate shaft bearing assembly mounting bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the actuator assembly mounting bolts to 6 N.m (53 lb in).

IMPORTANT: Do not nick or cut the inboard (oil pan) inner shaft seal.

3. Install the intermediate shaft bearing assembly to the oil pan.

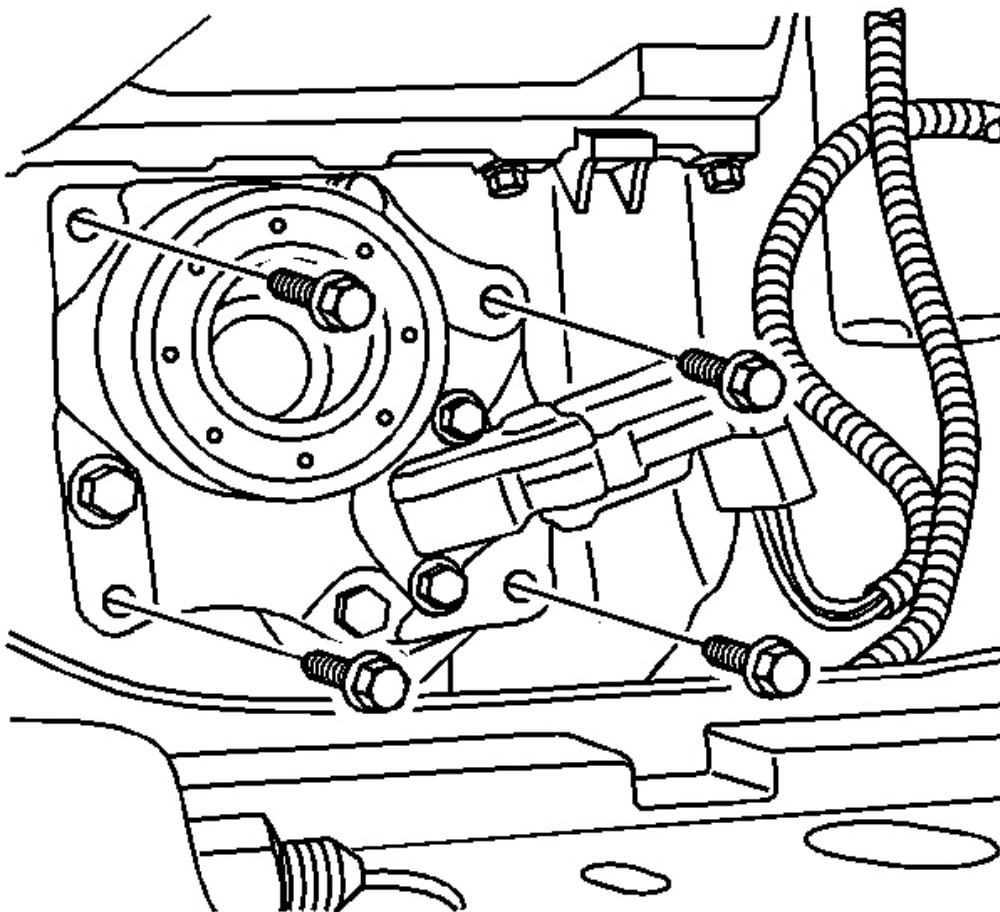


Fig. 37: Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Mounting Bolts - Front Drive Axle (S4WD)
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

4. Install the intermediate shaft bearing assembly mounting bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the intermediate shaft bearing assembly mounting bolts to 48 N.m (35 lb ft).

5. Install the wire harness clip.
6. Connect the electrical connector.
7. Install the right wheel drive shaft. Refer to **Wheel Drive Shaft Replacement** in Wheel Drive Shafts.
8. Lower the vehicle.

INTERMEDIATE SHAFT BEARING ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT - FRONT DRIVE AXLE (A4WD)

Removal Procedure

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to **Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle** in General Information.
2. Remove the right wheel drive shaft. Refer to **Wheel Drive Shaft Replacement** in Wheel Drive Shafts.

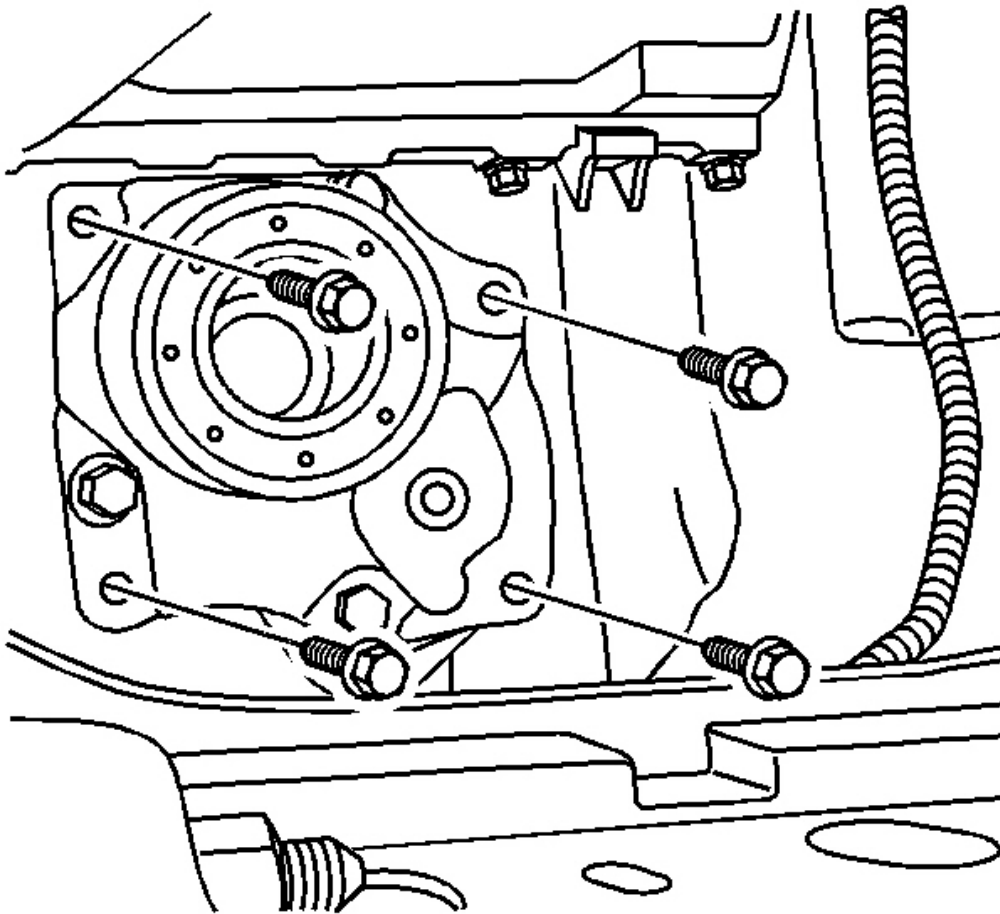


Fig. 38: Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Mounting Bolts - Front Drive Axle (A4WD)
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the intermediate shaft bearing assembly mounting bolts.
4. Remove the wire harness clip from the intermediate shaft bearing assembly.

IMPORTANT: Do not nick or cut the inboard (oil pan) inner shaft seal.

5. Remove the intermediate shaft bearing assembly.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT: • Do not nick or cut the inboard (oil pan) inner shaft seal.

- The intermediate shaft bearing assembly must fit flush against the oil pan in order for the inner axle shaft and the intermediate shaft bearing assembly to be properly installed.

1. Install the intermediate shaft bearing assembly to the oil pan.

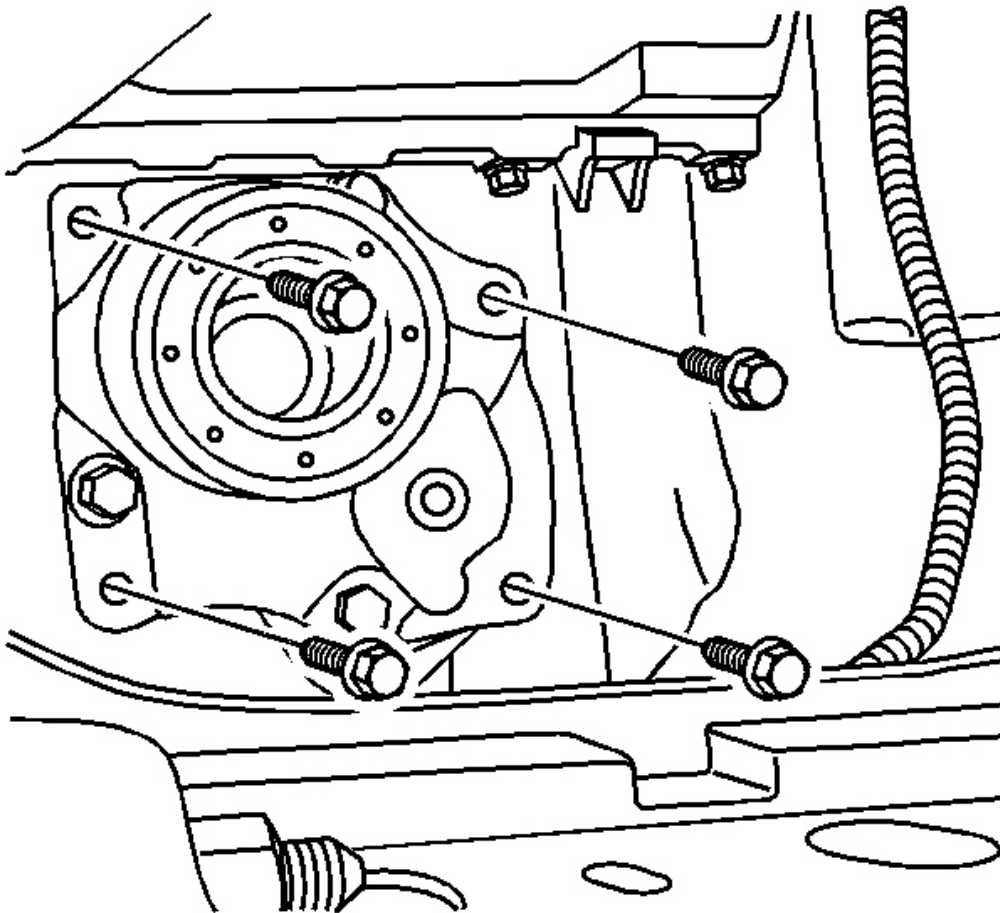


Fig. 39: Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Mounting Bolts - Front Drive Axle (A4WD)
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

2. Install the intermediate shaft bearing assembly mounting bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the intermediate shaft bearing assembly bolts to 48 N.m (35 lb ft).

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

3. Install the wire harness clip.
4. Install the right wheel drive shaft. Refer to **Wheel Drive Shaft Replacement** in Wheel Drive Shafts.
5. Lower the vehicle.

INTERMEDIATE SHAFT BEARING ASSEMBLY OIL SEAL REPLACEMENT

Tools Required

- **J 2619-01** Slide Hammer with Adapter
- **J 29369-2** Bushing and Bearing Remover (2-3 in)
- **J 45225** Axle Seal Installer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- J 45359 Axle Seal Installer
- **J 6125-B** Slide Hammer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 8092** Universal Driver Handle 3/4 in - 10

Removal Procedure

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to **Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle** in General Information.
2. Remove the right wheel drive shaft. Refer to **Wheel Drive Shaft Replacement** in Wheel Drive Shafts.

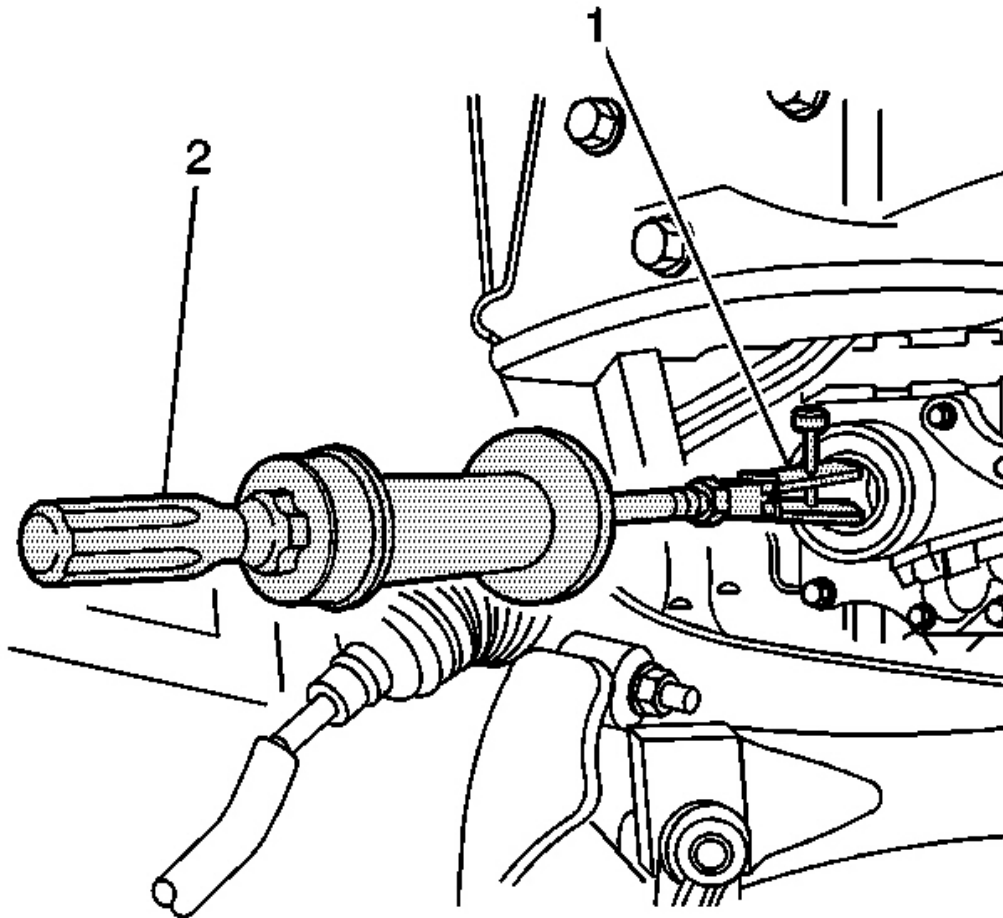


Fig. 40: Bushing, Bearing Remover And Slide Hammer Into Outboard, Wheel Drive Shaft Side, Oil Seal

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the **J 29369-2** (1) and the **J 6125-B** (2) into the outboard, wheel drive shaft side, oil seal as shown. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
4. Remove the outboard, wheel drive shaft side, inner shaft seal by pulling on the **J 6125-B** (2). See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
5. To replace the inboard, oil pan side side, inner shaft seal, remove the intermediate shaft bearing assembly. Refer to **Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Replacement - Front Drive Axle (S4WD)** or **Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Replacement - Front Drive Axle (A4WD)**.
6. Install the intermediate shaft bearing assembly into a vise.

Place shop towels in the vise in order to protect the intermediate shaft bearing assembly.

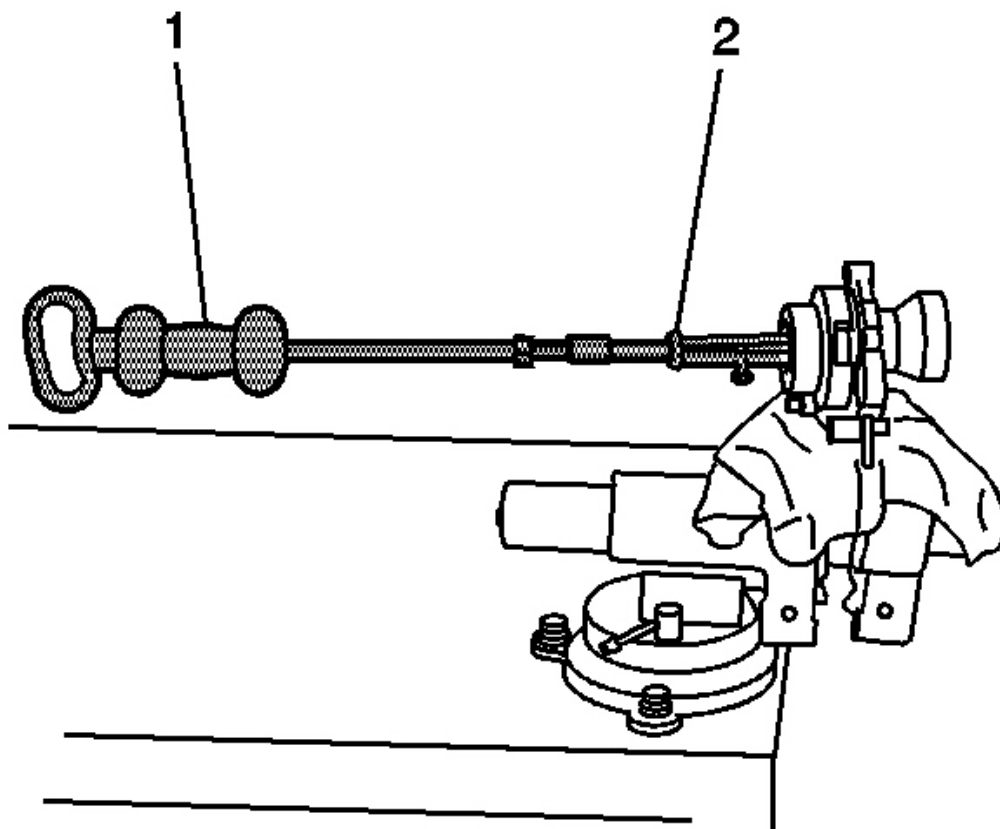


Fig. 41: Bushing, Bearing Remover And Slide Hammer With Adapter Into Inboard, Oil Pan Side, Oil Seal

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the **J 29369-2** (2) and the **J 2619-01** (1) into the inboard, oil pan side, oil seal as shown.
8. Remove the inboard, oil pan side, seal by pulling on the **J 2619-01** (1).

Installation Procedure

1. Install the new inboard, oil pan side, inner shaft seal on top of the seal bore.

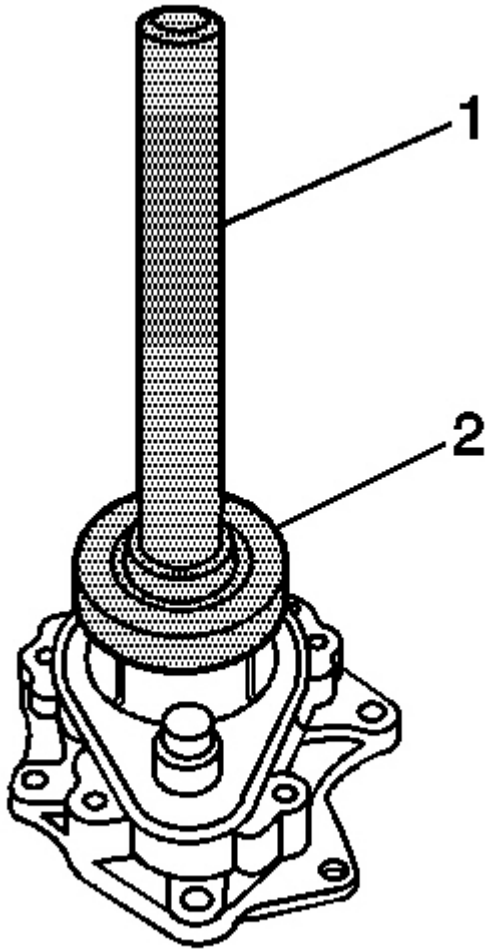


Fig. 42: Axle Seal Installer And Universal Driver Handle
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the new seal using the **J 45225** (2) and the **J 8092** (1).
3. Install the intermediate shaft bearing assembly. Refer to **Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Replacement - Front Drive Axle (S4WD)** or **Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Replacement - Front Drive Axle (A4WD)**.

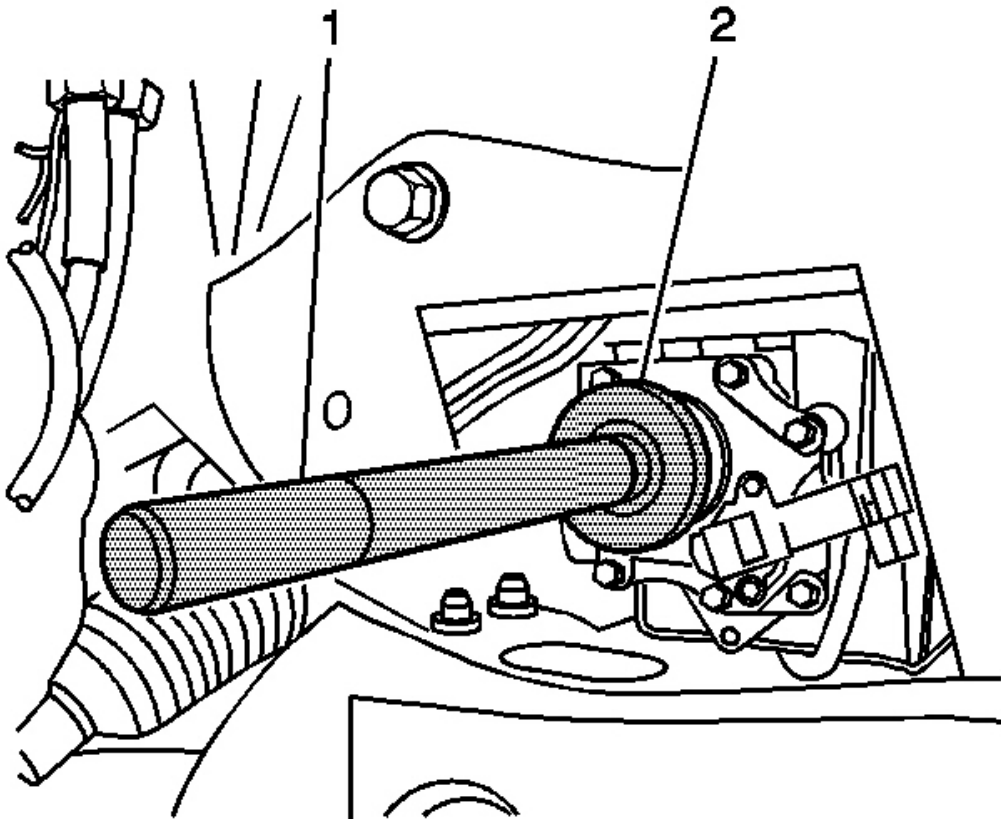


Fig. 43: Installing Oil Seal Using Axle Seal Installer And Universal Driver Handle
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: The outboard intermediate shaft bearing assembly seal must be installed 0.9-1.1 mm (0.035-0.043 in) below the surface of the intermediate shaft bearing assembly housing bore. If the seal is not installed properly, damage to the seal may occur.

4. Install the new oil seal using the J 45359 (2) and the J 8092 (1).
5. Install the right wheel drive shaft. Refer to **Wheel Drive Shaft Replacement** in Wheel Drive Shafts.
6. Lower the vehicle.

INNER AXLE SHAFT REPLACEMENT - FRONT DRIVE AXLE

Tools Required

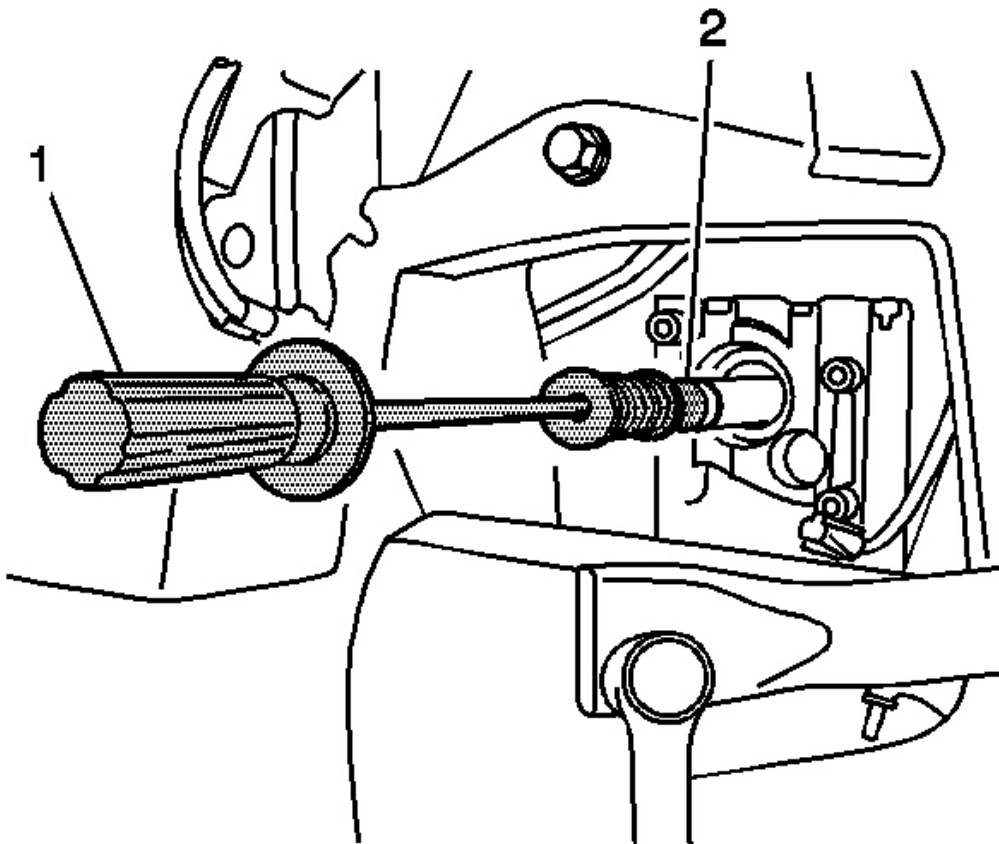
2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

- **J 6125-B** Slide Hammer. See Special Tools and Equipment.
- **J 45104** Axle Remover Adapter. See Special Tools and Equipment.

Removal Procedure

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle in General Information.
2. Drain the lubricant from the differential carrier assembly. Refer to Lubricant Replacement - Front Drive Axle.
3. Remove the intermediate shaft bearing assembly. Refer to Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Replacement - Front Drive Axle (S4WD) or Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Replacement - Front Drive Axle (A4WD).
4. Install the **J 45104** to the **J 6125-B**. See Special Tools and Equipment.
5. Install the **J 45104** and the **J 6125-B** into the threaded hole on the inner axle shaft. See Special Tools and Equipment.



2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Fig. 44: Slide Hammer And Axle Remover Adapter
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Do not nick or cut the inboard (oil pan) side differential carrier assembly oil seal.

6. Remove the inner axle shaft using the **J 6125-B** (1) and the **J 45104** (2). See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

Support the inner axle shaft as necessary to in order to pull the inner axle shaft from the differential carrier assembly and evenly through the oil pan.

Installation Procedure

1. Install the **J 45104** and the **J 6125-B** to the inner axle shaft. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
2. While supporting the **J 6125-B** and the **J 45104** with the inner axle shaft, place the inner axle shaft into the inner axle shaft opening in the oil pan. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

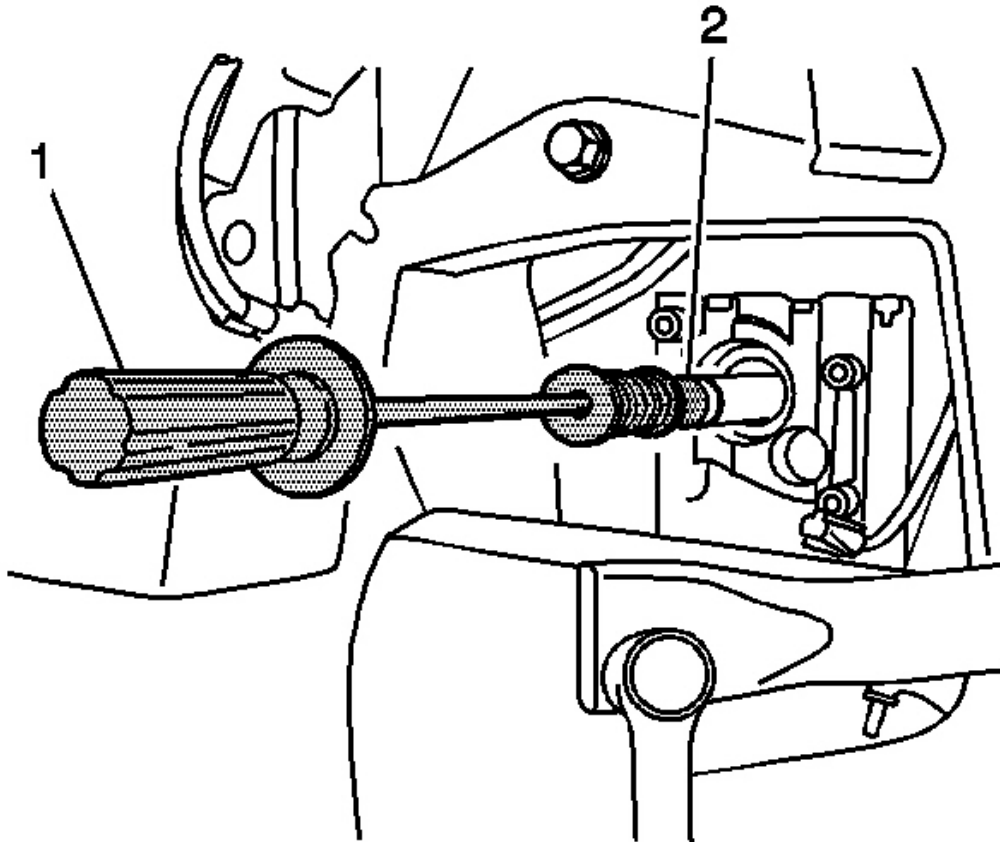


Fig. 45: Slide Hammer And Axle Remover Adapter
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Do not nick or cut the differential carrier assembly oil seal.

3. Using the **J 6125-B** (1) and the **J 45104** (2), carefully guide the inner axle shaft through the oil pan and differential carrier assembly oil seal into the differential side gear turning as necessary in order to align the inner axle shaft splines with the differential side gear splines. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
4. Using the **J 6125-B** , push the inner axle shaft into the differential side gear until the retaining ring snaps the inner axle shaft into place.

Pull on the inner axle shaft to ensure that it is locked into position.

5. Remove the **J 45104** and the **J 6125-B** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
6. Install the intermediate shaft bearing assembly. Refer to **Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Replacement - Front Drive Axle (S4WD)** or **Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly Replacement -**

Front Drive Axle (A4WD).

7. Add lubricant to the differential carrier assembly. Use the proper fluid. Refer to **Lubricant Replacement - Front Drive Axle.**
8. Lower the vehicle.

ACTUATOR REPLACEMENT - FRONT DRIVE AXLE

Removal Procedure

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to **Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle** in General Information.
2. Remove the engine protection shield. Refer to **Engine Protection Shield Replacement** in Frame and Underbody.
3. Disconnect the electrical connector from the actuator assembly.

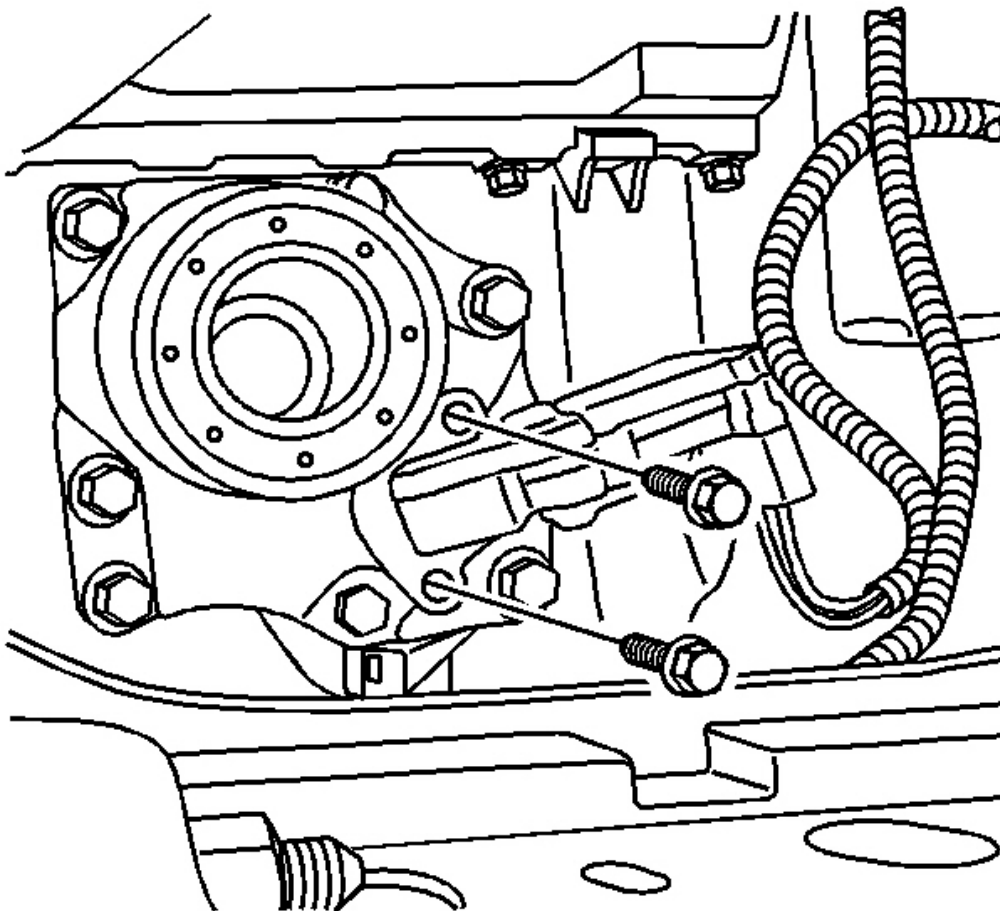


Fig. 46: Actuator Assembly Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the actuator assembly bolts.
5. Remove the actuator assembly.

Installation Procedure

1. Install the actuator assembly.

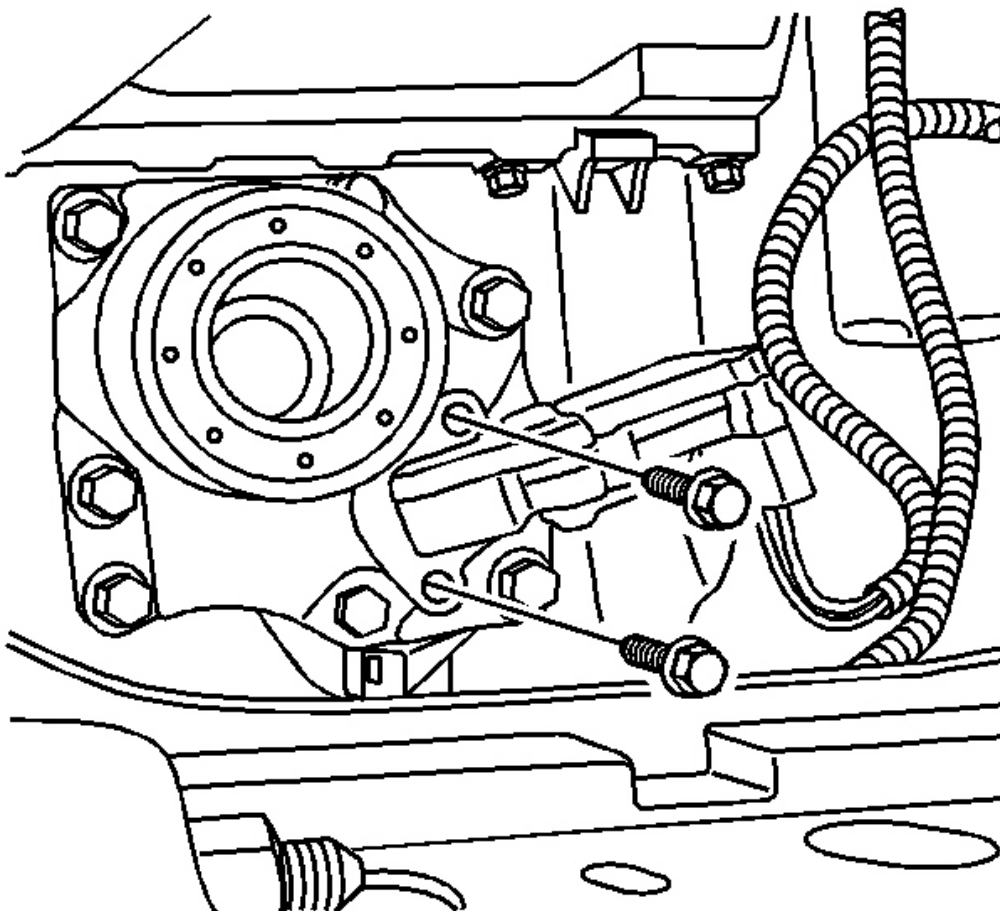


Fig. 47: Actuator Assembly Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

2. Install the actuator assembly bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the bolts to 6 N.m (53 lb in).

3. Connect the electrical connector to the actuator assembly.
4. Install the engine protection shield. Refer to **Engine Protection Shield Replacement** in Frame and Underbody.
5. Lower the vehicle.

DIFFERENTIAL DRIVE PINION FLANGE/YOKE, SEAL, AND DUST DEFLECTOR REPLACEMENT - FRONT

Tools Required

- **J 8614-01** Flange and Pulley Holding Tool. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 33782** Pinion Oil Seal Installer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

Removal Procedure

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to **Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle** in General Information.
2. Remove the engine protection shield. Refer to **Engine Protection Shield Replacement** in Frame and Underbody.
3. Remove the front propeller shaft. Refer to **Propeller Shaft Replacement - Front** in Propeller Shaft.
4. Remove the rear steering gear crossmember. Refer to **Crossmember Replacement - Rear Steering Gear** in Frame and Underbody.

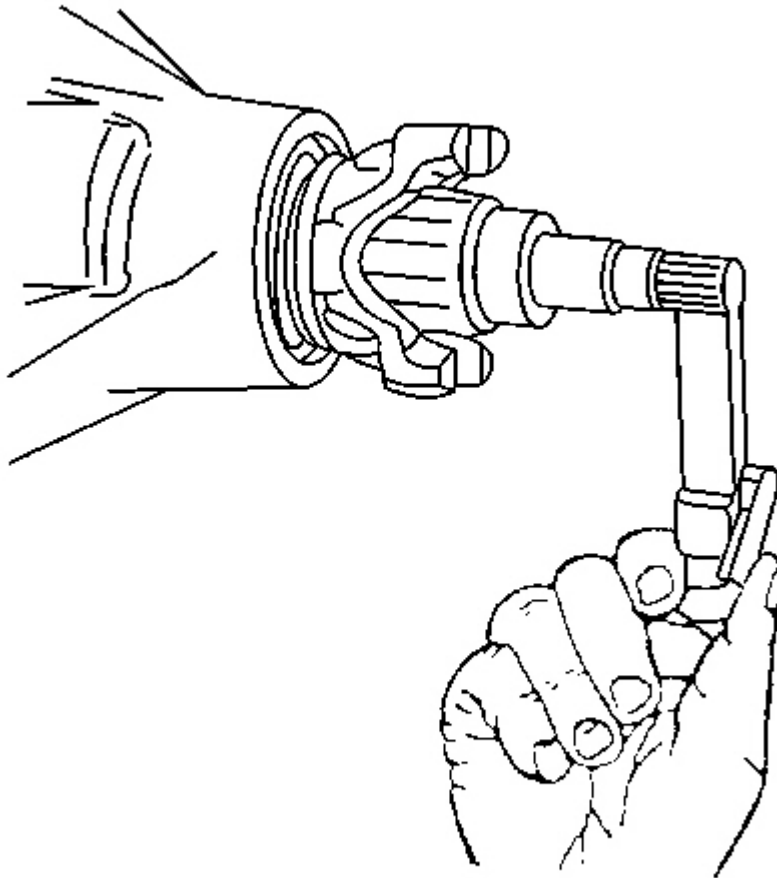


Fig. 48: Measuring Pinion Rotation Torque - Front Axle
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Measure the torque required in order to rotate the pinion. Use an inch-pound torque wrench. Record the torque value for reassembly. This will give the combined preload for the following components:
 - The pinion bearings
 - The pinion seal
 - The carrier bearings
 - The axle bearings
 - The axle seals

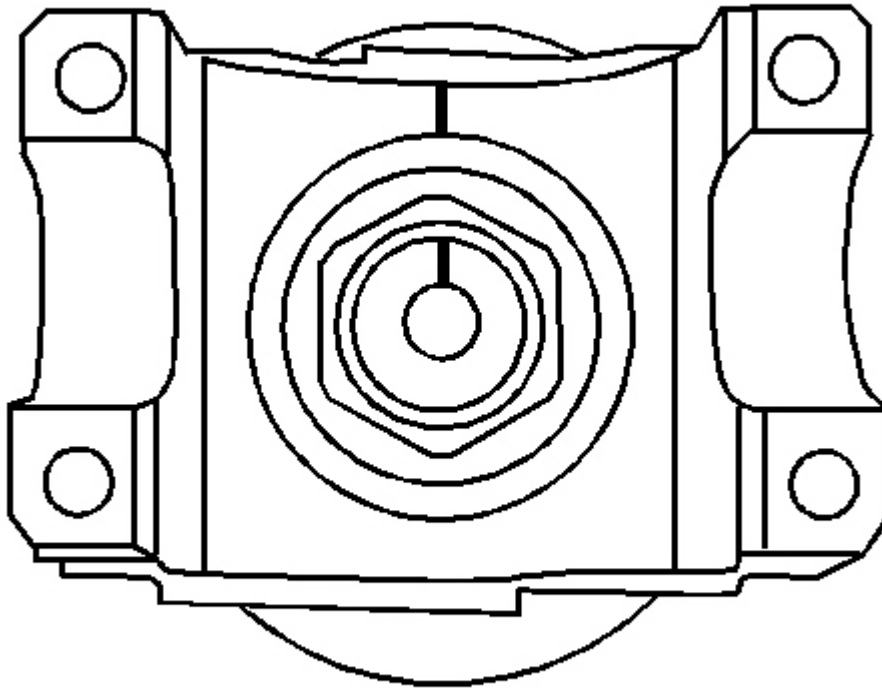


Fig. 49: View Of Pinion Shaft & Pinion Yoke Alignment Marks
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Scribe an alignment line between the pinion shaft and the pinion yoke.

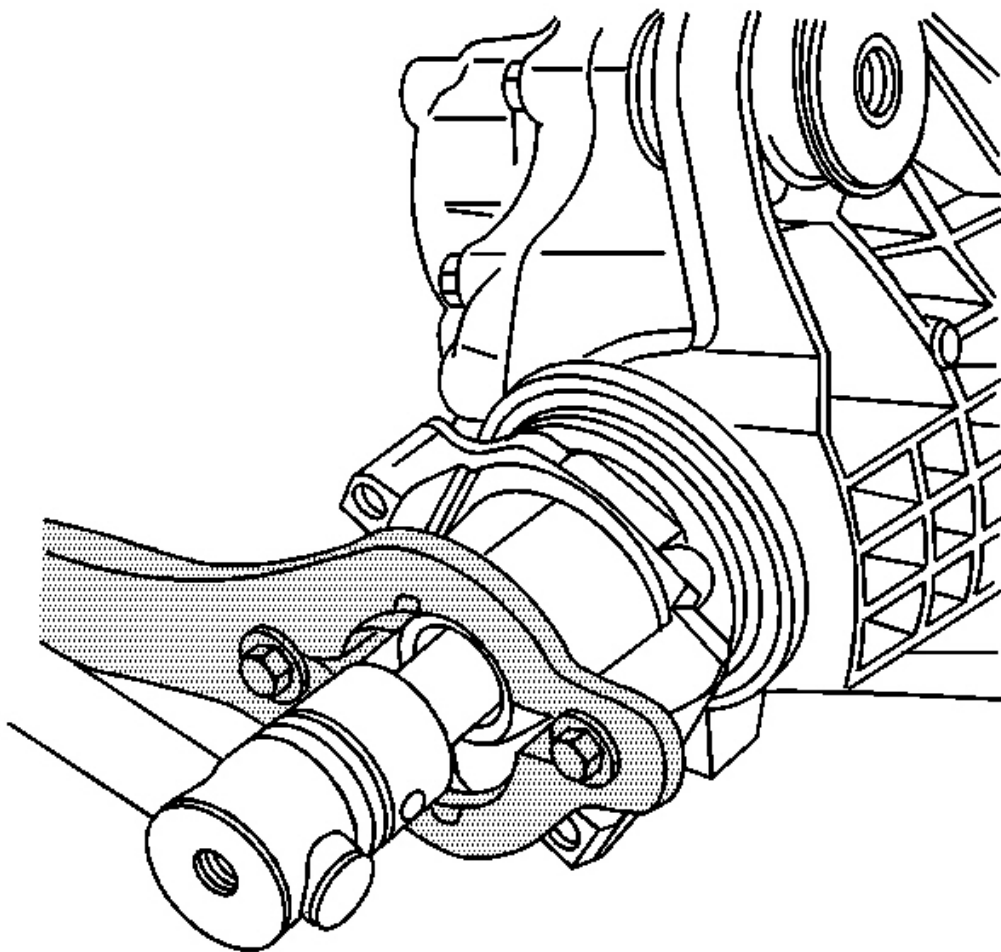


Fig. 50: Holding Pinion Flange Using Special Tool
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the **J 8614-01** onto the pinion as shown. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
8. Remove the pinion nut while holding the **J 8614-01** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

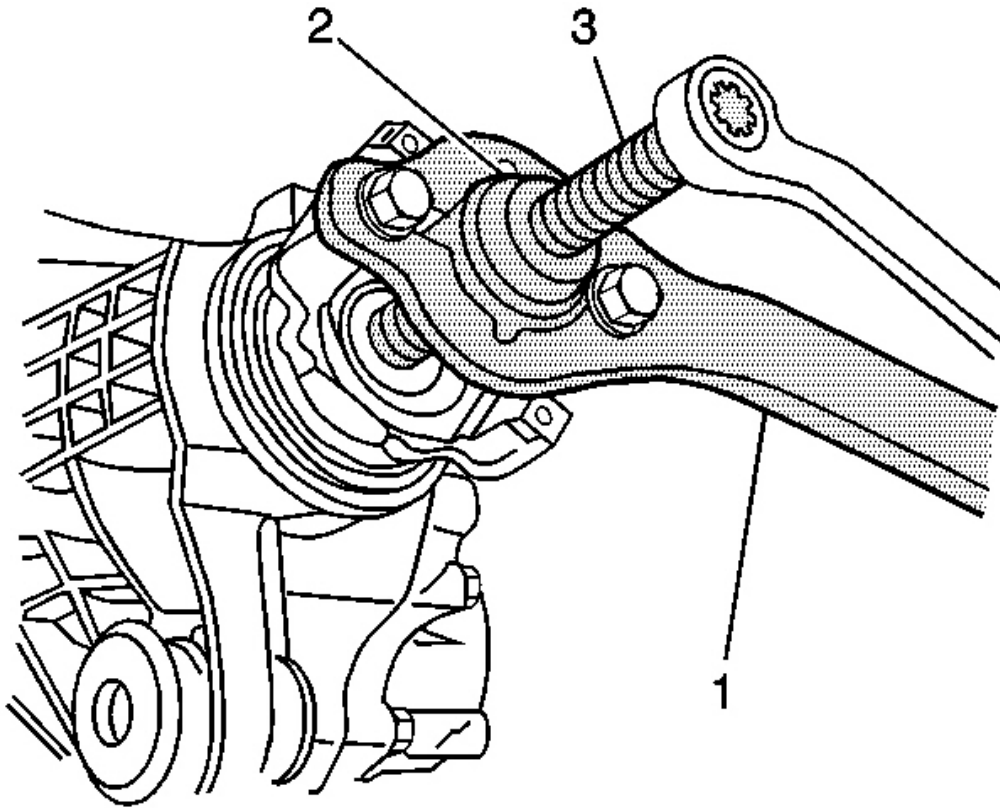


Fig. 51: Removing Pinion Yoke
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Install the J 8614-2 (2) and the J 8614-3 (3) into the **J 8614-01 (1)** as shown. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
10. Remove the pinion yoke by turning the J 8614-3 (3) clockwise while holding the **J 8614-01 (1)**. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

IMPORTANT: Carefully remove the seal from the bore. Do not distort or scratch the aluminum case.

11. Remove the oil seal using a suitable seal removal tool.

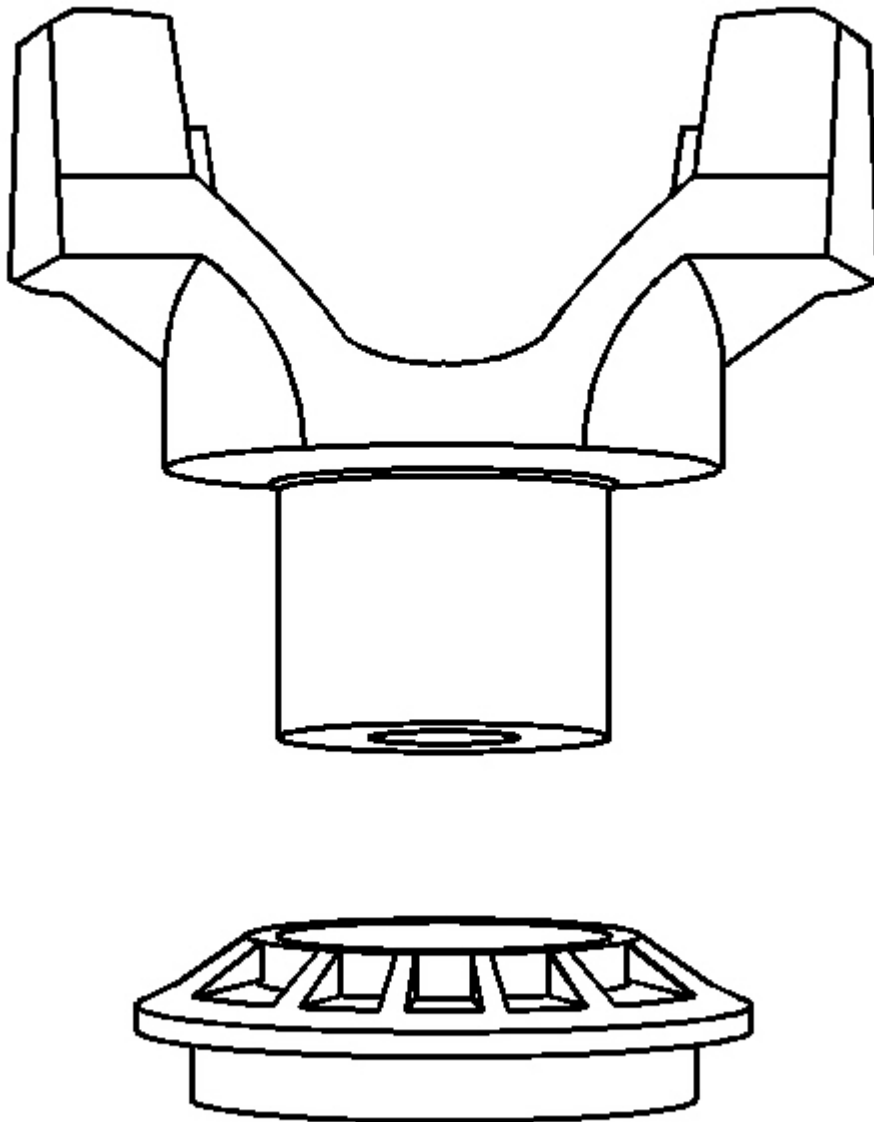


Fig. 52: View Of Dust Deflector
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

12. Remove the dust deflector from the pinion yoke using a soft-faced hammer.

Installation Procedure

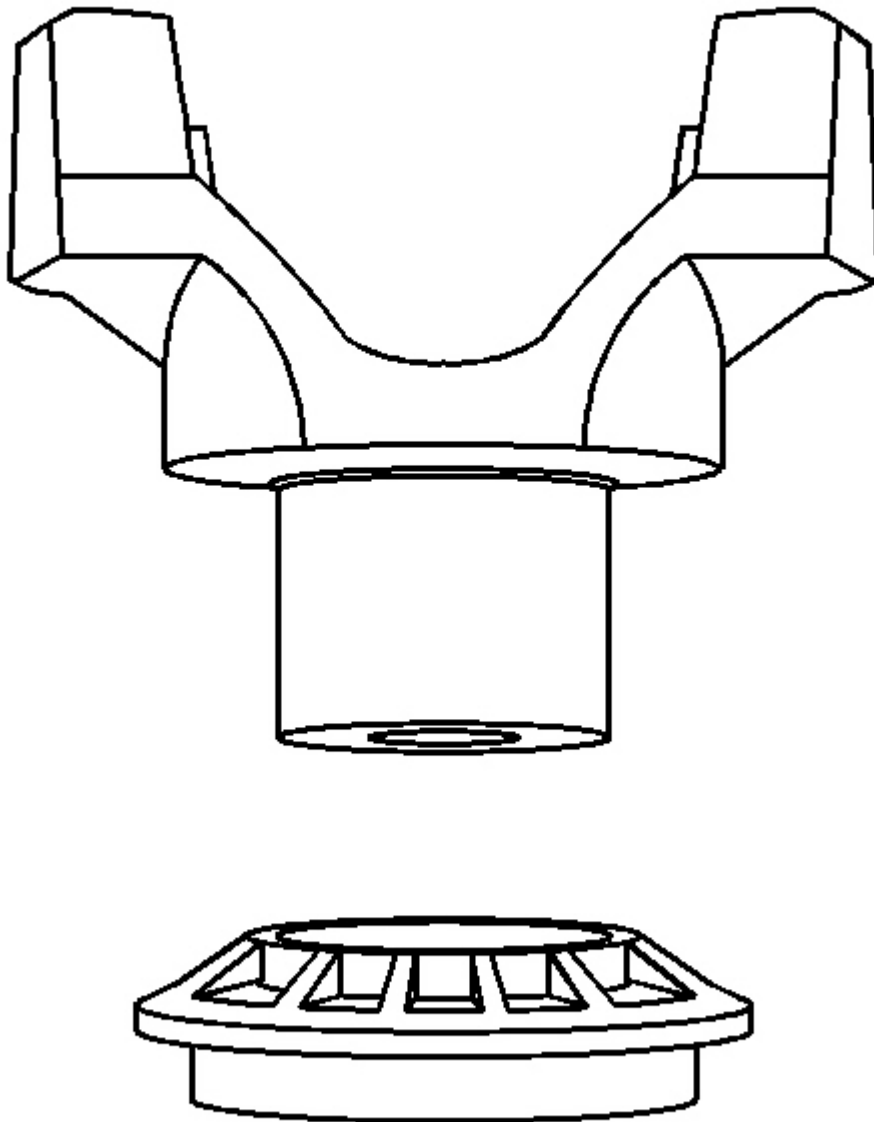


Fig. 53: View Of Dust Deflector
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the new deflector onto the pinion yoke using a soft-faced hammer.

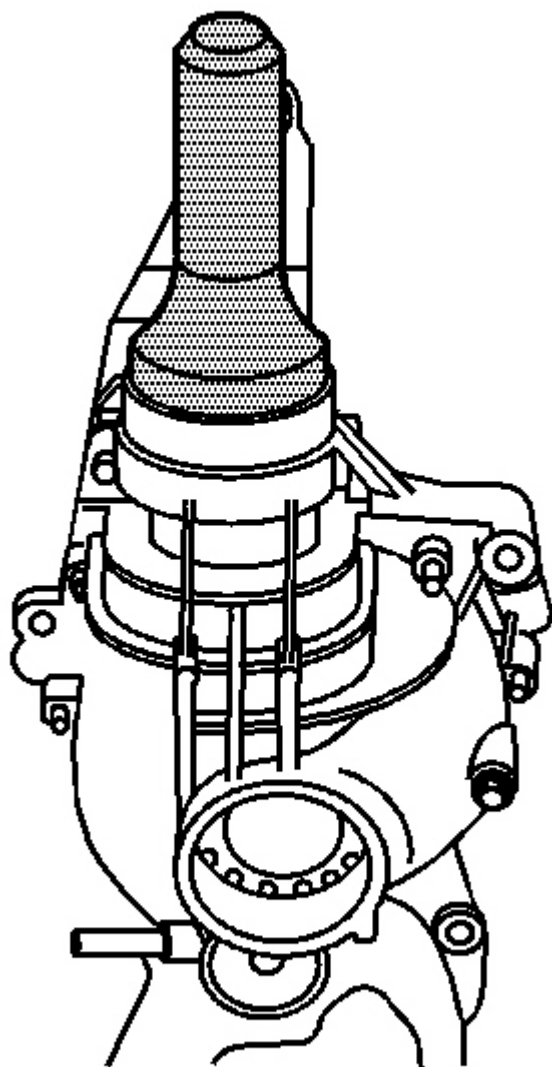


Fig. 54: Pinion Oil Seal Installer

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Drive the seal in straight, not at an angle, as this will damage the aluminum housing.

2. Install the new oil seal by doing the following:
 1. Position the oil seal in the bore.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

2. Install the **J 33782** over the oil seal. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
3. Strike the **J 33782** with a hammer until the seal flange seats on the axle housing surface. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
3. Apply sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480) or equivalent to the splines of the drive pinion yoke.
4. Install the pinion yoke.

Align the reference marks made during removal.

NOTE: **Do not hammer the pinion flange/yoke onto the pinion shaft. Pinion components may be damaged if the pinion flange/yoke is hammered onto the pinion shaft.**

5. Seat the pinion yoke onto the pinion shaft by tapping it with a soft-faced hammer until a few pinion shaft threads show through the yoke.
6. Install the washer and a new pinion nut.

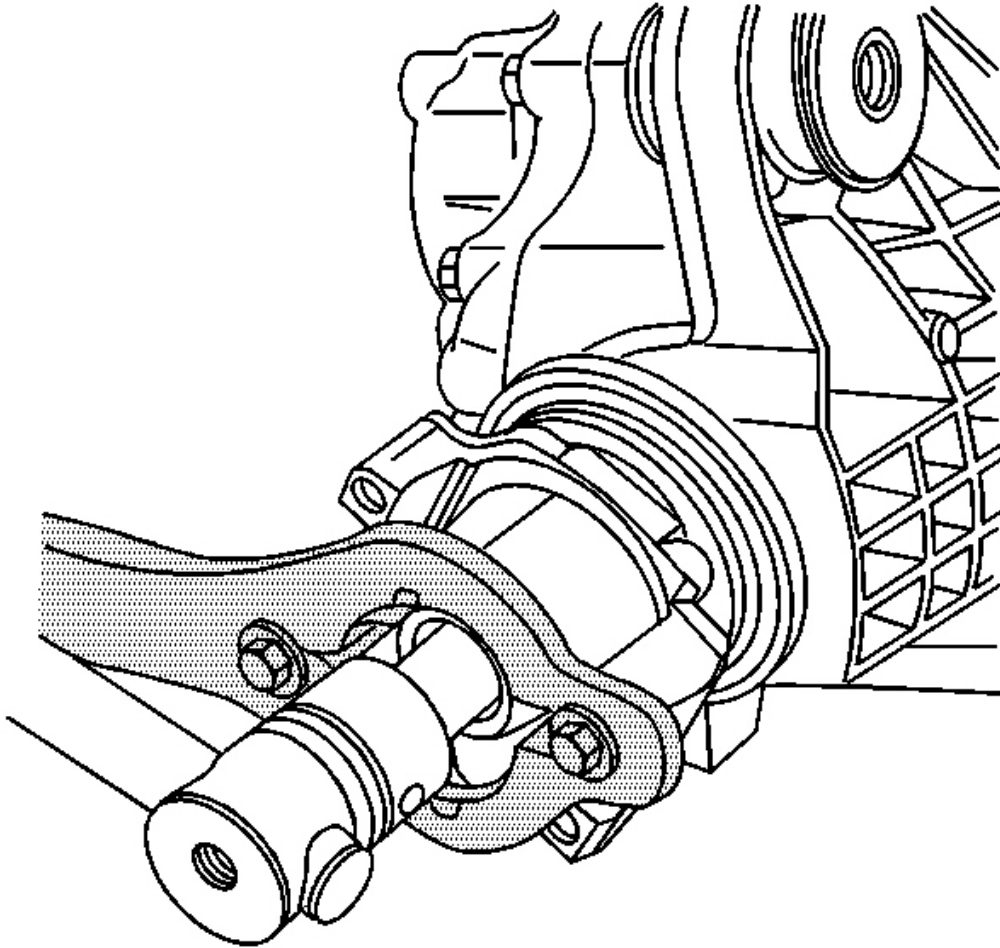


Fig. 55: Holding Pinion Flange Using Special Tool
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the **J 8614-01** onto the pinion yoke as shown. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

IMPORTANT: If the rotating torque is exceeded, the pinion will have to be removed and a new collapsible spacer installed.

8. Tighten the pinion nut while holding the **J 8614-01** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

Tighten: Tighten the pinion nut until the pinion end play is just taken up. Rotate the pinion while

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

tightening the nut to seat the bearings.

9. Measure the rotating torque of the pinion using an inch-pound torque wrench.

Compare the measurement of the rotating torque to the measurement recorded earlier.

Specification: The rotating torque of the pinion nut should be 0.40-0.57 N.m (3-5 lb in) greater than the torque recorded during removal.

10. If the rotating torque is not within specifications, continue to tighten the pinion nut.

Tighten: Tighten the pinion nut, in small increments, as needed, until the torque required in order to rotate the pinion is 0.40-0.57 N.m (3-5 lb in) greater than the torque recorded during removal.

11. Once the specified torque is obtained, rotate the pinion several times to ensure the bearings have seated. Recheck the rotating torque and adjust if necessary.
12. Install the rear steering gear crossmember. Refer to **Crossmember Replacement - Rear Steering Gear** in Frame and Underbody.
13. Install the front propeller shaft. Refer to **Propeller Shaft Replacement - Front** in Propeller Shaft.
14. Install the engine protection shield. Refer to **Engine Protection Shield Replacement** in Frame and Underbody.
15. Inspect the axle lubricant level, and add, if necessary. Refer to **Lubricant Replacement - Front Drive Axle**.
16. Lower the vehicle.

DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT (4.8L, 5.3L, 6.0L V8)

Removal Procedure

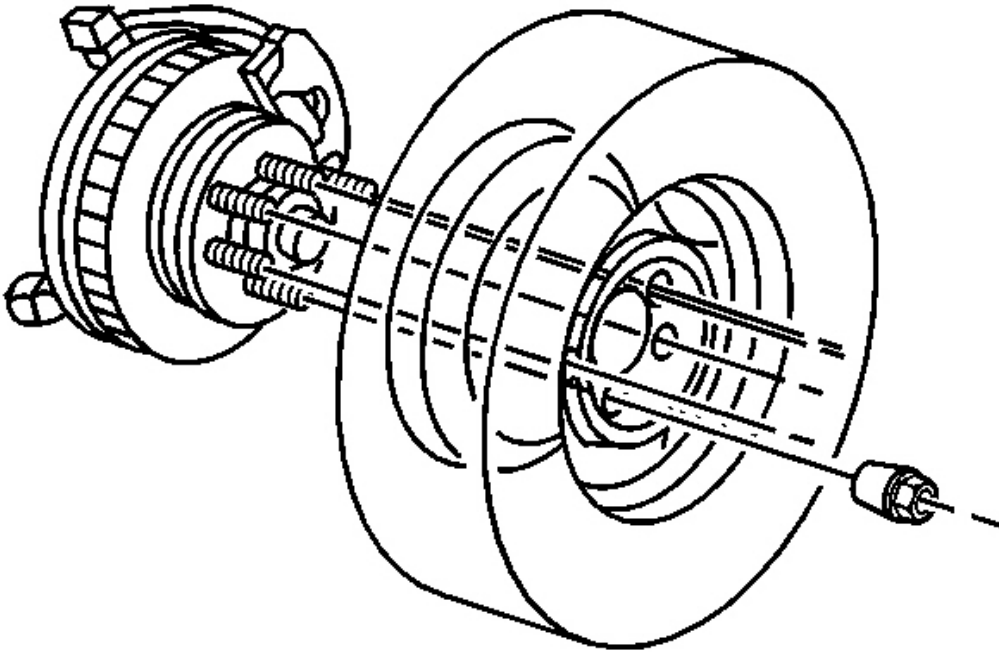


Fig. 56: View Of Tire/Wheel Assembly, Hub Assembly & Wheel Nuts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Remove the tire and wheel assembly. Refer to **Tire and Wheel Removal and Installation** in Tires and Wheels.

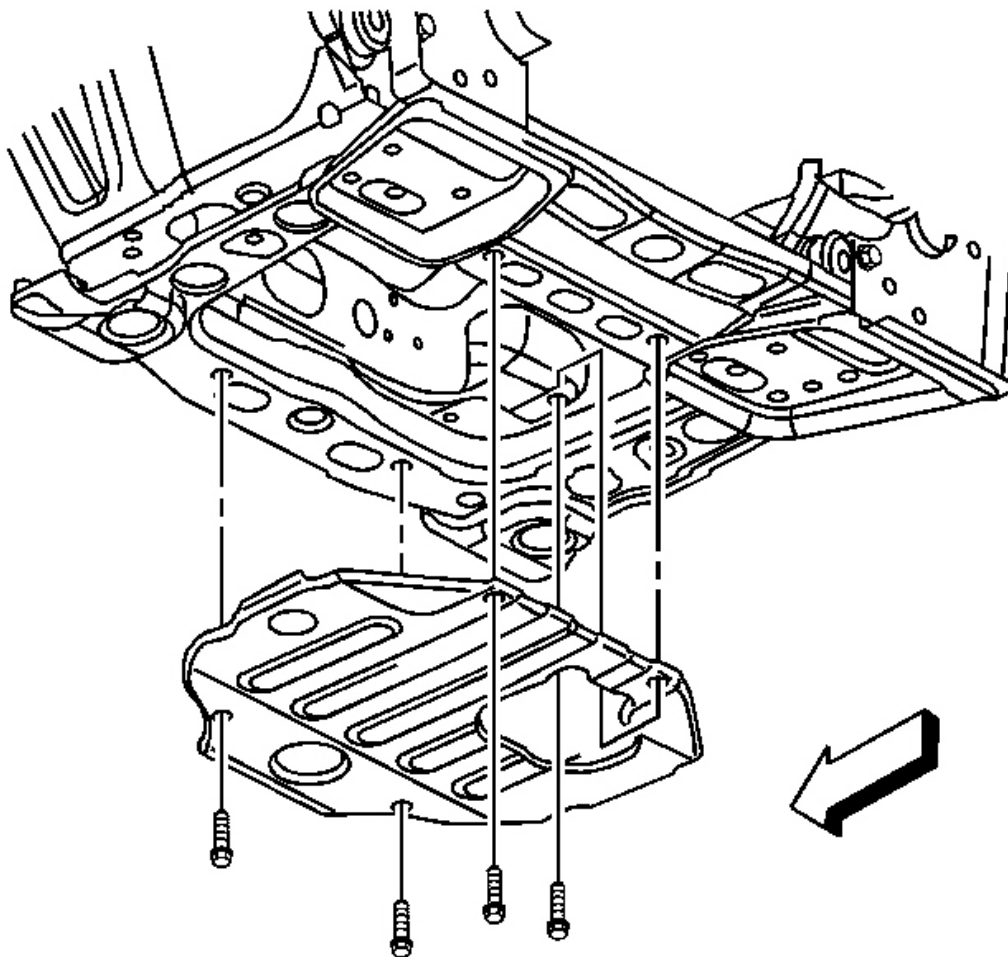


Fig. 57: Engine Protection Shield Removed
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the engine protection shield. Refer to **Engine Protection Shield Replacement** in Frame and Underbody.
3. Drain the front differential. Refer to **Lubricant Replacement - Front Drive Axle**.

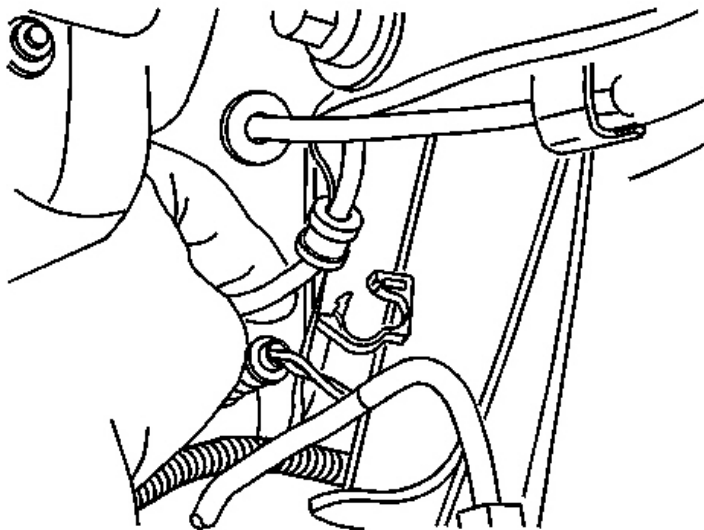
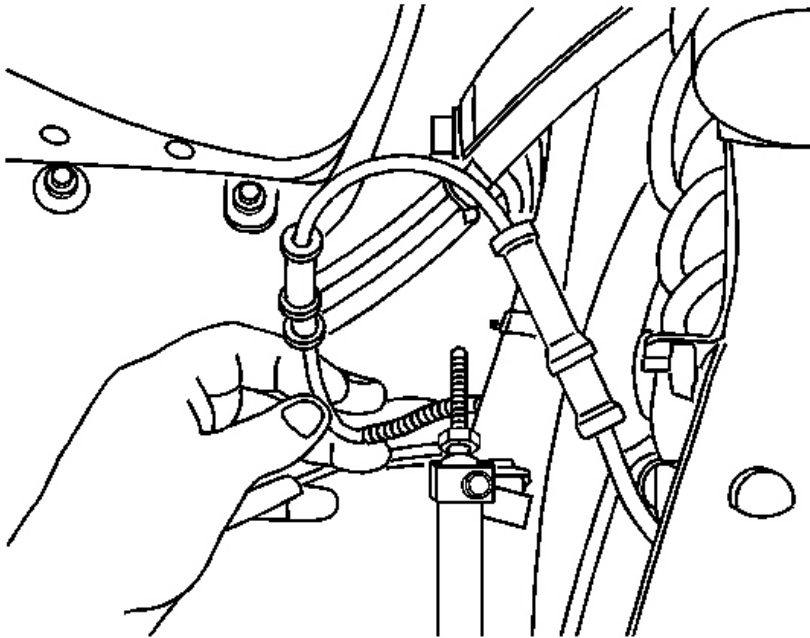


Fig. 58: Identifying Wheel Speed Sensor Wiring Harness
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the left and right antilock brake system (ABS) wiring harnesses from the retainers.

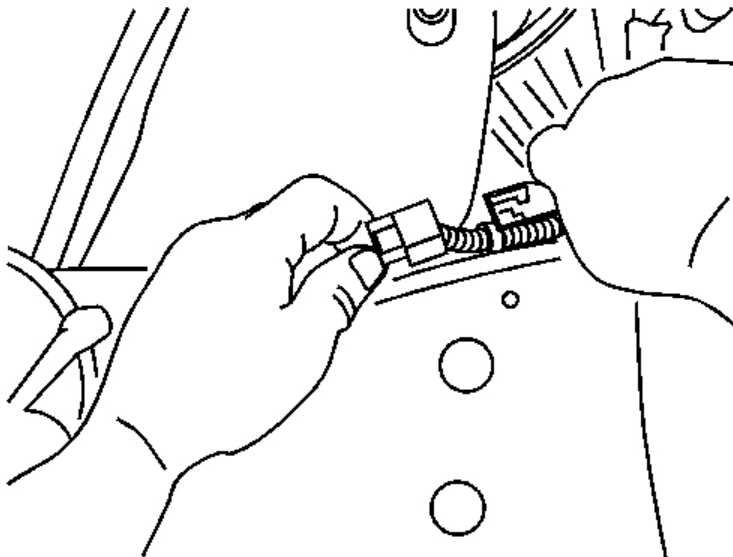
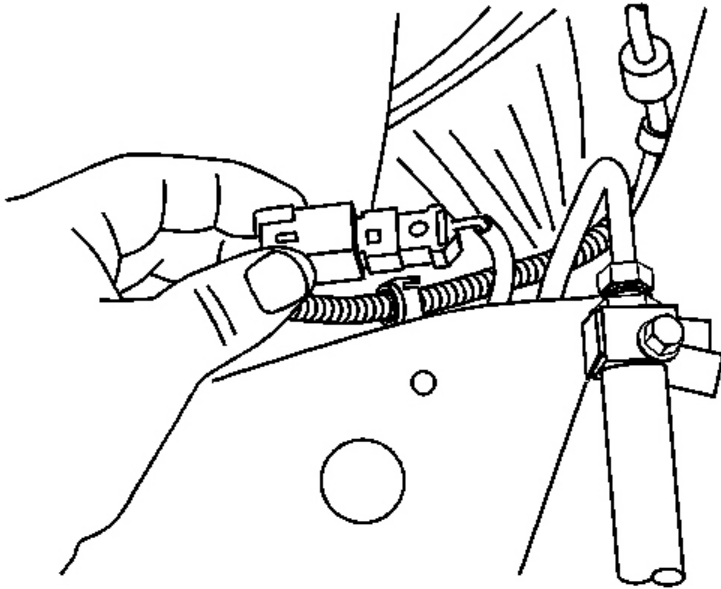


Fig. 59: Locating Connector

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Disconnect the left and right wheel speed sensor electrical connectors.

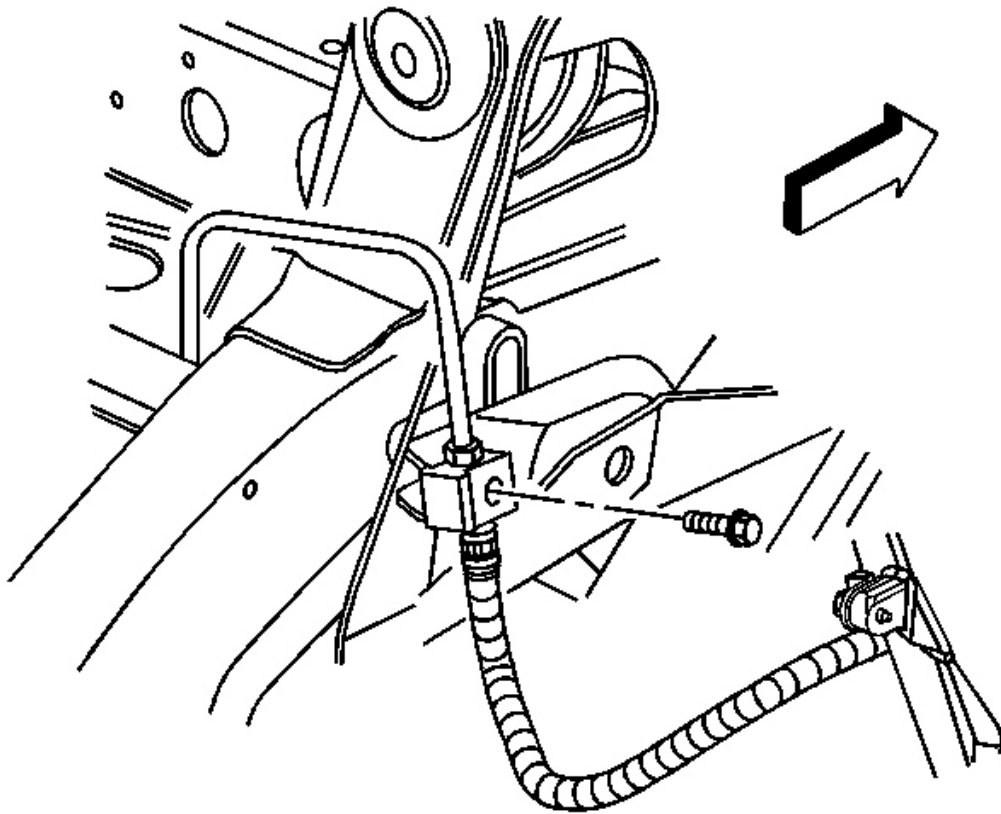


Fig. 60: Brake Hose Retaining Bolt
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Remove the brake hose retaining bolt from the frame. Left shown, right similar.

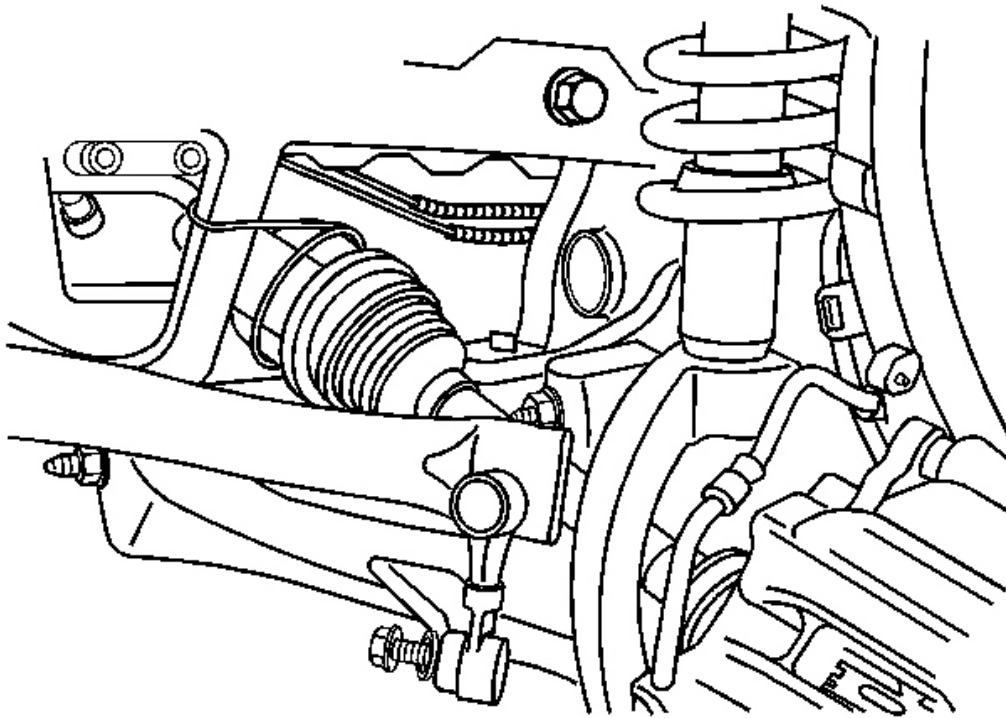


Fig. 61: Lower Control Arms View (Right)
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Disconnect the sway bar link pins from the lower control arms. Right shown, left similar.

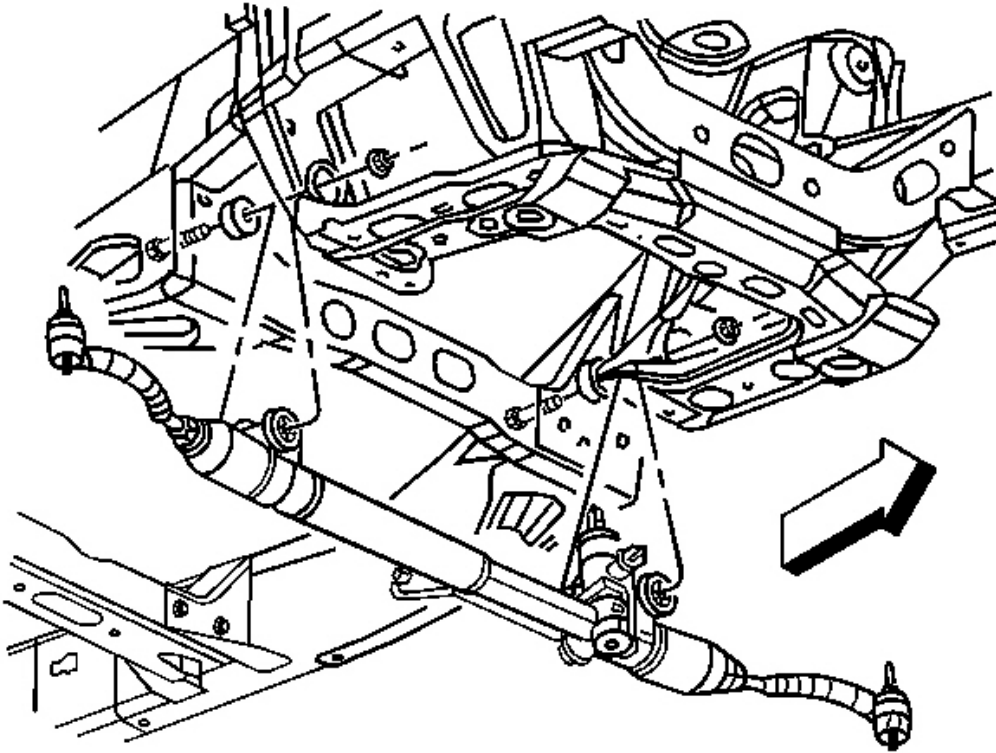


Fig. 62: View Of Power Steering Gear & Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Remove the steering gear. Refer to **Power Steering Gear Replacement** in Power Steering System.
9. Place an adjustable jack stand under the lower control arm. Left shown, right similar.

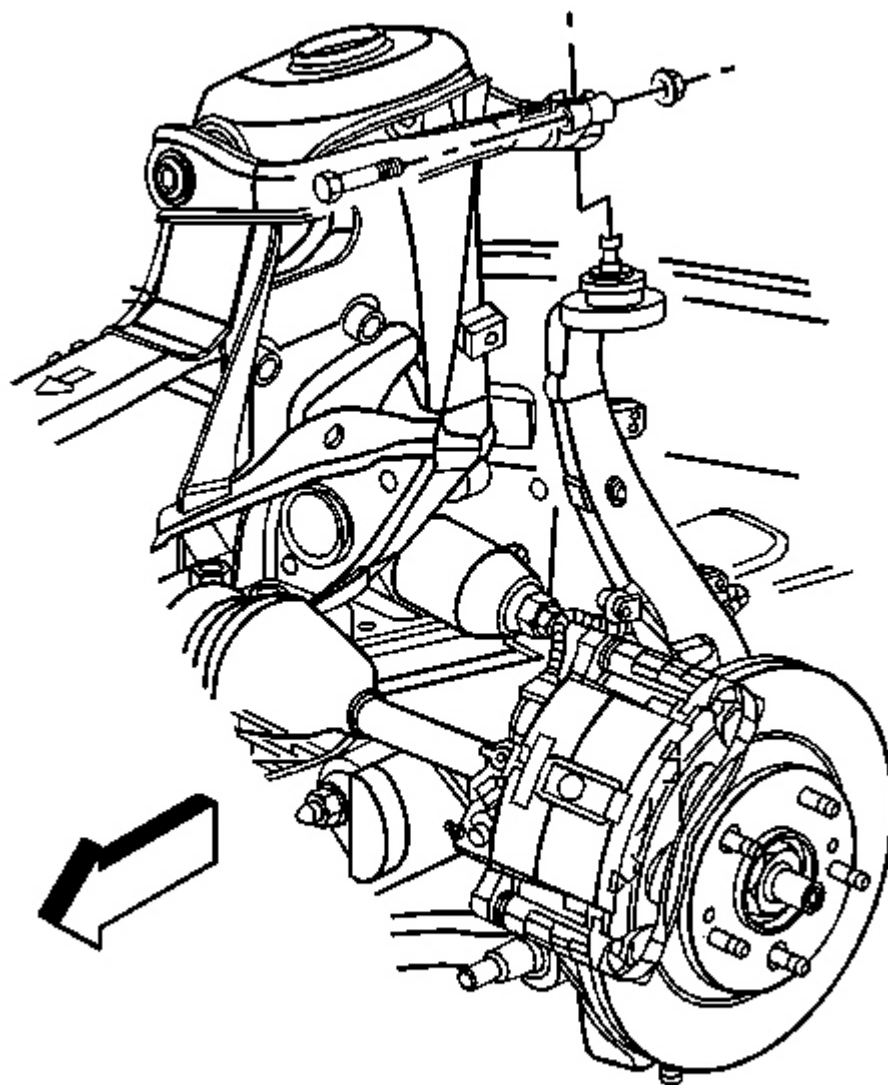


Fig. 63: View Of Upper Control Arm To The Steering Knuckle Pinch Bolt And Nut
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Remove the upper ball joint pinch bolt and nut. Right shown, left similar.
11. Remove the steering knuckle from the upper control arm. Left shown, right similar.

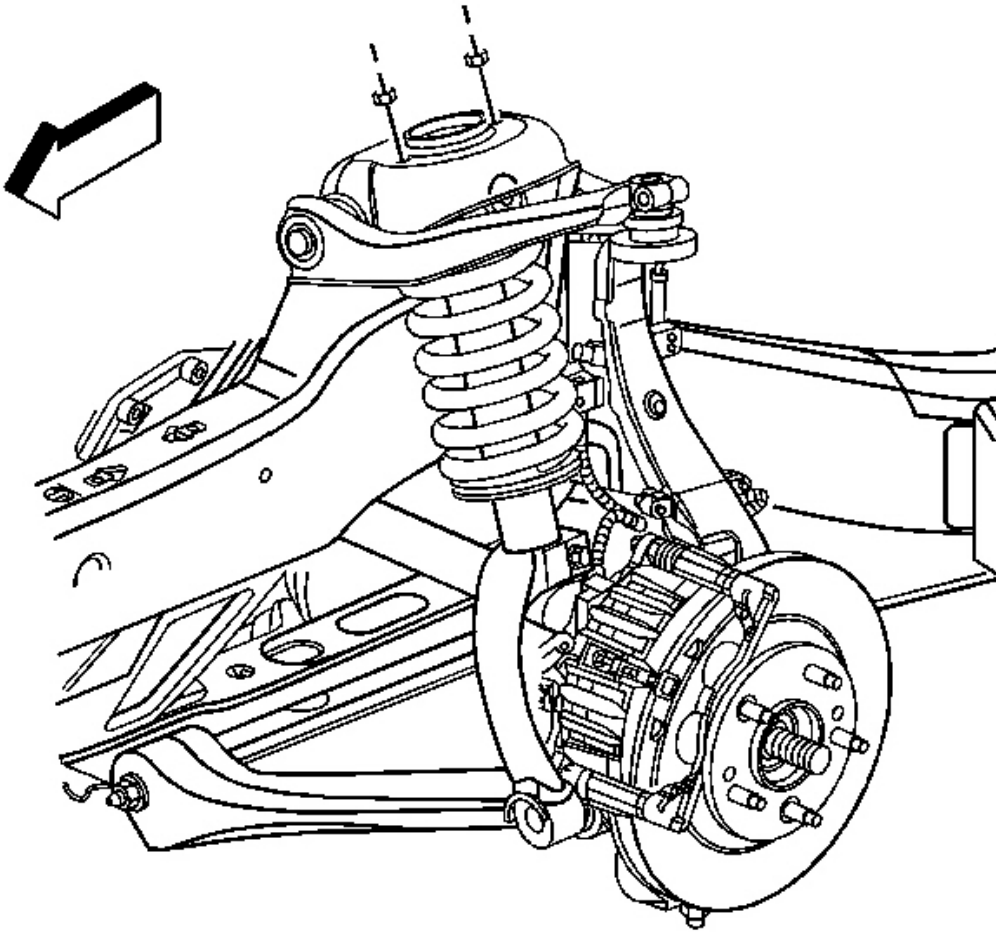


Fig. 64: Upper Shock Module Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

12. Remove the upper shock module bolts from the frame.
13. Lower the jack stand to allow removal of the steering knuckle from the upper control arm.
14. Remove the steering knuckle from the upper control arm.

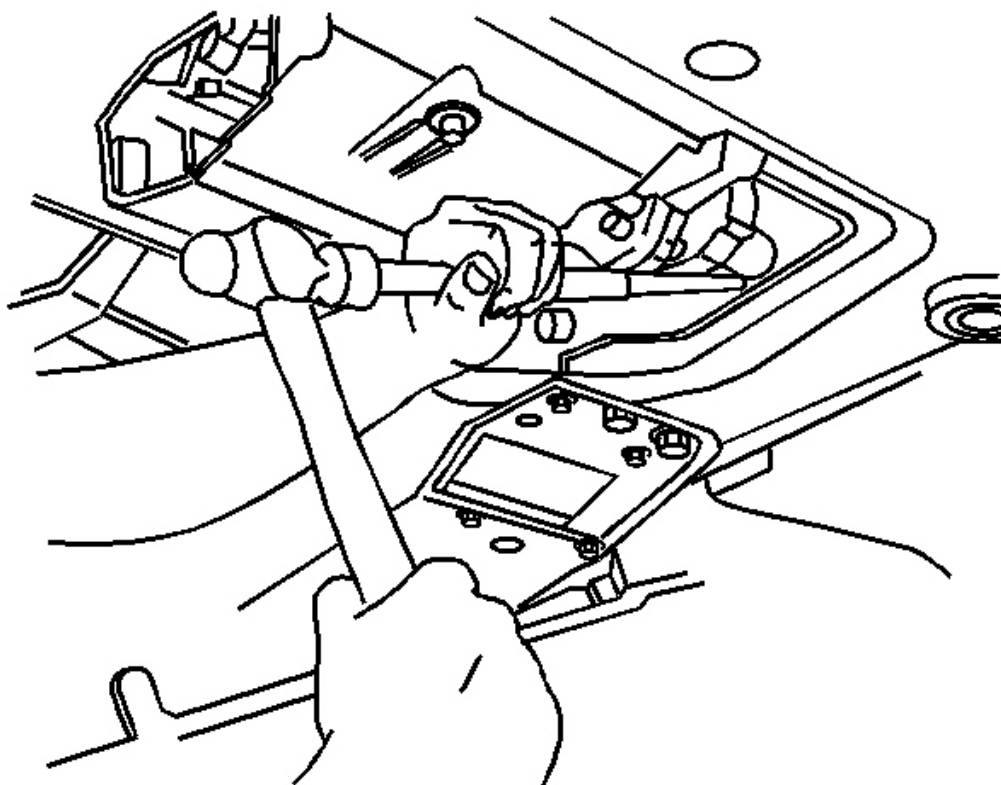


Fig. 65: Removing Left Wheel Drive Shaft From Front Differential
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: In the following service procedures, it is not necessary to remove the wheel drive shaft from the steering knuckles.

15. Using a brass drift or equivalent, remove the left wheel drive shaft from the front differential.

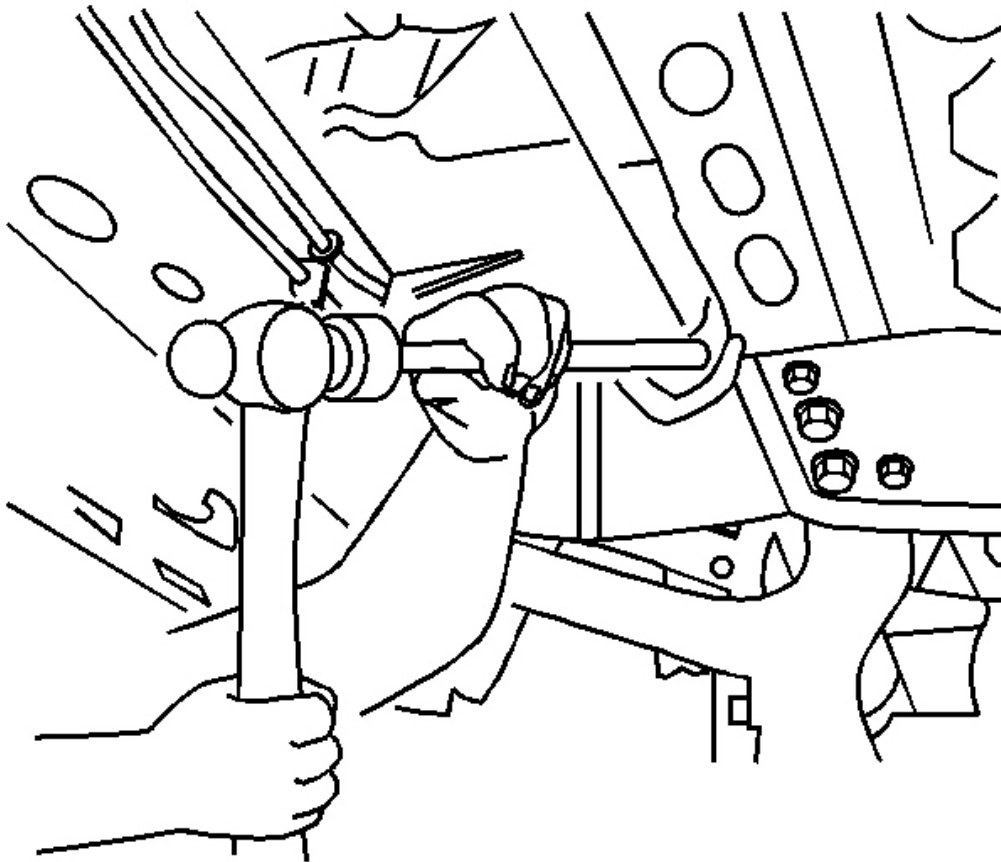


Fig. 66: Removing Right Wheel Drive Shaft From Front Differential
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

16. Using a brass drift or equivalent, remove the right wheel drive shaft from the front differential.
17. Position the wheel drive shafts to the side.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT allow the shock modules and steering knuckle to hang without supporting them.

18. Using mechanics wire or metal hooks, secure the shock modules to the frame.
19. Remove the jack stand.

IMPORTANT: It is not necessary to completely remove the front propeller shaft from the vehicle.

20. Remove the front propeller shaft from the front pinion yoke. Refer to **Propeller Shaft Replacement - Front** in Propeller Shaft.
21. Relocate the propeller shaft to the side and secure.

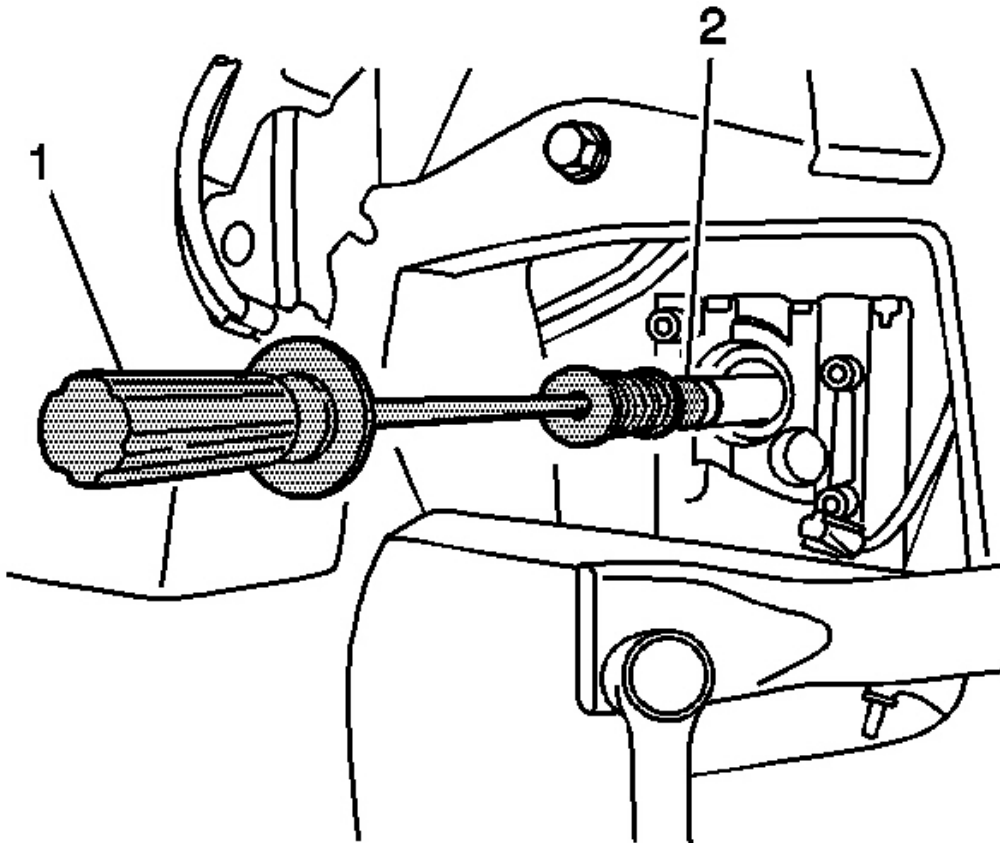


Fig. 67: Slide Hammer And Axle Remover Adapter
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

22. Remove the inner axle shaft. Refer to **Inner Axle Shaft Replacement - Front Drive Axle**.
23. Remove the mounting bolts for the front differential assembly.
24. Remove the front differential assembly from the oil pan.

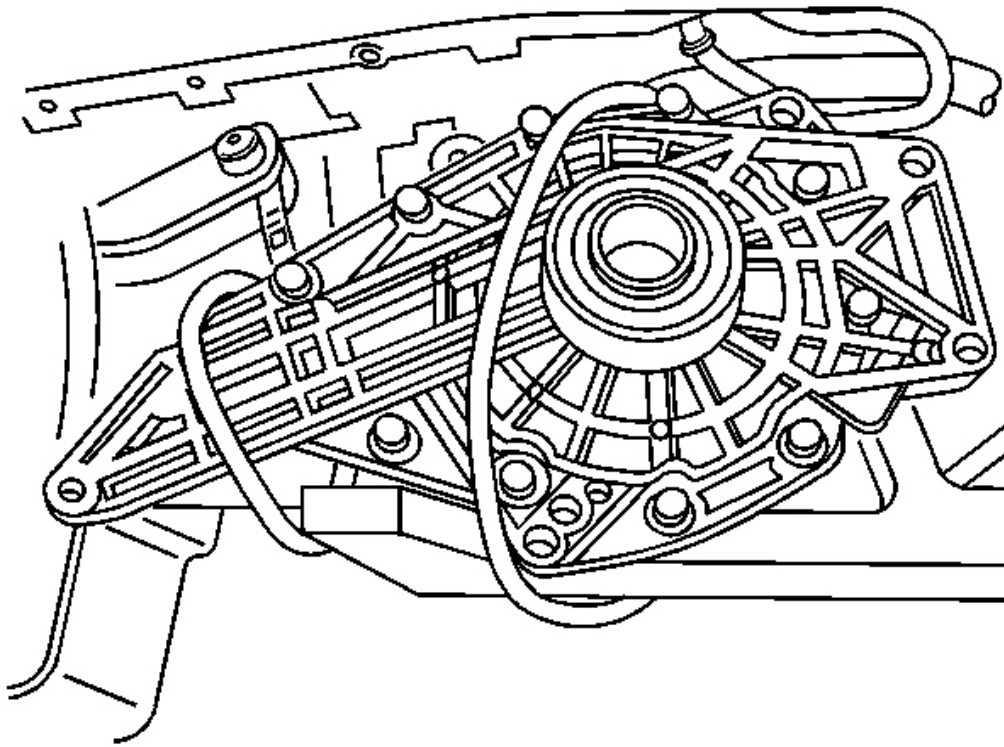


Fig. 68: Securing Front Differential To Frame
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

25. Secure the front differential to the frame.

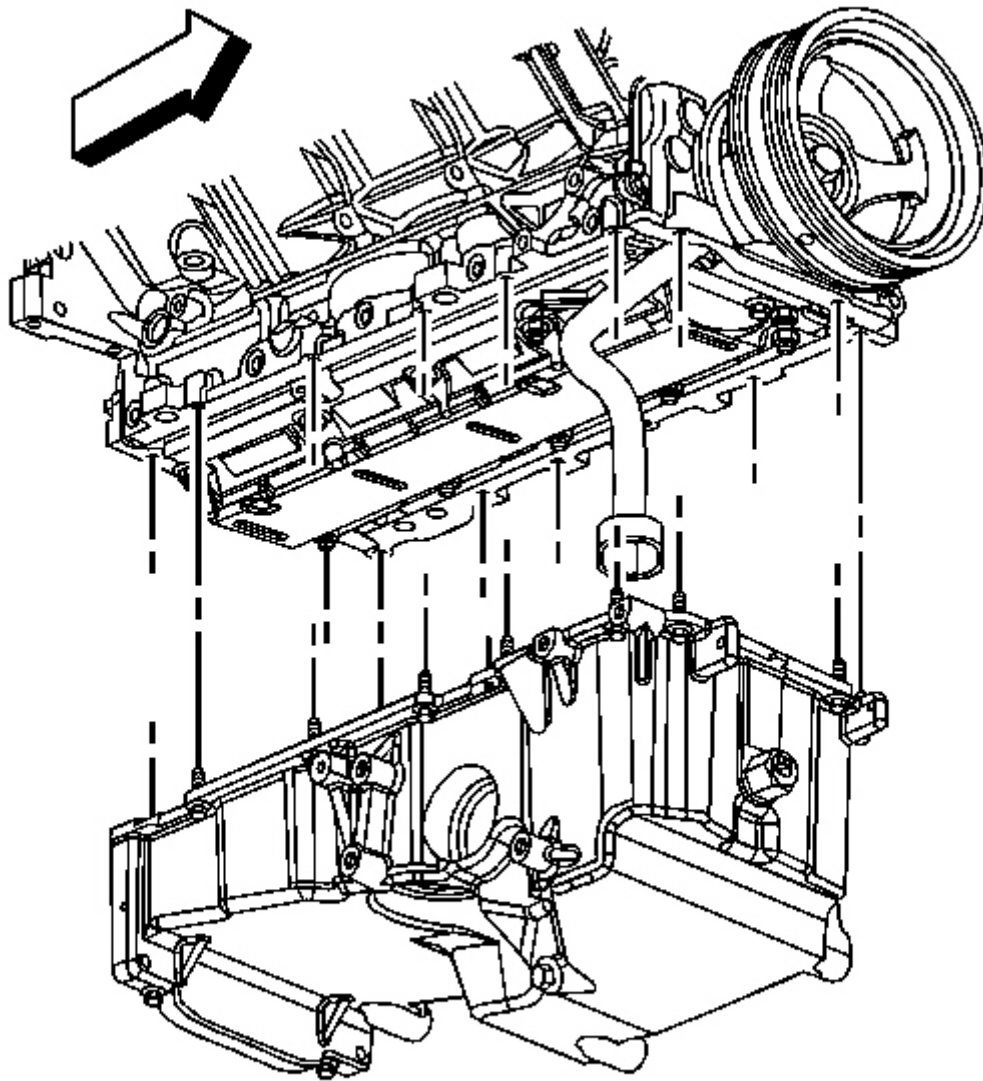


Fig. 69: Oil Pan Assembly Removed
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

26. Remove the oil pan assembly. Refer to **Oil Pan Replacement** in Engine Mechanical - 5.3L.

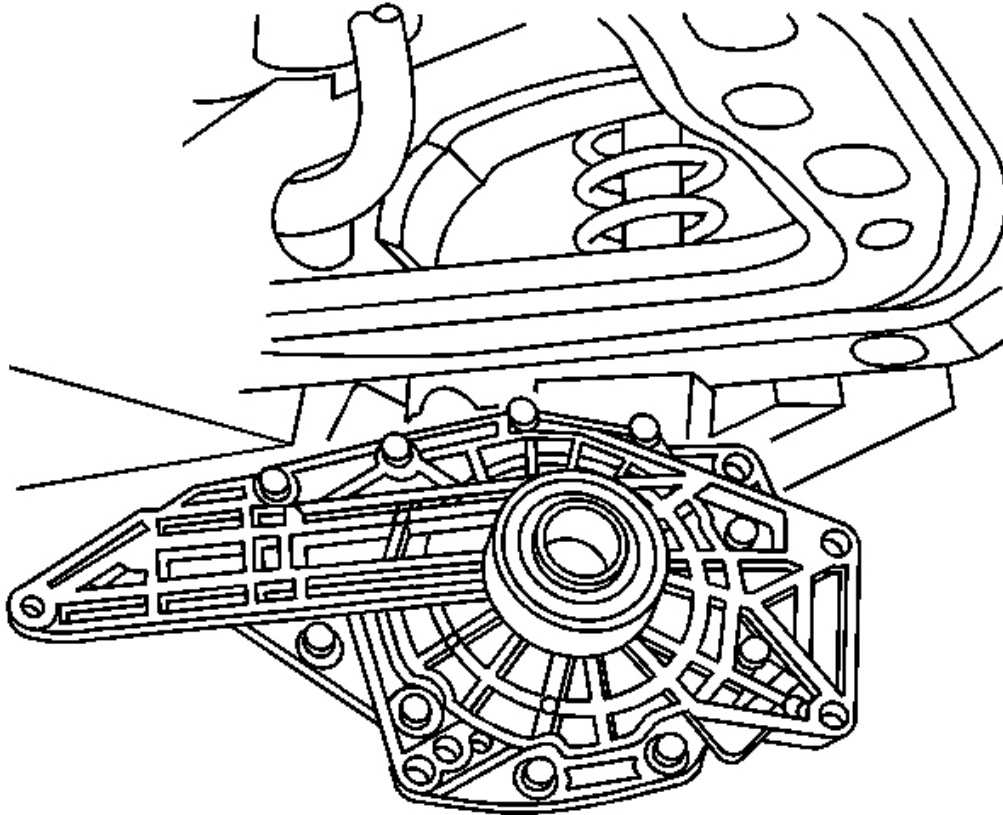


Fig. 70: Front Differential

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

27. Remove the front differential from the vehicle.

Installation Procedure

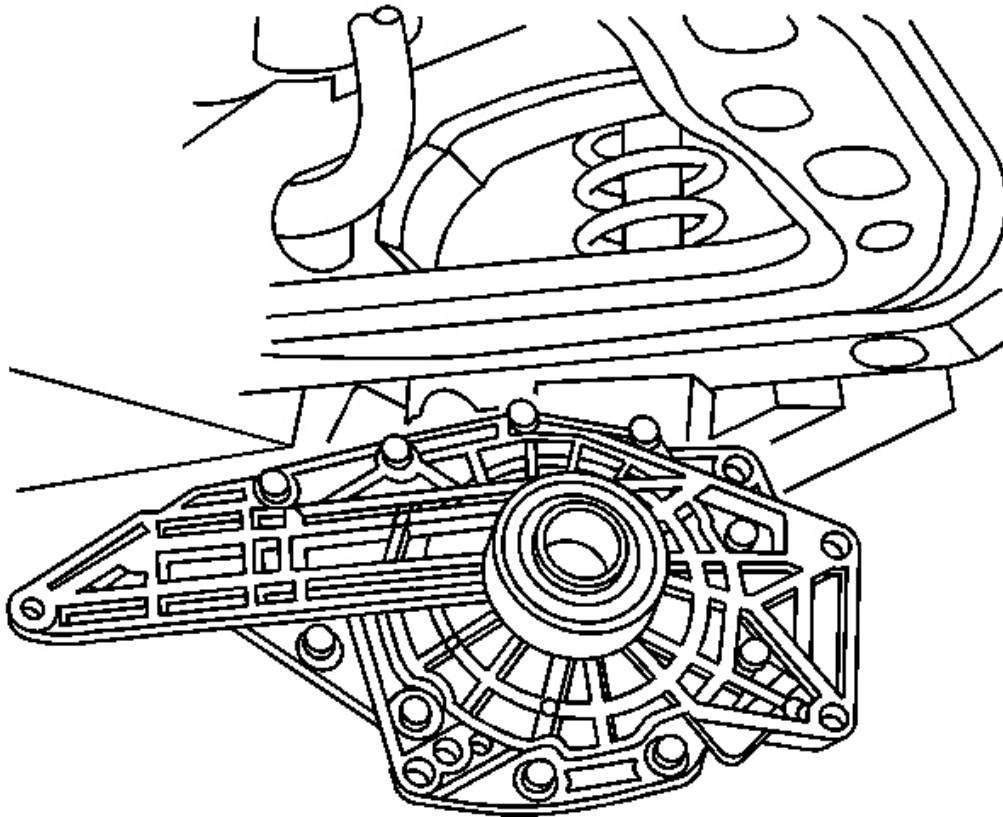


Fig. 71: Front Differential

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Position the front differential assembly on the frame.

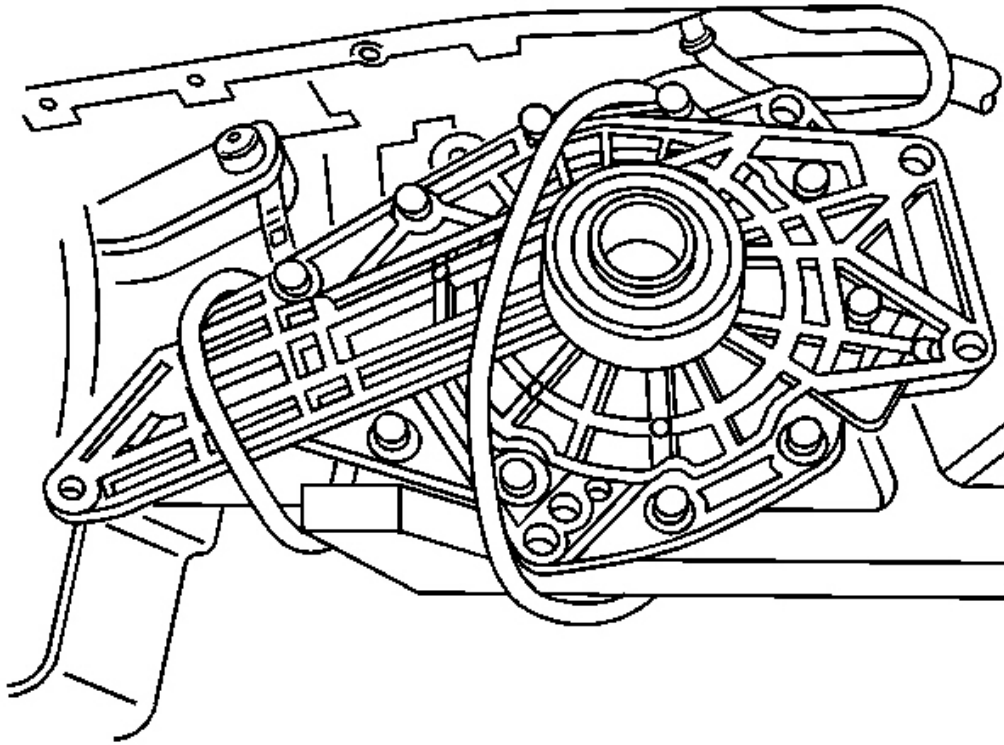


Fig. 72: Securing Front Differential To Frame
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Secure the front differential assembly.

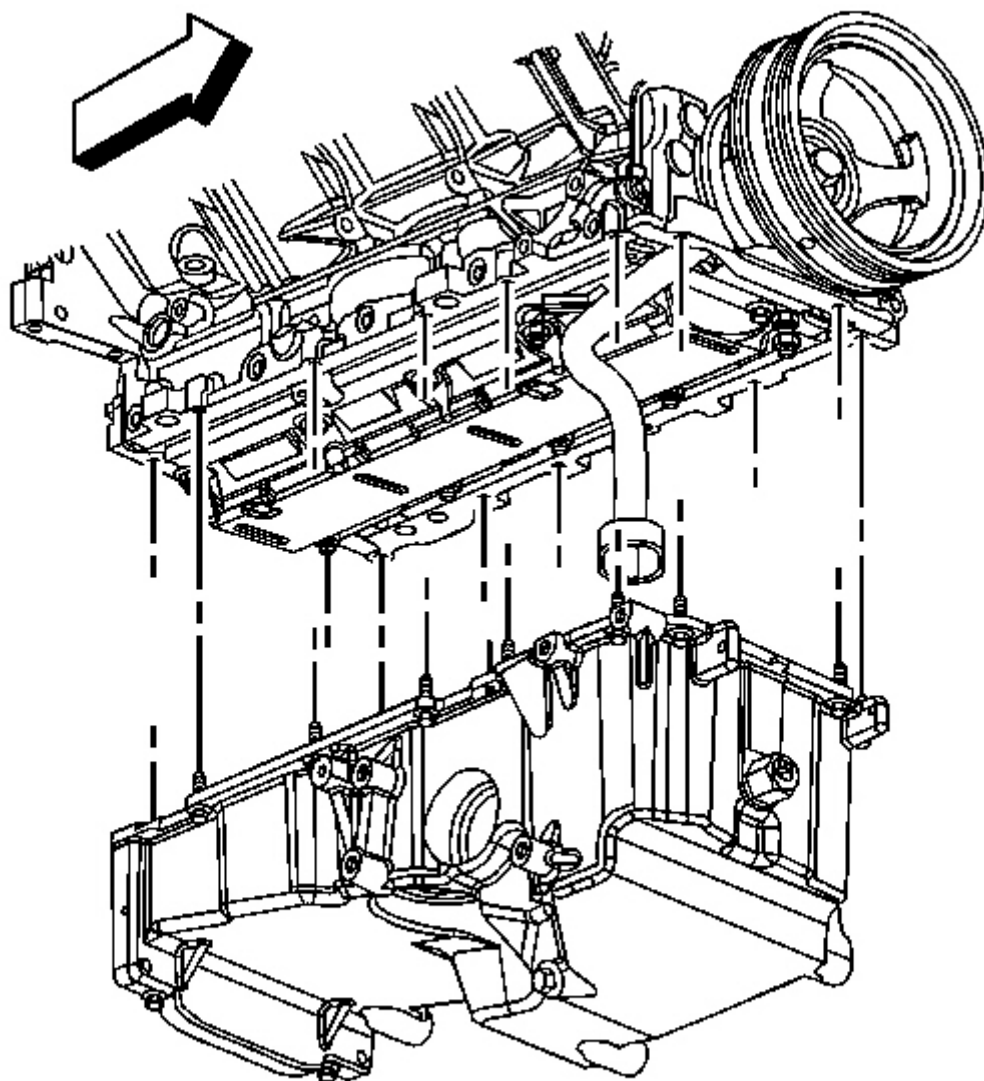


Fig. 73: Oil Pan Assembly Removed
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the oil pan assembly. Refer to **Oil Pan Replacement** in Engine Mechanical - 5.3L.
4. Position the front differential on the oil pan.

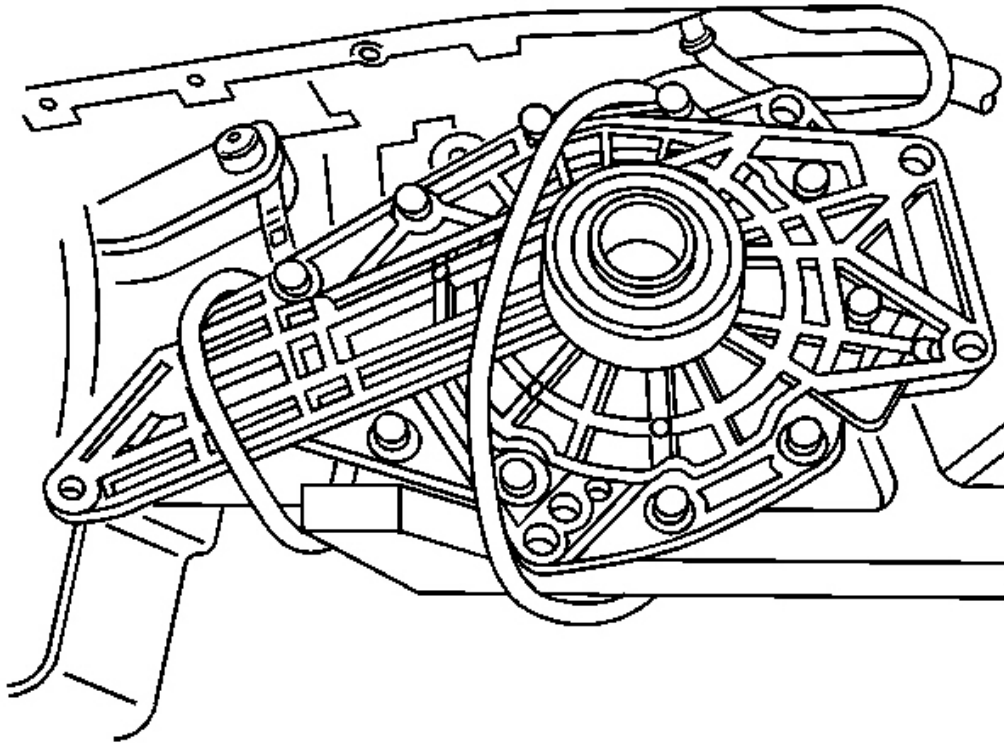


Fig. 74: Securing Front Differential To Frame
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

5. Install the differential bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the bolts to 85 N.m (63 lb ft).

6. Install the inner axle shaft. Refer to Inner Axle Shaft Replacement - Front Drive Axle in Front Drive Axle.
7. Position the adjustable jack stand under the lower control arm.
8. Remove the shock module from the secure position.
9. Install the right wheel drive shaft in the inner drive shaft.
10. Rinse the jack stand to allow the installation of the steering knuckle in the upper control arm. Right side shown, left similar.

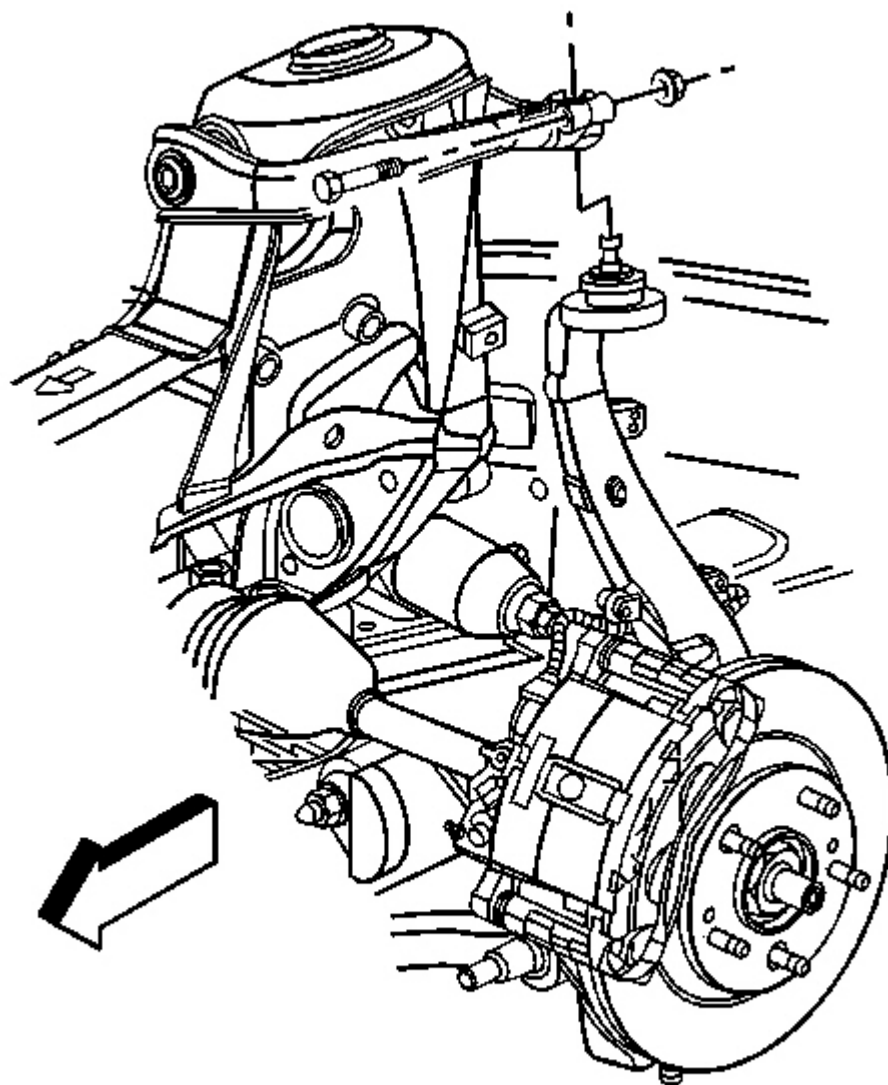


Fig. 75: View Of Upper Control Arm To The Steering Knuckle Pinch Bolt And Nut
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

11. Install the upper ball joint pinch nut and bolt.

Tighten: Tighten the bolt and nut to 40 N.m (30 lb ft).

12. Remove the jack stand from under the lower control arm.

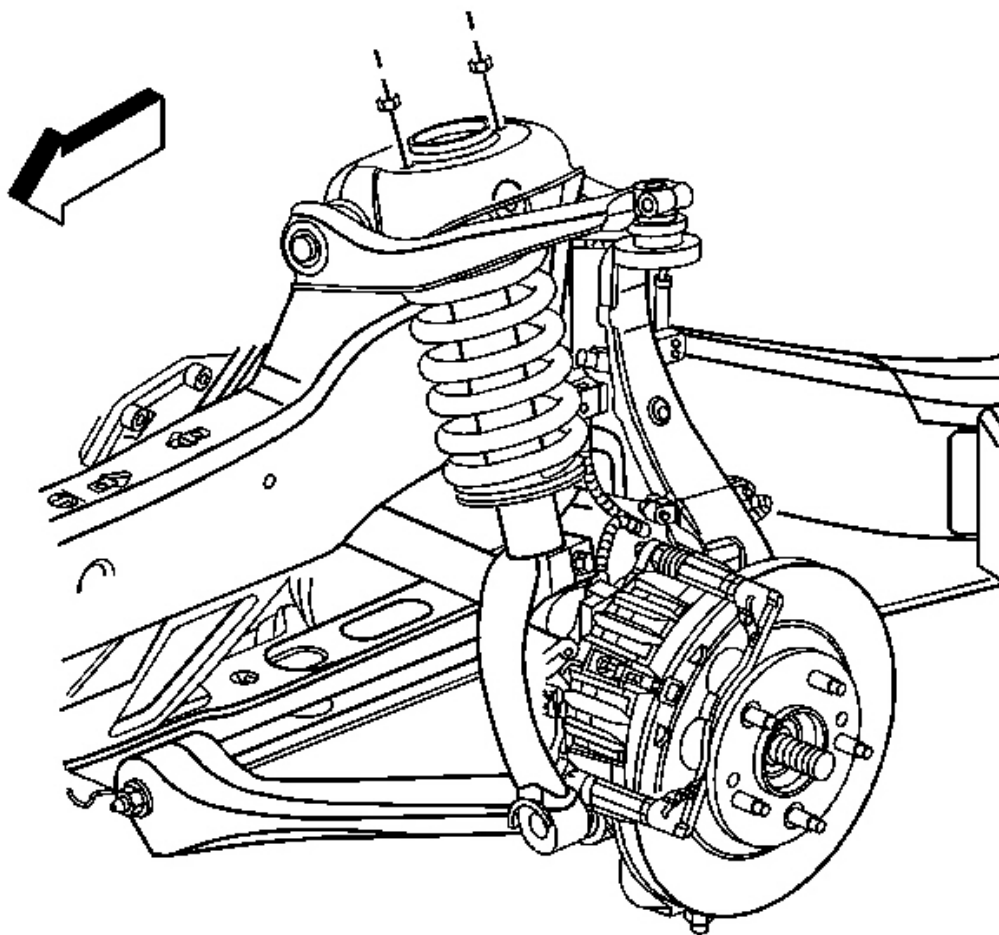


Fig. 76: Upper Shock Module Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

13. Install the front shock upper retaining nuts. Right shown, left similar.

Tighten: Tighten the nuts to 45 N.m (33 lb ft).

14. Install the steering rack assembly. Refer to **Power Steering Gear Replacement** in Power Steering System.

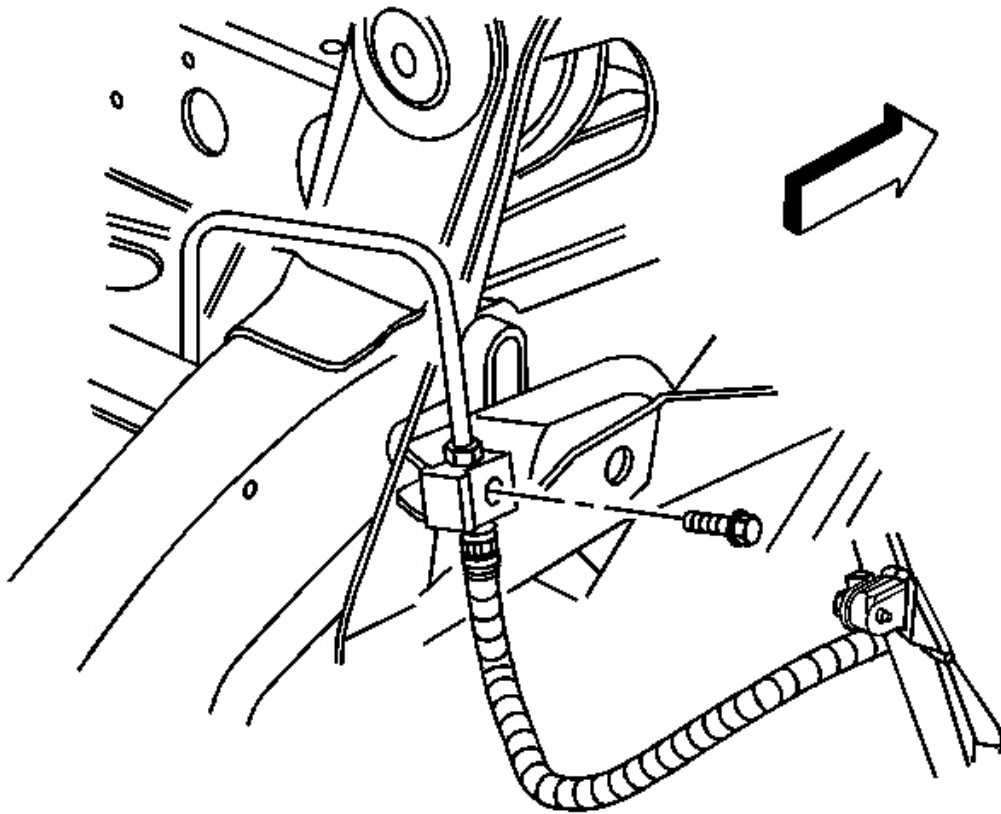


Fig. 77: Brake Hose Retaining Bolt
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

15. Install the brake hose retaining bolt.

Tighten: Tighten the brake hose retaining bolt to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

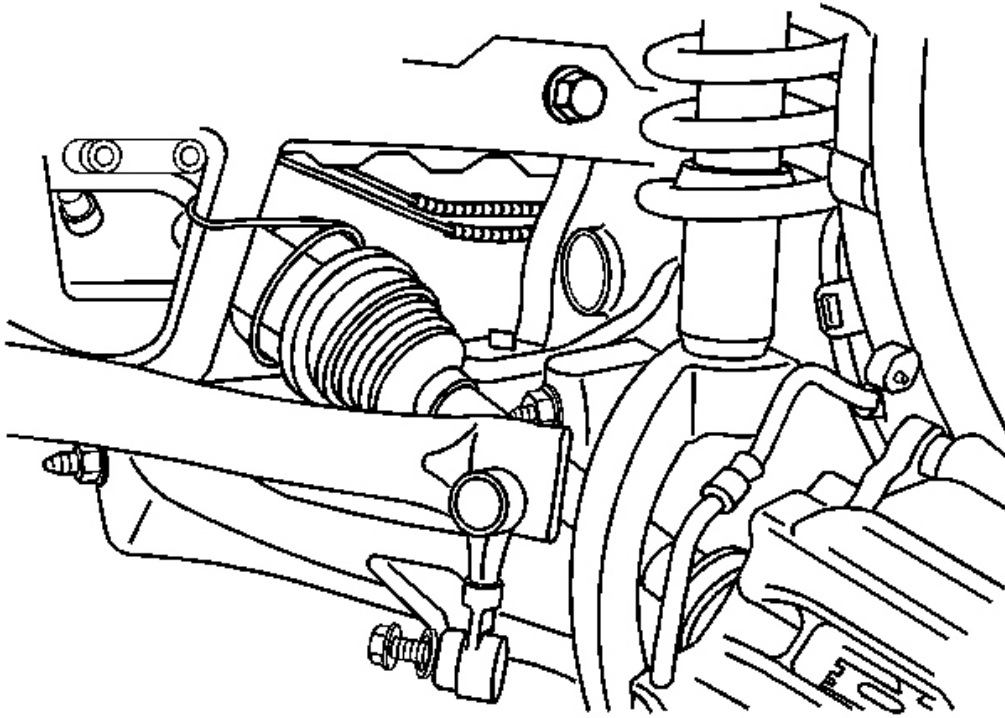


Fig. 78: Lower Control Arms View (Right)
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

16. Install the sway bar links to the lower control arm. Refer to **Stabilizer Shaft Link Replacement** in Front Suspension.

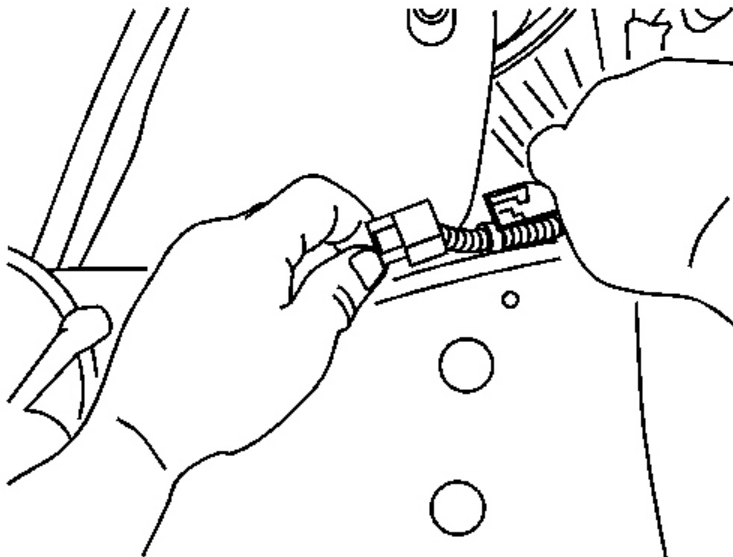
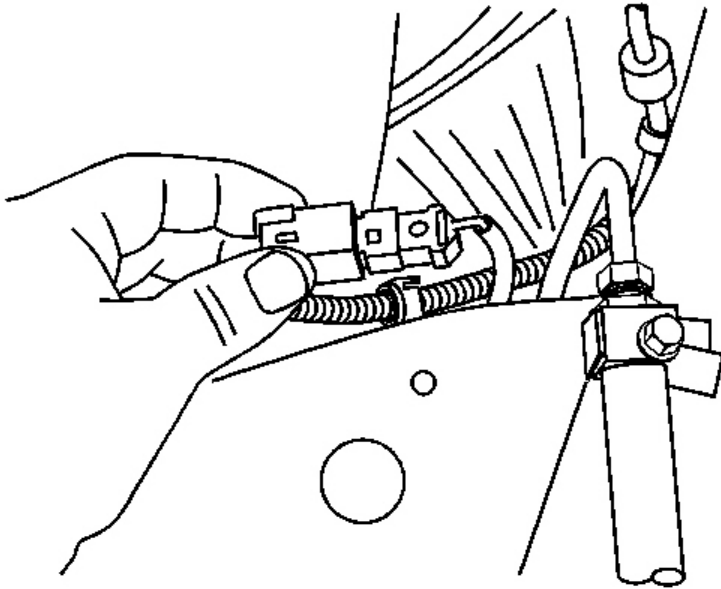


Fig. 79: Locating Connector

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

17. Connect the wheel speed sensors electrical connectors.

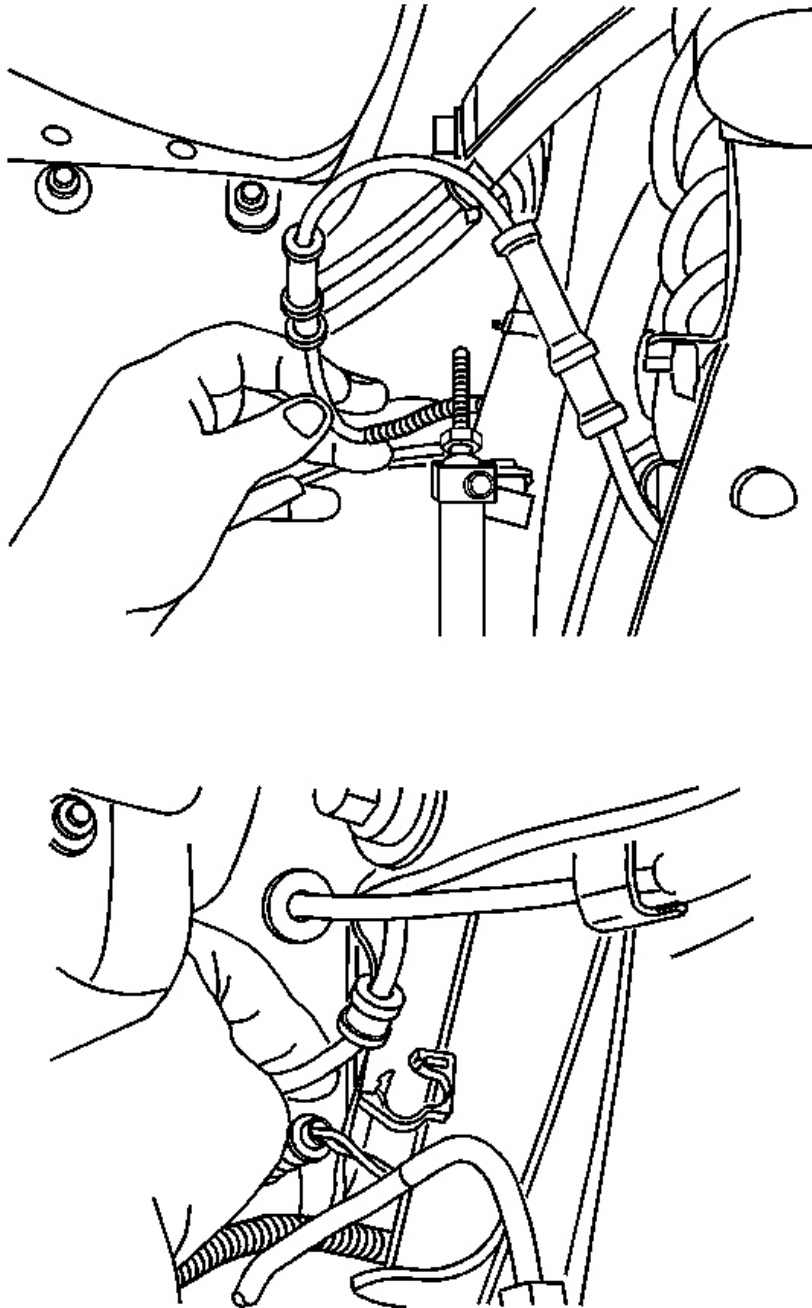


Fig. 80: Identifying Wheel Speed Sensor Wiring Harness
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

18. Install the left and right ABS wiring harnesses in the retainers.

19. Install the front propeller shaft. Refer to **Propeller Shaft Replacement - Front** in Propeller Shaft.
20. Fill the front differential with fluid. Refer to **Lubricant Replacement - Front Drive Axle**.

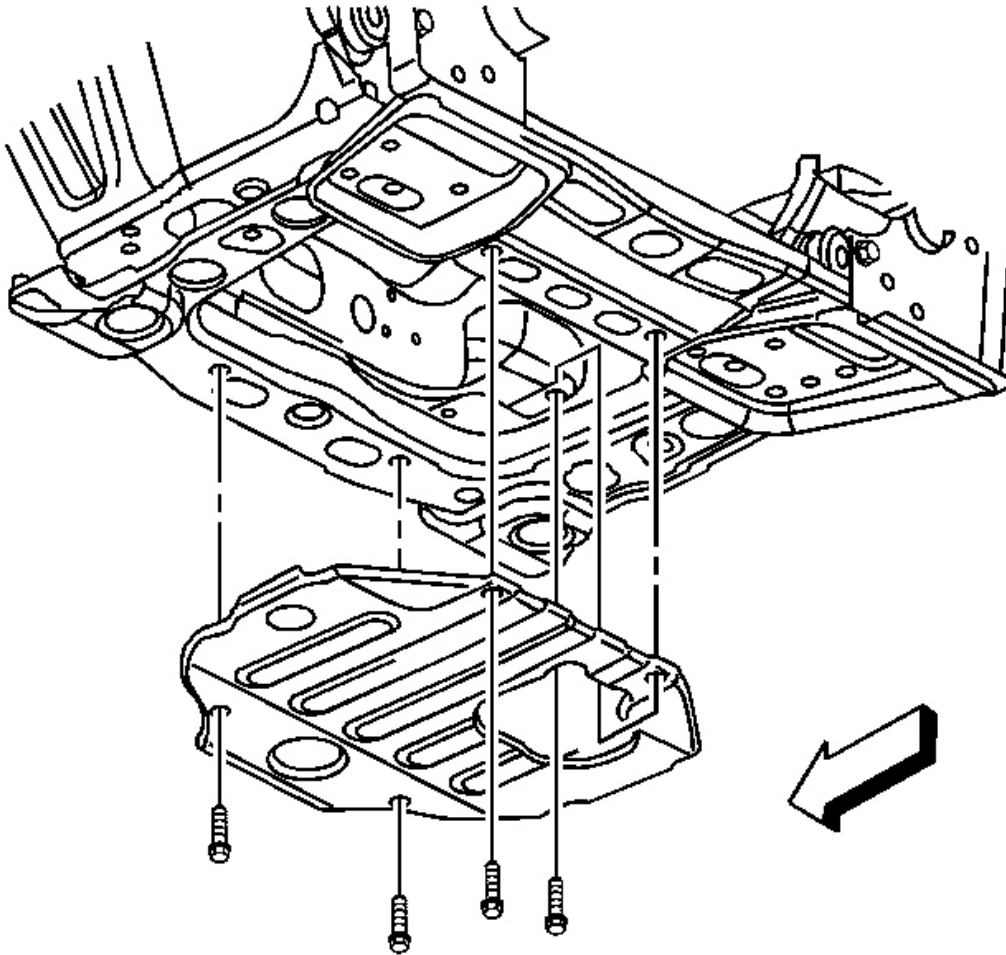


Fig. 81: Engine Protection Shield Removed
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

21. Install the engine protection shield. Refer to **Engine Protection Shield Replacement** in Frame and Underbody.
22. Install the tires and wheels. Refer to **Tire and Wheel Removal and Installation** in Tires and Wheels.

DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY OIL SEAL AND/OR BEARING REPLACEMENT

Tools Required

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

- **J 2619-01** Slide Hammer with Adapter
- **J 29369-1** Bushing and Bearing Remover. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 29369-2** Bushing and Bearing Remover (2-3 in)
- **J 45232** Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Installer - LH. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 45233** Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Installer - RH. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 45225** Axle Seal Installer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 6125-B** Slide Hammer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

Removal Procedure

IMPORTANT: The seals used in the differential carrier assembly have built in tabs that are used to retain the position of the differential side bearing adjusters. When removing the seal, do not twist or rotate the seal or the preload on the differential case side bearings may be affected.

1. Raise the vehicle. Refer to **Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle** in General Information.
2. Drain the lubricant from the differential carrier assembly. Refer to **Lubricant Replacement - Front Drive Axle**.
3. Remove the left wheel drive shaft. Refer to **Wheel Drive Shaft Replacement** in Wheel Drive Shafts.

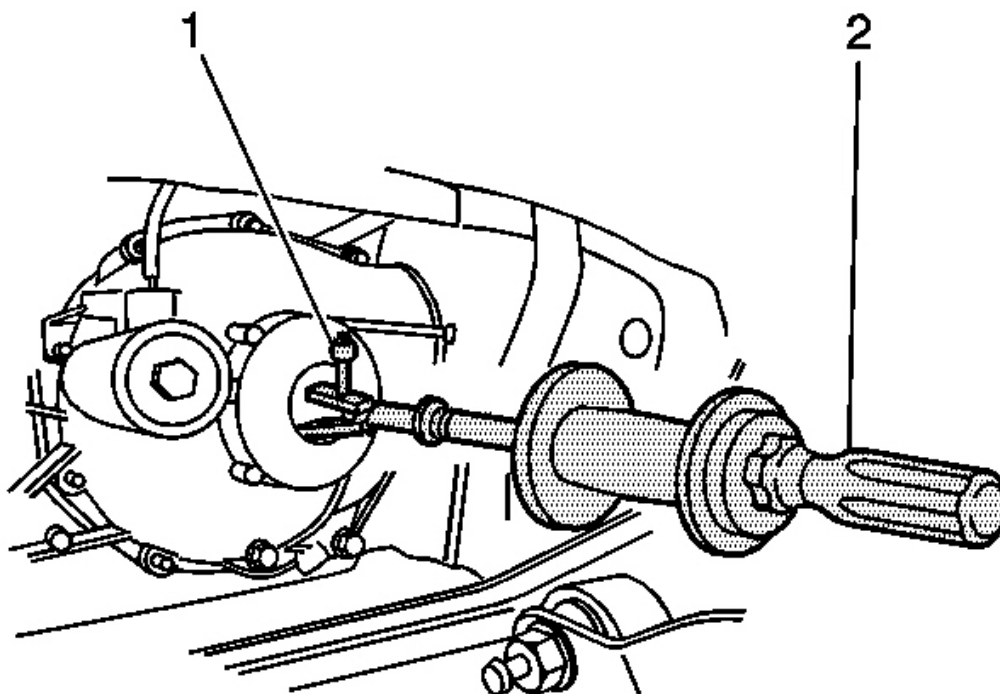


Fig. 82: Installing Slide Hammer, Bushing and Bearing Remover (2"-3")
 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the **J 6125-B** (2) and the **J 29369-2** (1) onto the backside of the seal as shown.
5. Remove the seal by pulling on the **J 6125-B** (1). See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
6. Place an alignment mark between the differential bearing adjuster and the differential carrier assembly case.
7. Install the **J 6125-B** and the. See **Special Tools and Equipment**. **J 29369-2** onto the backside of the bearing cage.
8. Remove the bearing by pulling on the **J 6125-B** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
9. Remove the differential carrier assembly. Refer to **Differential Carrier Assembly Replacement (4.8L, 5.3L, 6.0L V8)**.

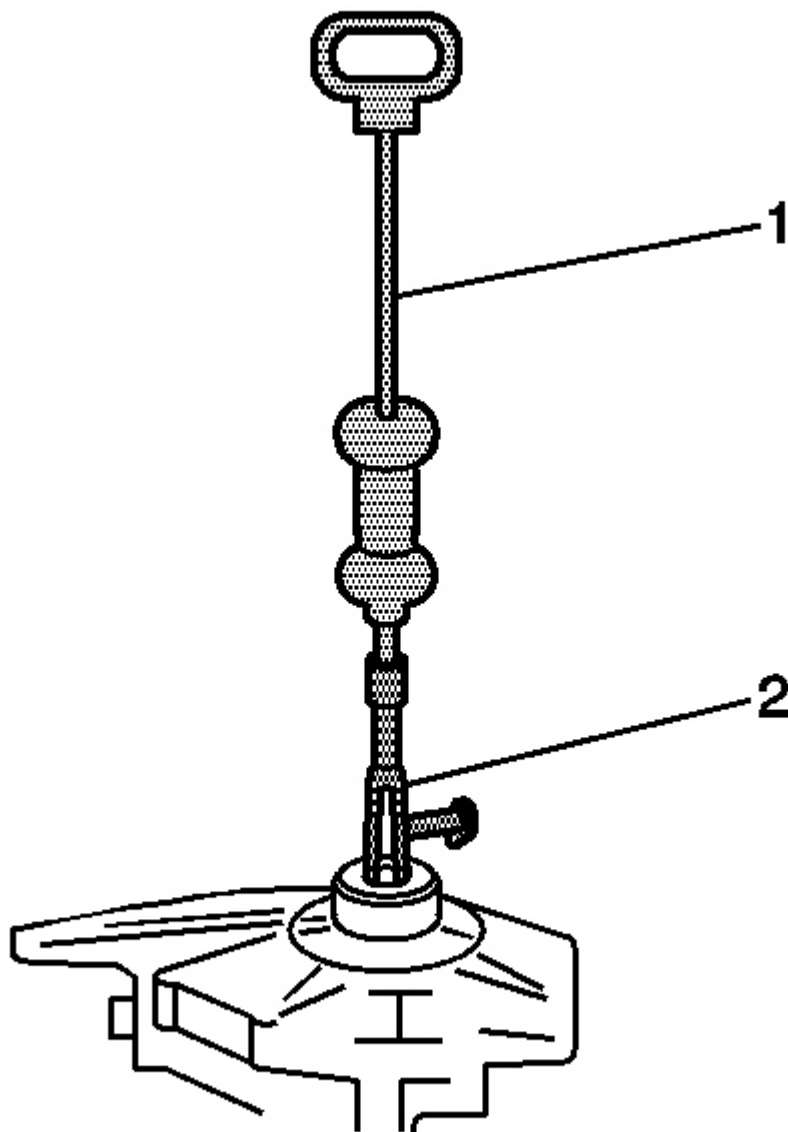


Fig. 83: Installing Bushing, Bearing Remover And Slide Hammer With Adapter
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Install the **J 29369-1** (2) and the **J 2619-01** (1) onto the backside of the seal as shown.
11. Remove the seal by pulling on the **J 2619-01** (1).
12. Place an alignment mark between the differential bearing adjuster and the differential carrier assembly case.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

13. Install the **J 6125-B** and the **J 29369-2** onto the backside of the bearing cage.
14. Remove the bearing by pulling on the **J 6125-B** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT: The seals used in the differential carrier assembly have built in tabs that are used to retain the position of the differential side bearing adjusters. When installing the seal, it is not necessary to align the tabs to the slots on the differential side bearing adjuster. Two of the tabs on the seal will automatically align themselves with the slots on the differential side bearing adjuster when the seal is installed.

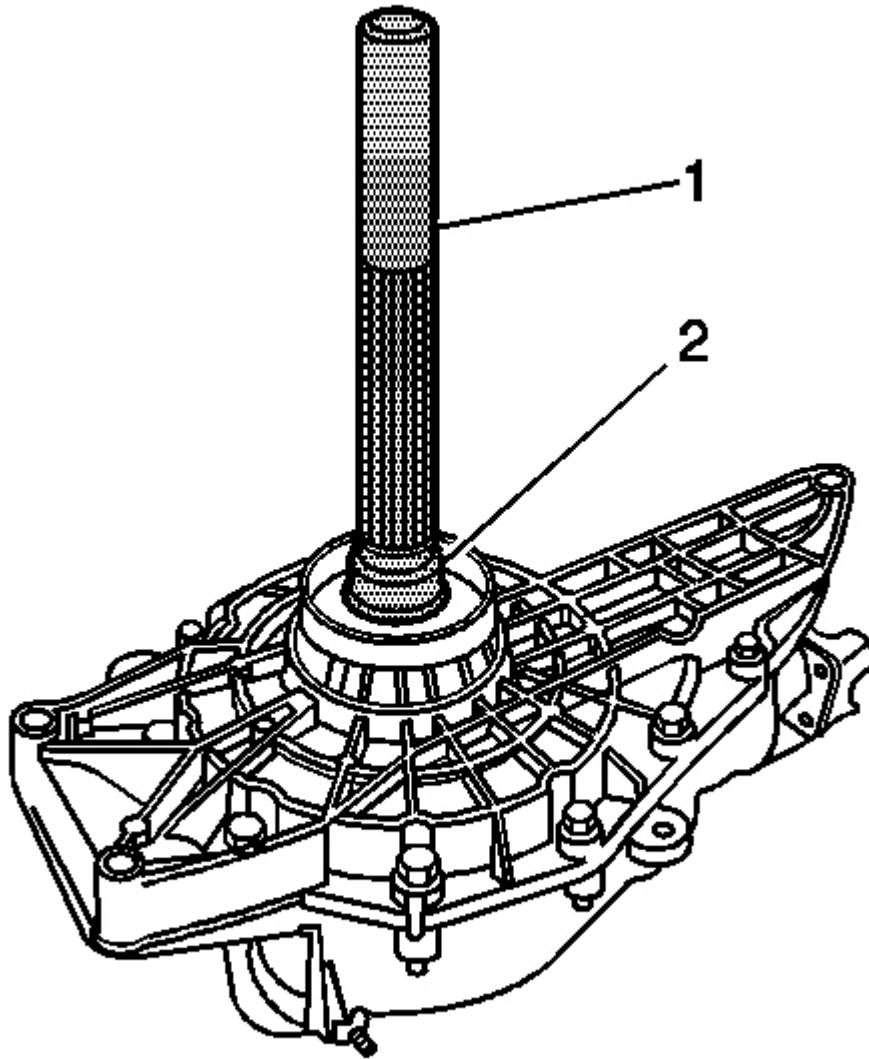


Fig. 84: Installing Bearing (Print Side Out) Using And
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the bearing (print side out) using the **J 45233** (2) and the. **J 8092** (1).
2. Inspect the alignment between the differential bearing adjuster and the differential carrier assembly case. If the line between the differential bearing adjuster and the differential carrier assembly case is not aligned, re-align the 2 components as necessary.

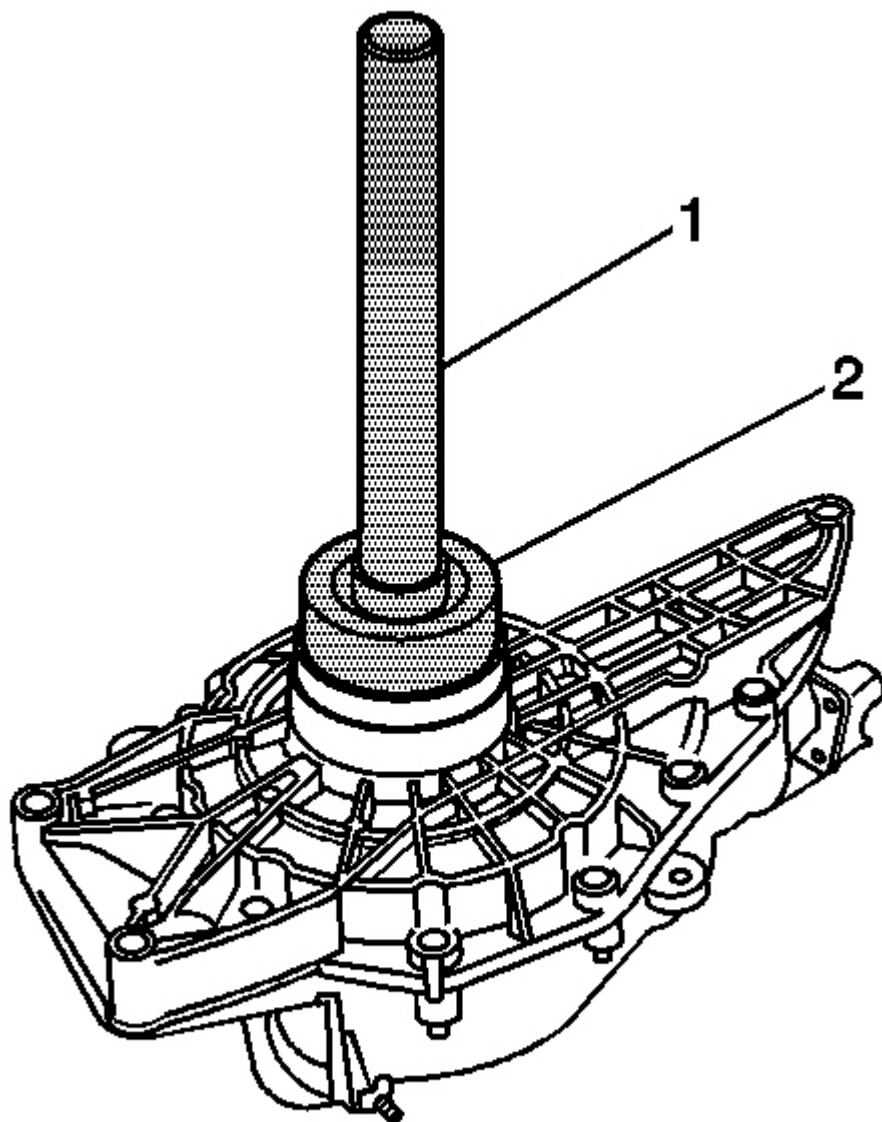


Fig. 85: Axle Seal Installer And Universal Driver Handle (Right)
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the new inner shaft seal using the **J 45225** (2) and the. **J 8092** (1).
4. Install the differential carrier assembly. Refer to **Differential Carrier Assembly Replacement (4.8L, 5.3L, 6.0L V8)**.

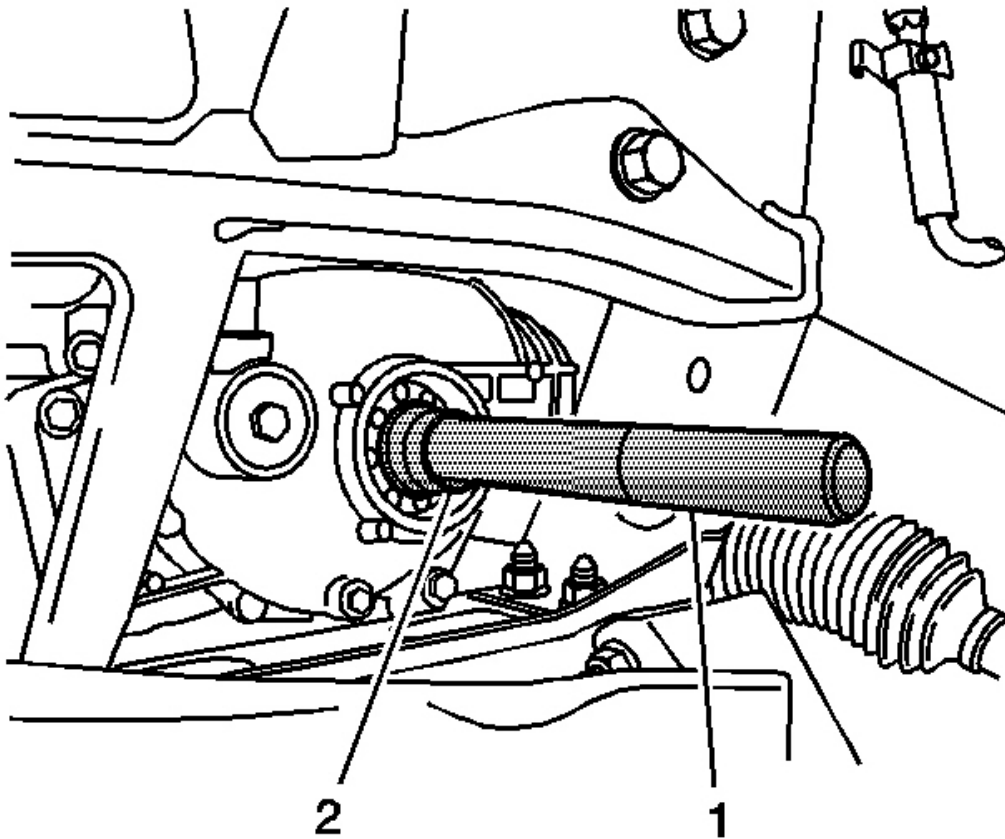


Fig. 86: Installing Bearing (Print Side Out) Using And
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Install the bearing (print side out) using the **J 45232** (2) and the. **J 8092** (1).
6. Inspect the alignment mark between the differential bearing adjuster and the differential carrier assembly case. If the line between the differential bearing adjuster and the differential carrier assembly case is not aligned, re-align the 2 components as necessary.

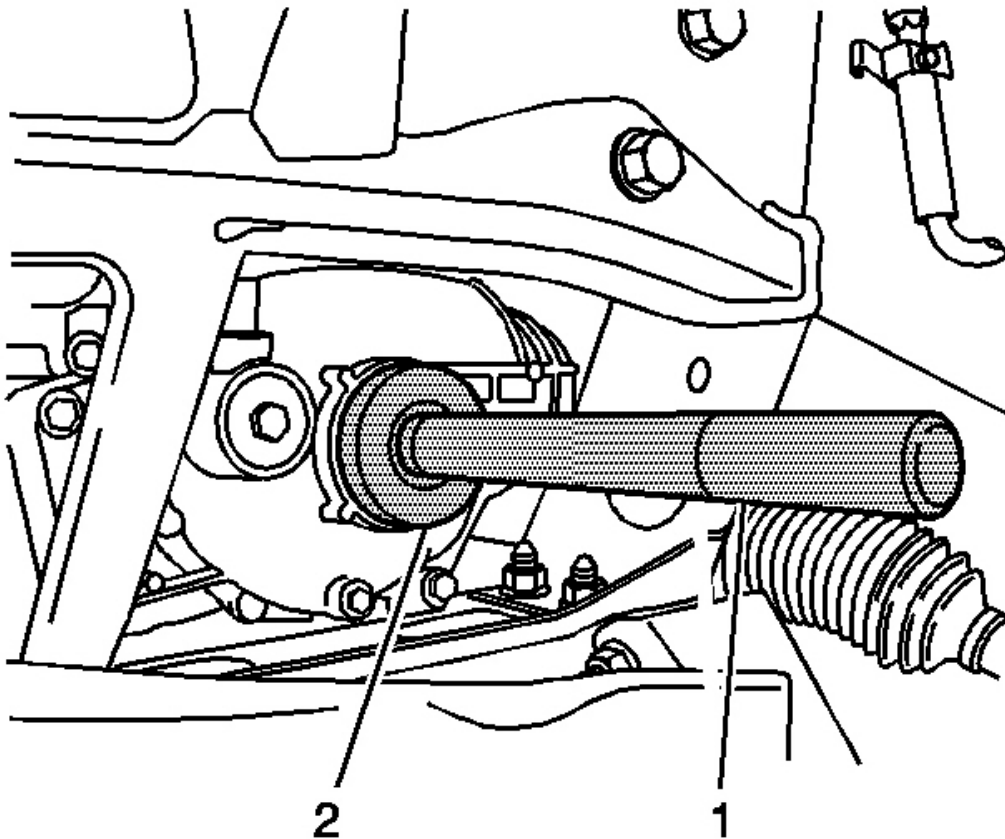


Fig. 87: Installing New Inner Shaft Seal Using And
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the new inner shaft seal using the **J 45225** (2) and the. **J 8092** (1).
8. Install the left wheel drive shaft. Refer to **Wheel Drive Shaft Replacement** in Wheel Drive Shafts.
9. Fill the differential carrier assembly with axle lubricant. Use the proper lubricant. Refer to **Lubricant Replacement - Front Drive Axle**.
10. Lower the vehicle.

INTERMEDIATE SHAFT BEARING ASSEMBLY - DISASSEMBLE

Disassembly Procedure

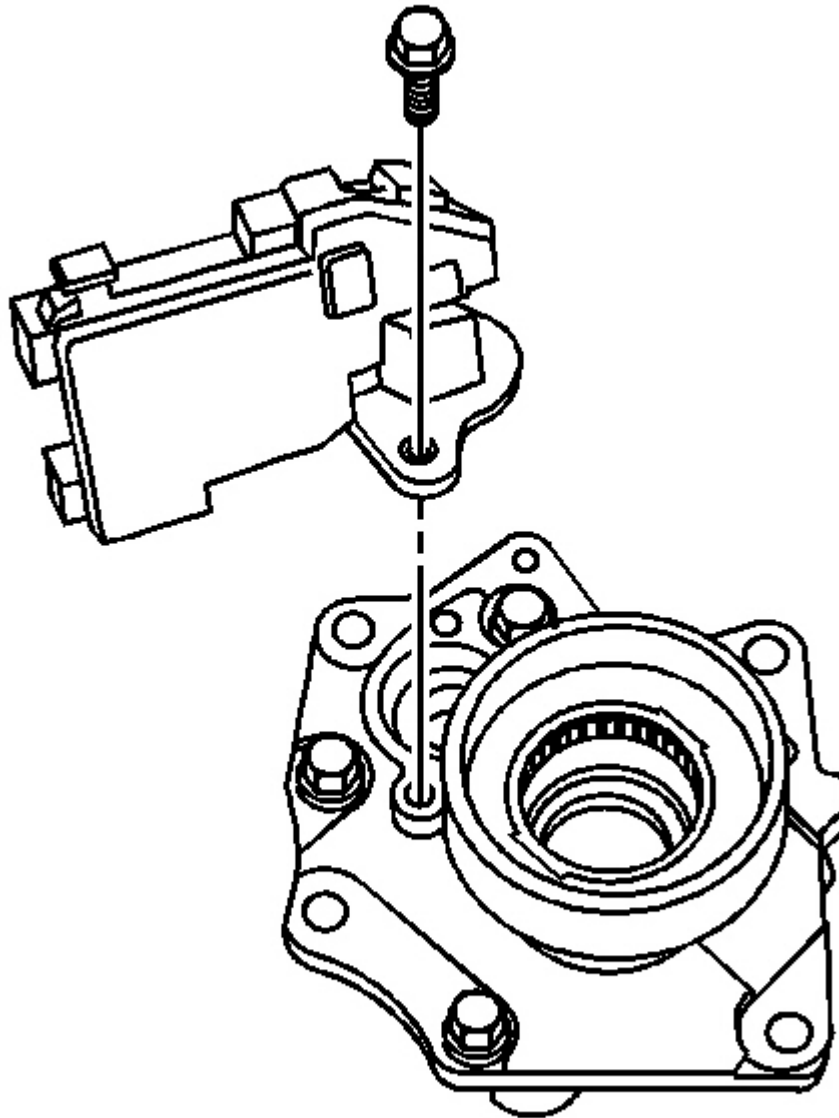


Fig. 88: Actuator And Actuator Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Remove the actuator assembly bolts.
2. Remove the actuator assembly.

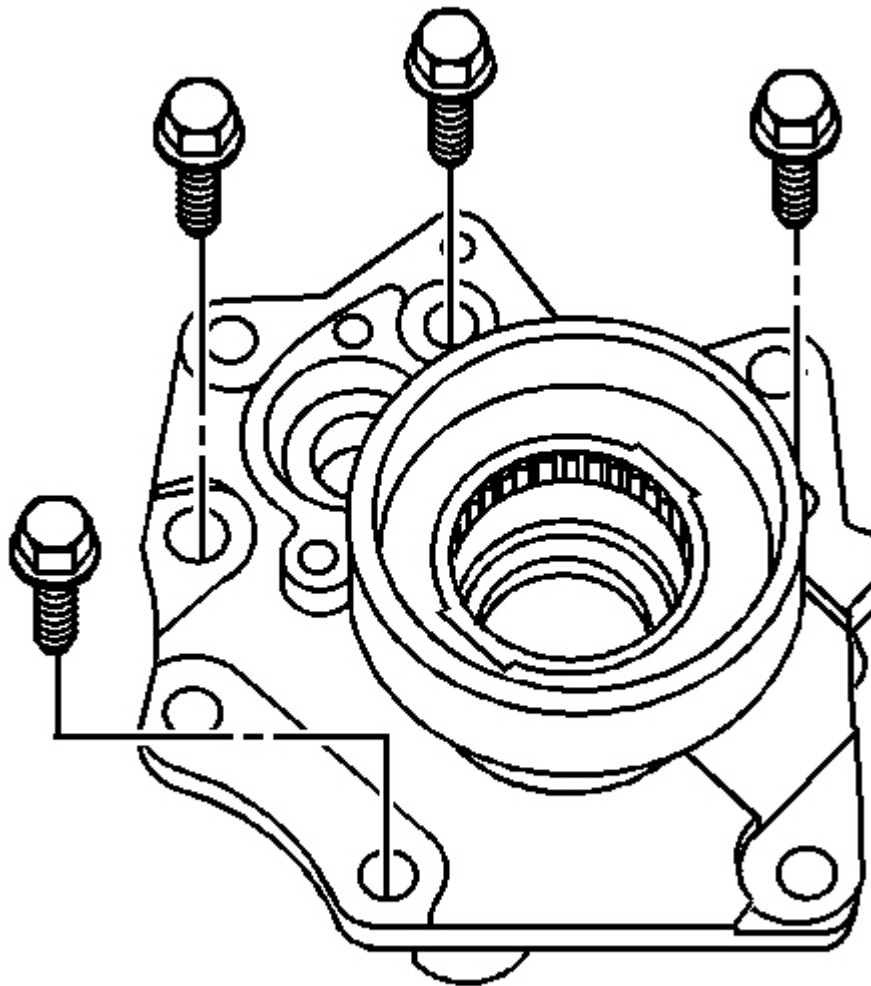


Fig. 89: Intermediate Shaft Bearing Case Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the intermediate shaft bearing assembly bolts.
4. Separate the intermediate shaft bearing assembly case halves.

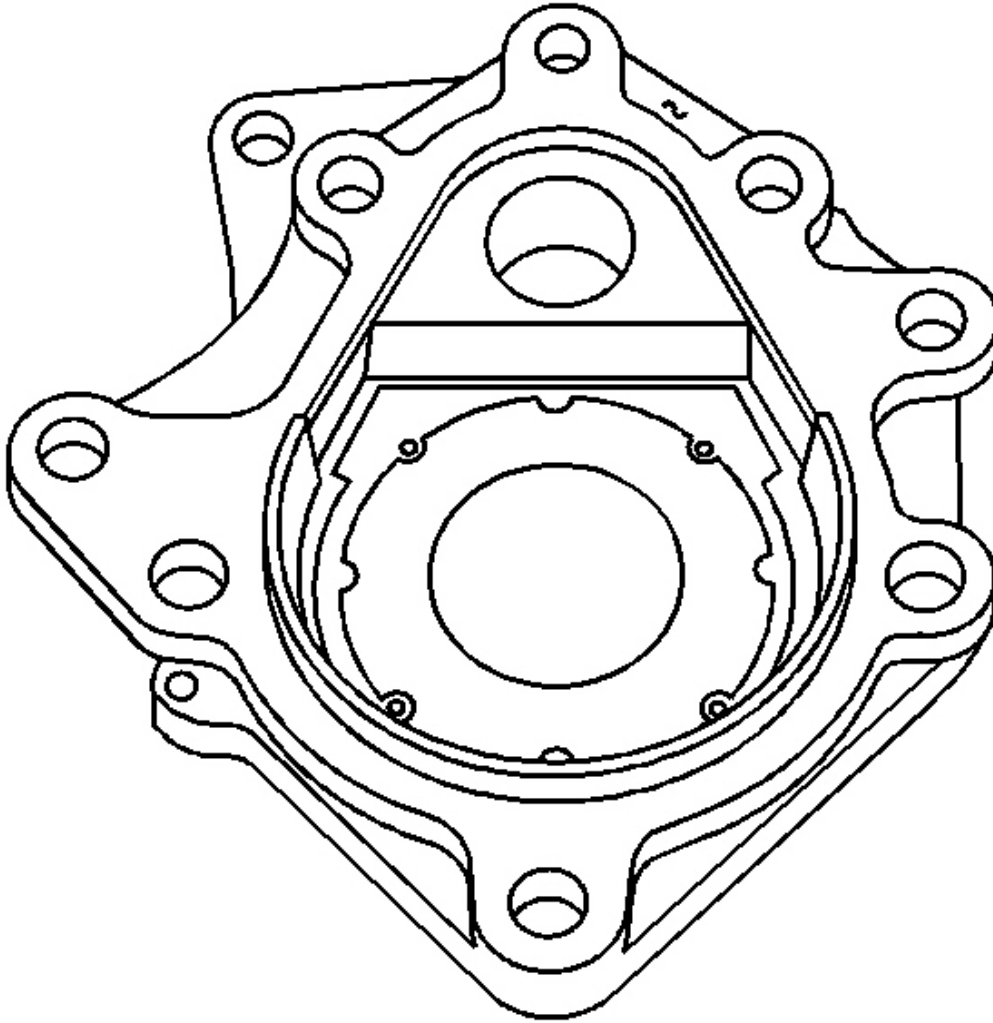


Fig. 90: Thrust Washer
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the thrust washer.

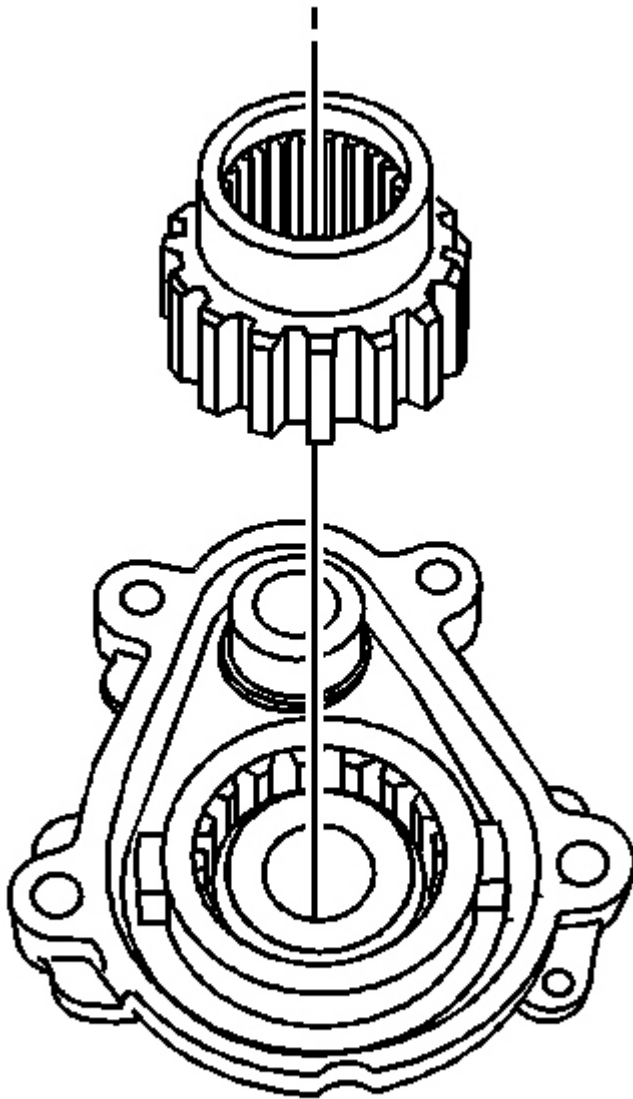


Fig. 91: Outer Clutch Fork Gear
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Remove the clutch fork gear.

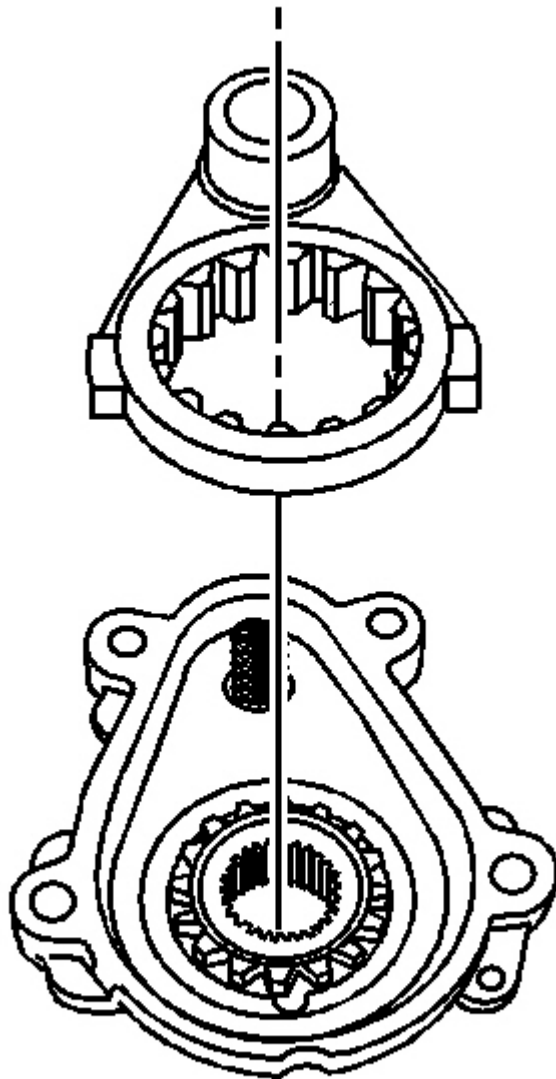


Fig. 92: Clutch Fork And Clutch Fork Sleeve
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Remove the clutch fork and the clutch fork sleeve.

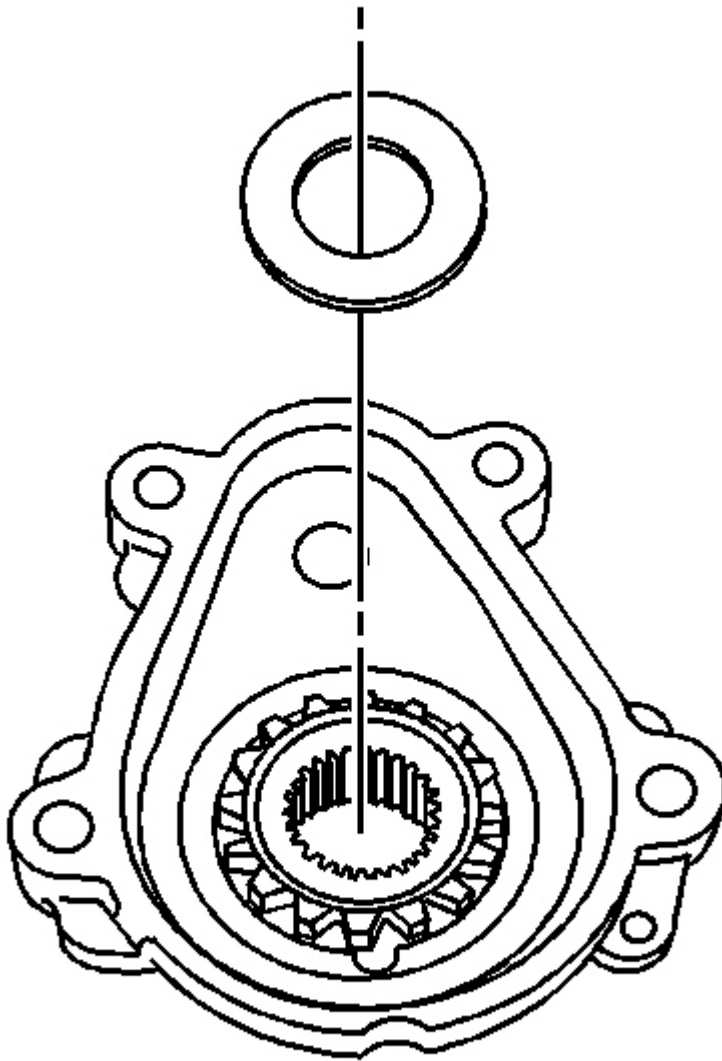


Fig. 93: Washer

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Remove the washer.

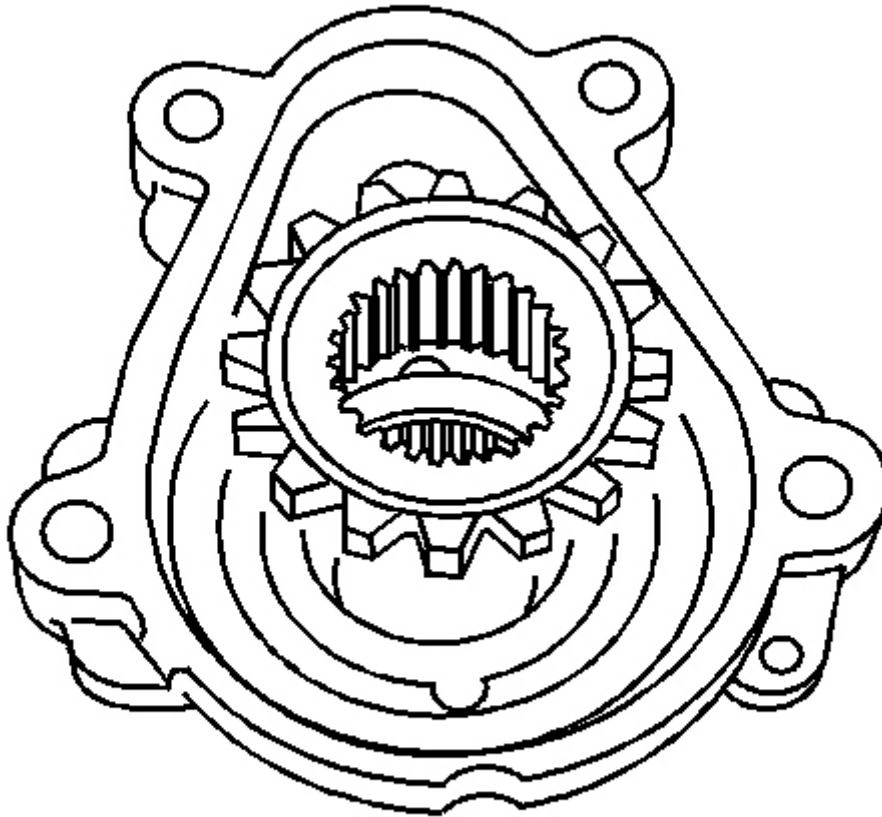


Fig. 94: Inner Clutch Fork Gear
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Remove the clutch fork sleeve gear.

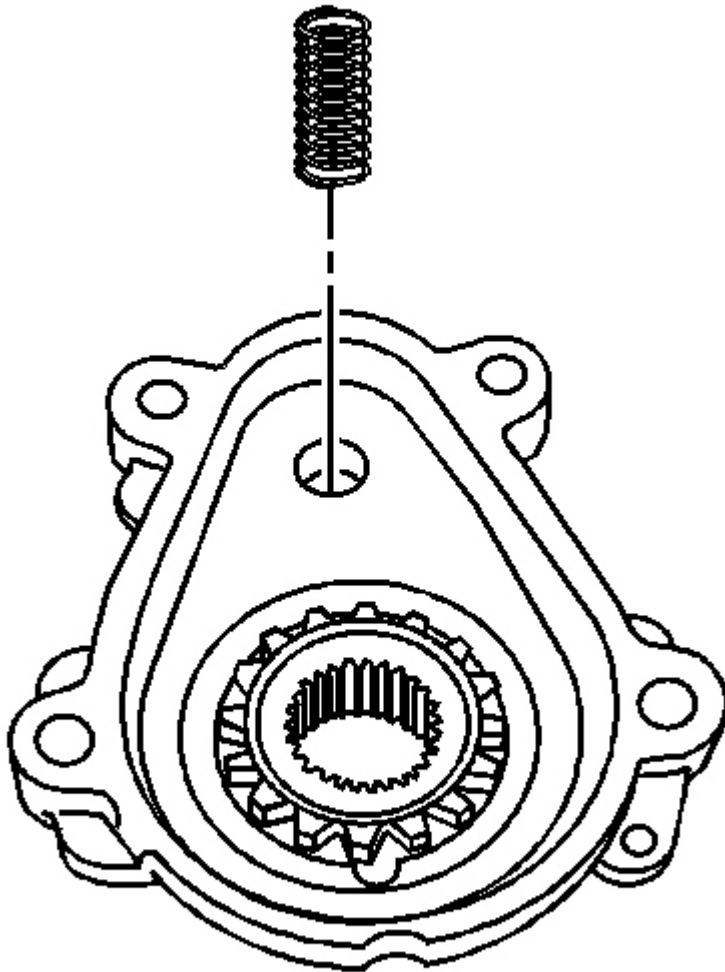


Fig. 95: Clutch Fork Spring

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Remove the clutch fork spring.

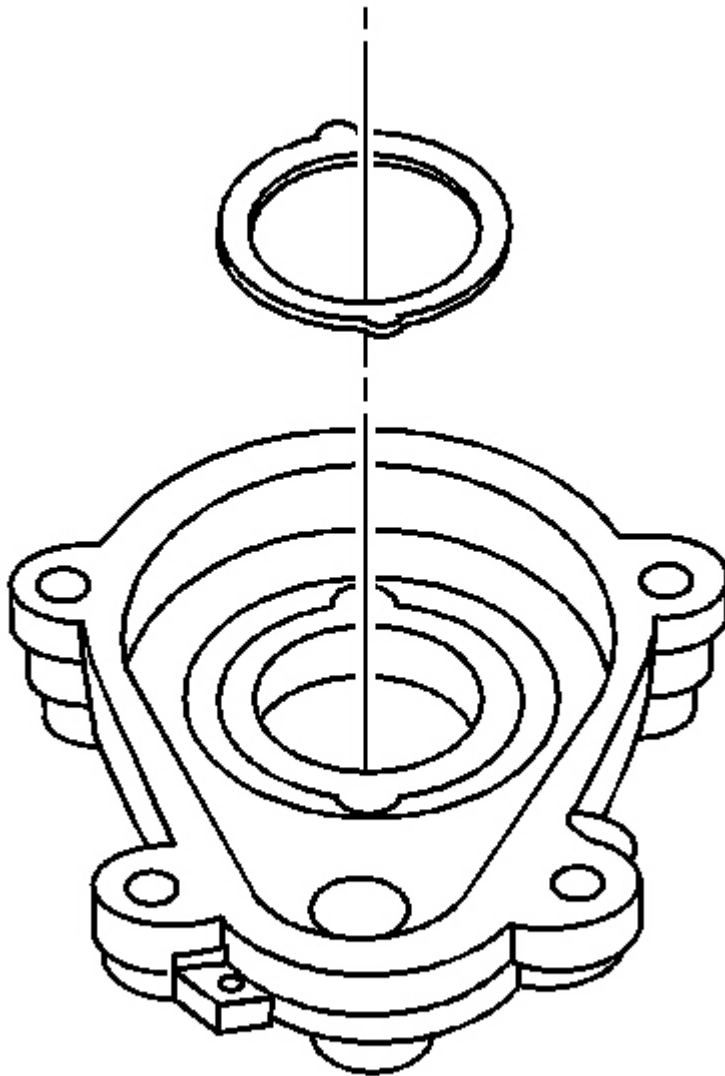


Fig. 96: Thrust Washer
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

11. Remove the thrust washer.

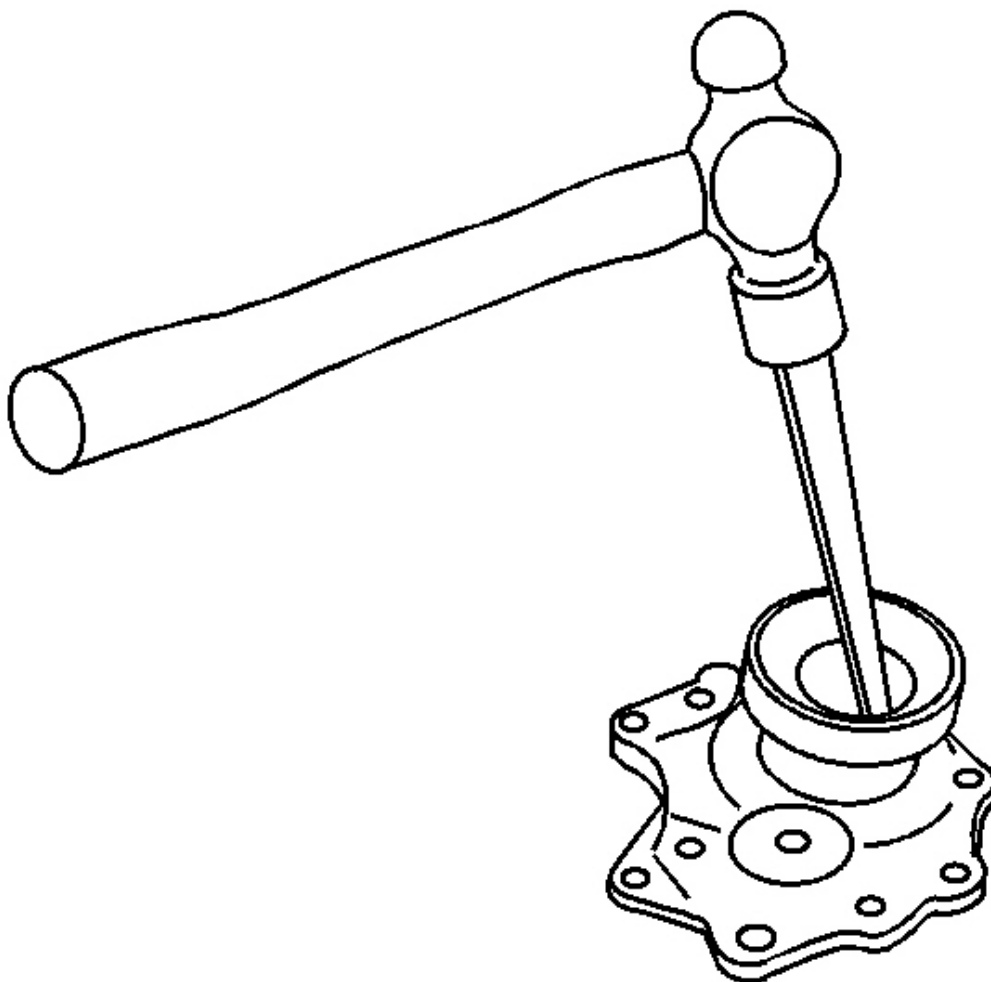


Fig. 97: Removing Inner Bearing From Outer Intermediate Shaft Bearing Case Half
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

12. Remove the inner bearing from the outer intermediate shaft bearing case half using a hammer and a brass drift.
13. Remove the outer bearing from the outer intermediate shaft bearing case half using a hammer and a brass drift.

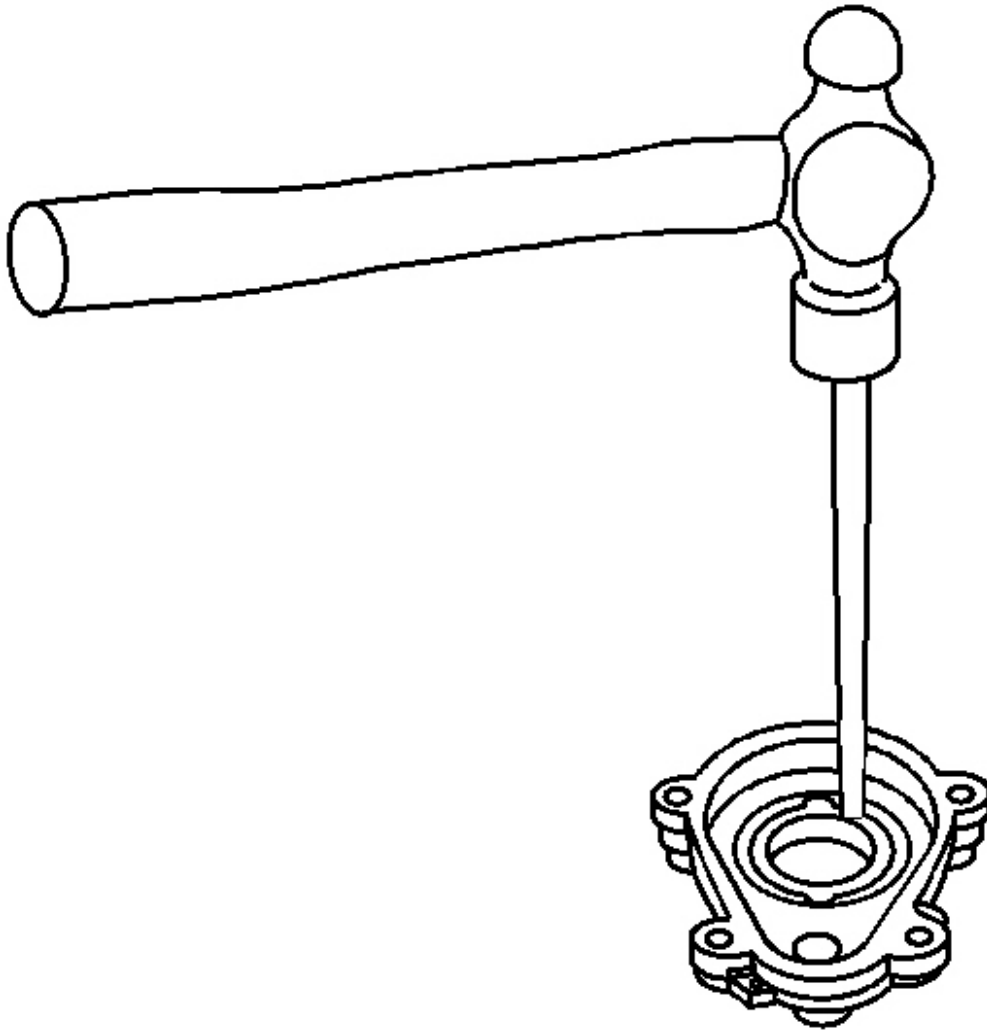


Fig. 98: Removing Bearing From Inner Intermediate Shaft Bearing Case Half
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

14. Remove the bearing from the inner intermediate shaft bearing case half using a hammer and a brass drift.

INTERMEDIATE SHAFT BEARING ASSEMBLY CLUTCH FORK AND SLEEVE INSPECTION

- Inspect the carrier connector for damaged splines and teeth. Replace as required.
- Inspect the clutch fork for wear, scoring, and damage to the thrust surfaces. Replace as required.
- Inspect the differential sleeve and the inner output shaft for damaged splines and teeth. Replace as

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

required.

- Inspect the damper spring for breakage. Replace or repair the damper spring as needed.
- Inspect the differential actuator and the engagement switch for damage and frayed wiring.

INTERMEDIATE SHAFT BEARING ASSEMBLY CASE BEARINGS AND THRUST WASHERS INSPECTION

1. Inspect the bearing rollers for wear.
2. Inspect the bearings for smooth rotation after oiling.
3. Inspect the thrust washers for wear.

DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY - DISASSEMBLE

Tools Required

- **J 22912-01** Split-Plate Bearing Puller. See Special Tools and Equipment.
- **J 2619-01** Slide Hammer with Adapter
- **J 29369-1** Bushing and Bearing Remover. See Special Tools and Equipment.
- **J 29369-2** Bushing and Bearing Remover (2"-3")
- **J 42213** Adjuster Sleeve Socket. See Special Tools and Equipment.
- **J 45224** Side Bearing Adjustment Wrench. See Special Tools and Equipment.
- **J 45228** Pinion Bearing Cup Remover/Installer. See Special Tools and Equipment.
- **J 45234** Pinion Remover. See Special Tools and Equipment.
- **J 8614-01** Flange and Pulley Holding Tool. See Special Tools and Equipment.

Inspection Procedure

Perform the following before disassembling the differential carrier assembly:

1. Remove the drain plug from the axle.
2. Drain the axle lubricant.
3. Inspect the oil and the case for metal chips.

Determine the source of the metal chips, such as a broken gear or bearing cage.

4. Inspect the ring gear backlash. Refer to Backlash Inspection and Adjustment.
5. Measure the rotating torque of the pinion and differential case using an inch-pound torque wrench.

This information can be used in order to determine the cause of the axle problem. The information will also help when setting up and Preloading the differential case.

Determine the cause of the axle problem before disassembly, if possible.

Disassembly Procedure

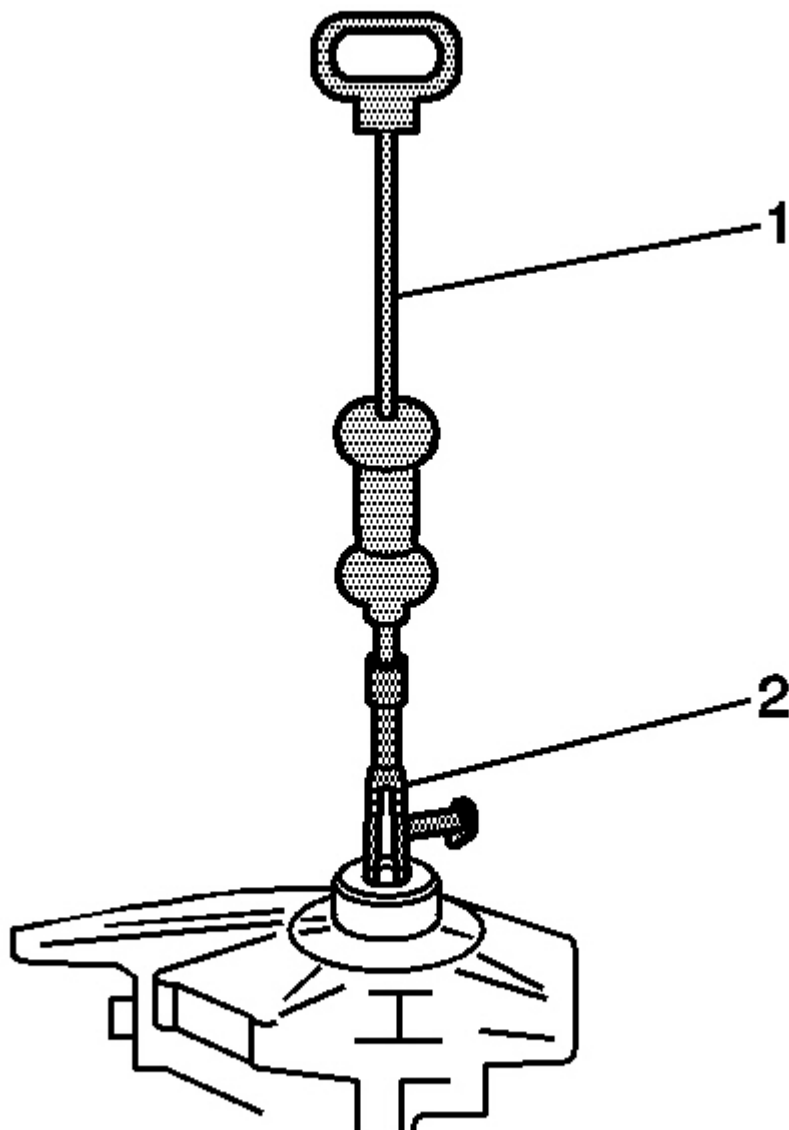


Fig. 99: Installing Bushing, Bearing Remover And Slide Hammer With Adapter
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the **J 29369-1** (2) and the **J 2619-01** (1) to the inboard or oil pan side seal as shown.
2. Remove the seal by pulling on the **J 2619-01** (1).

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

3. Install the **J 29369-2** and the **J 2619-01** to the outboard or wheel drive shaft side seal.
4. Remove the seal by pulling on the **J 2619-01**.

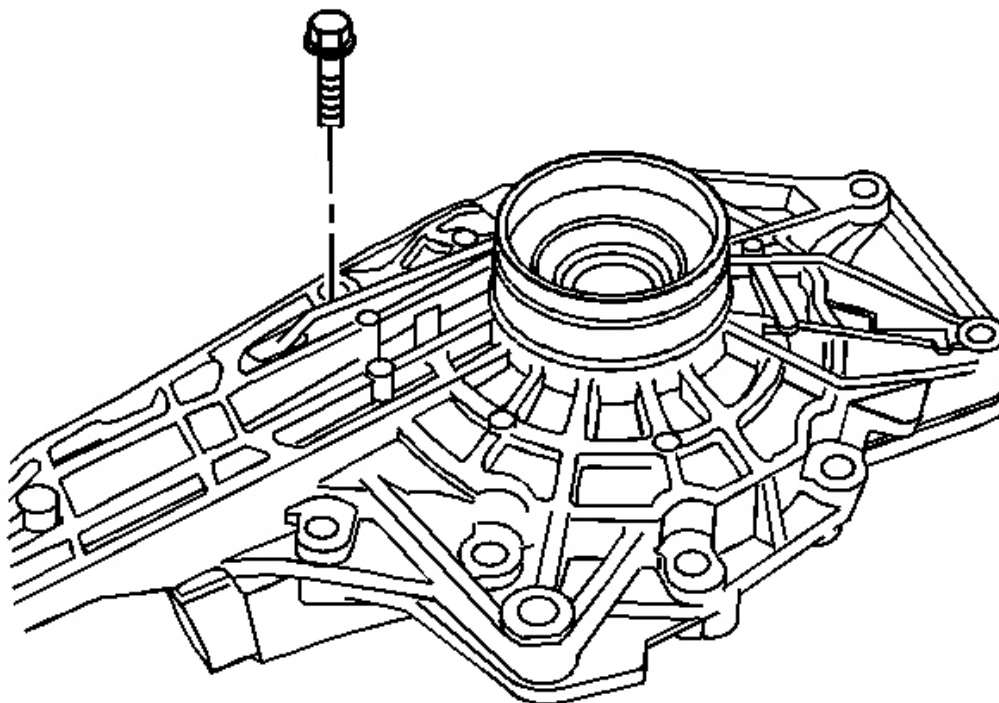


Fig. 100: Differential Carrier Case Half Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the differential carrier case half bolts.
6. Separate the differential carrier case assembly case halves.

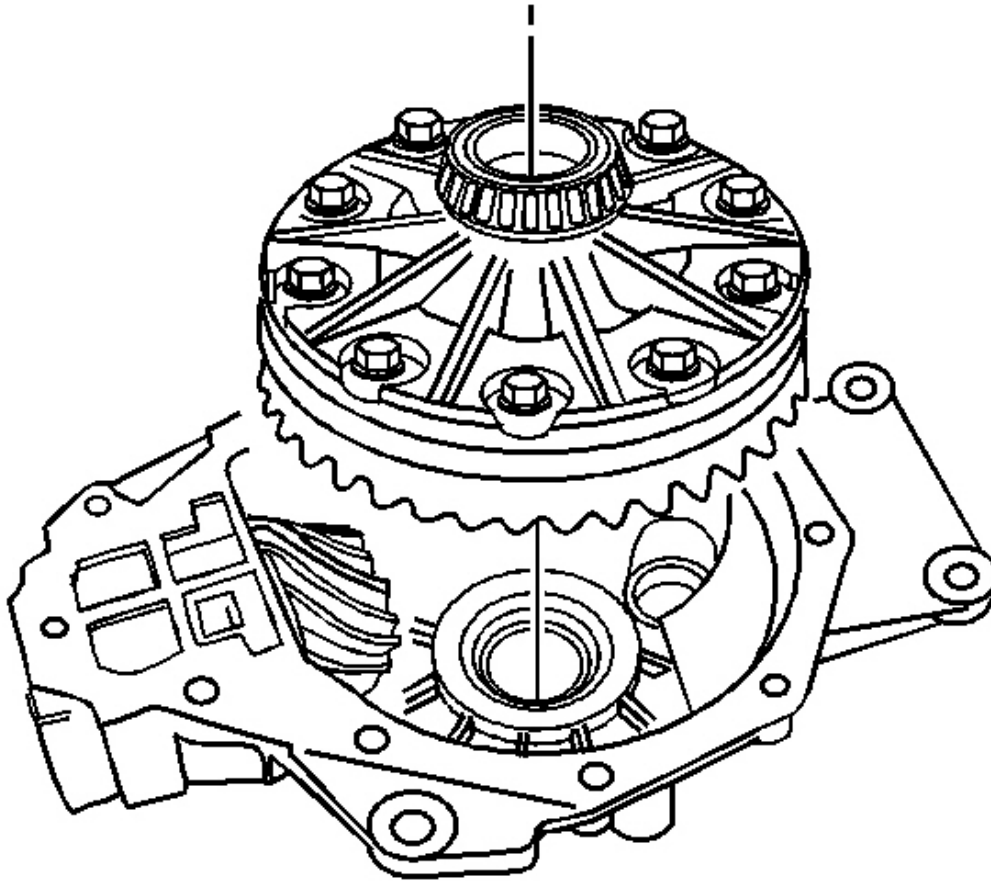


Fig. 101: Differential Case Assembly
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Remove the differential case assembly.

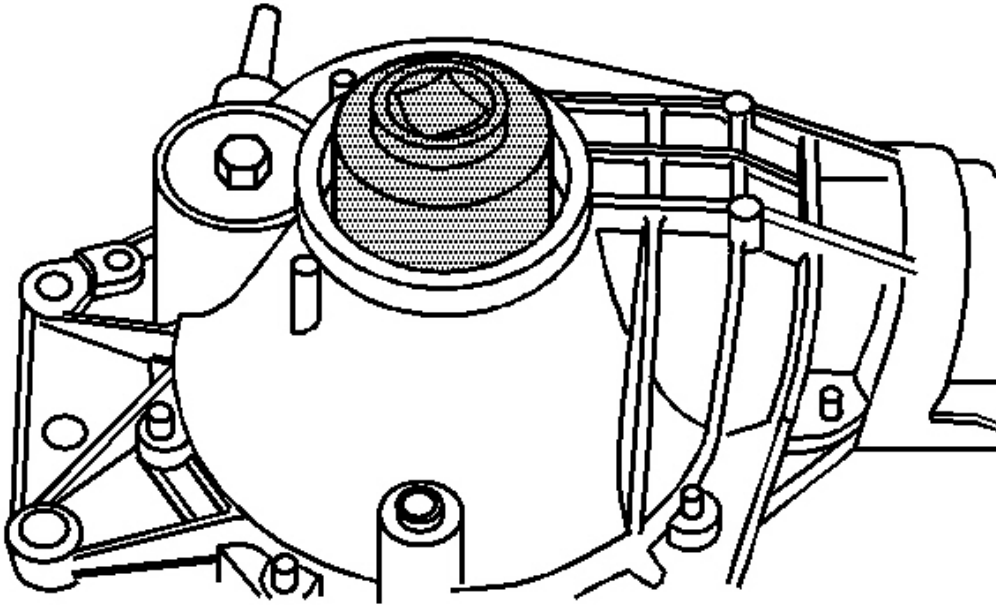


Fig. 102: Side Bearing Adjuster
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Install the **J 42213** to the left side differential bearing adjuster. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

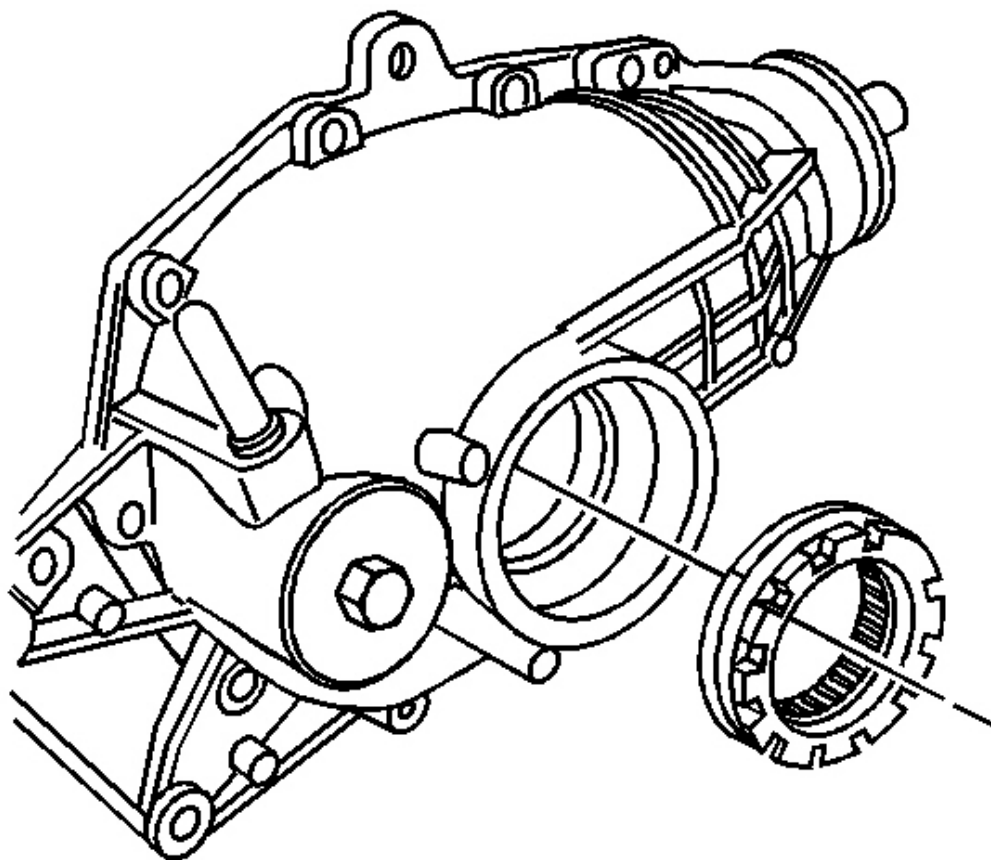


Fig. 103: Left Side Differential Bearing Adjuster
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The differential bearing adjusters are not interchangeable. Mark the adjusters accordingly.

9. Remove the left side differential bearing adjuster using the J 42213 . See Special Tools and Equipment.

Mark the adjuster.

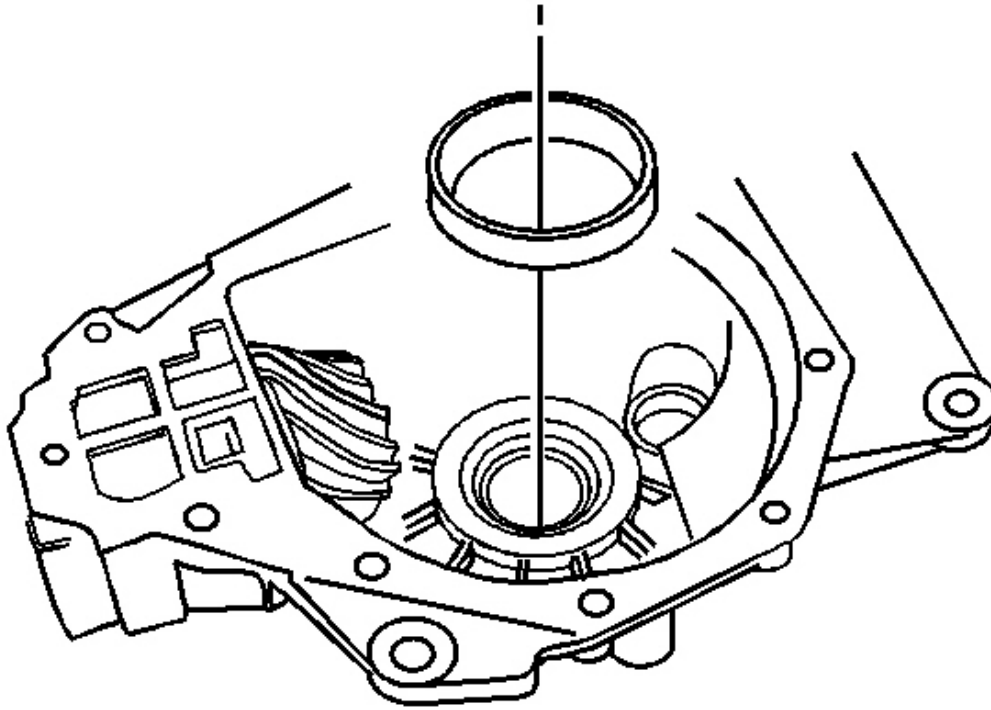


Fig. 104: Left Differential Case Side Bearing Cup
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Remove the left side differential bearing cup.
11. Install the **J 45224** to the right side differential bearing adjuster. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

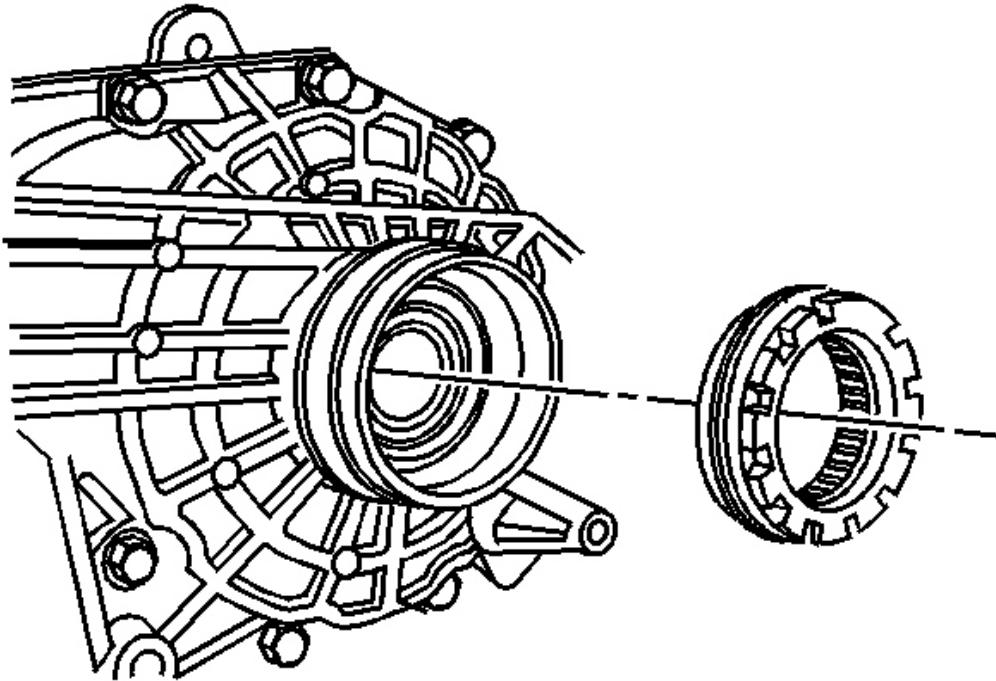


Fig. 105: Right Side Differential Bearing Adjuster
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The differential bearing adjusters are not interchangeable. Mark the adjusters accordingly.

12. Remove the right side differential bearing adjuster using the **J 45224** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**. Mark the adjuster.

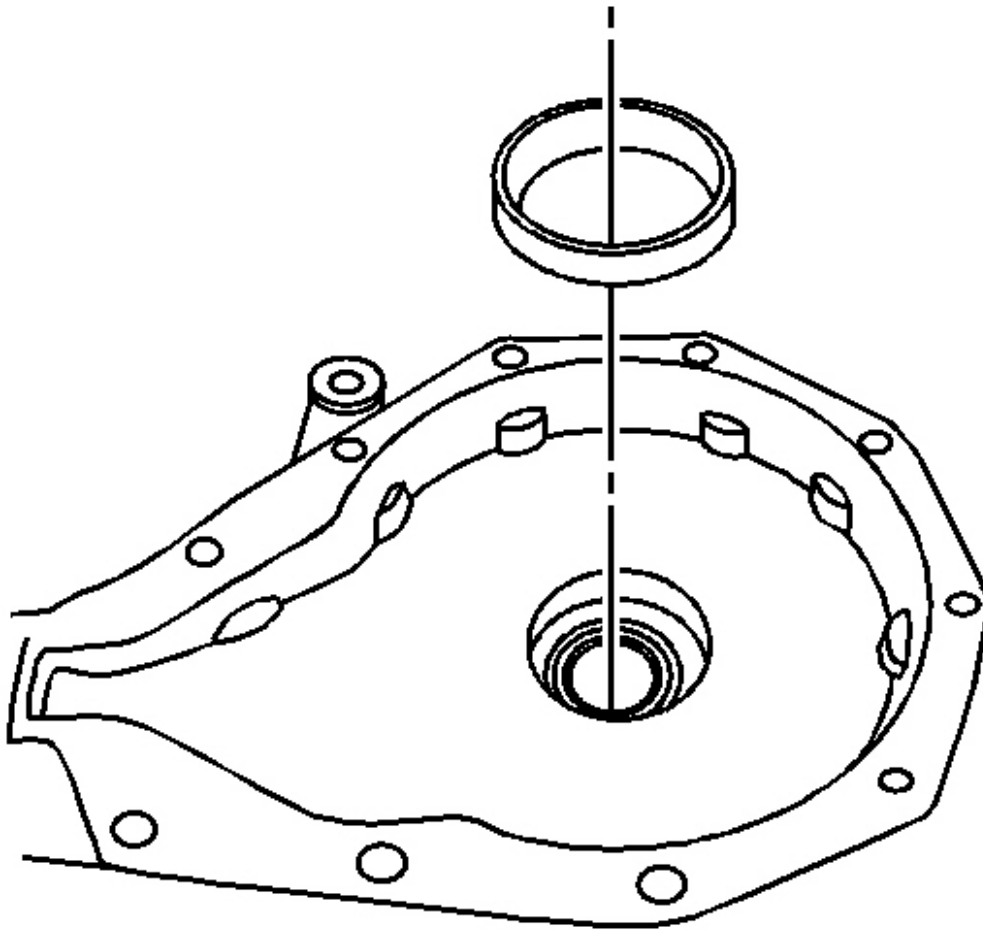


Fig. 106: Right Side Differential Bearing Cup
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

13. Remove the right side differential bearing cup.

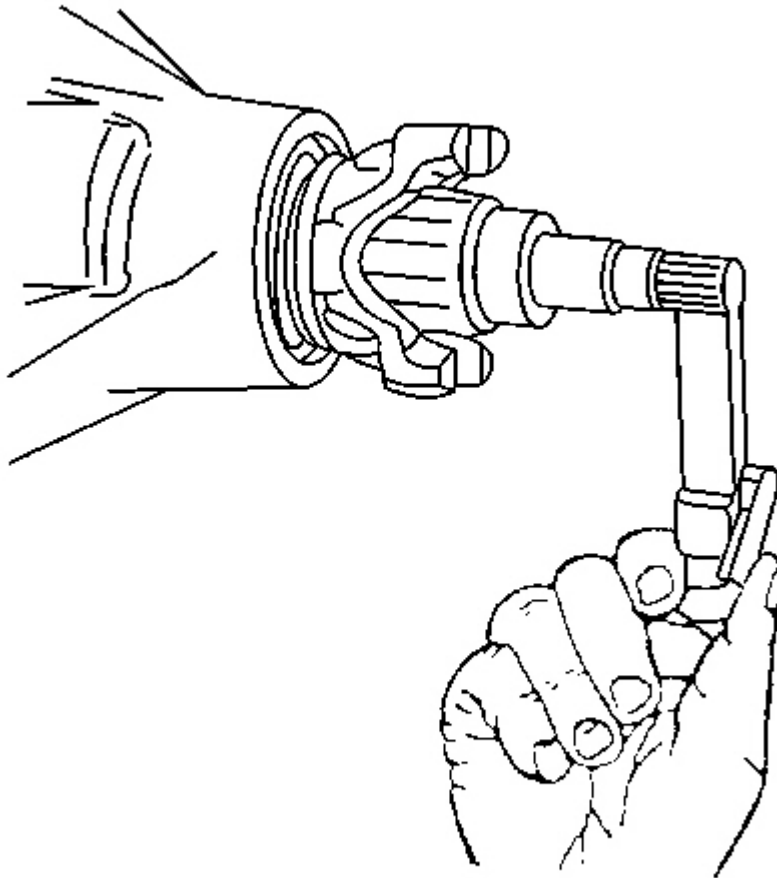


Fig. 107: Measuring Pinion Rotation Torque - Front Axle
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

14. Measure the rotating torque of the drive pinion using an inch-pound torque wrench. Record the measurement.

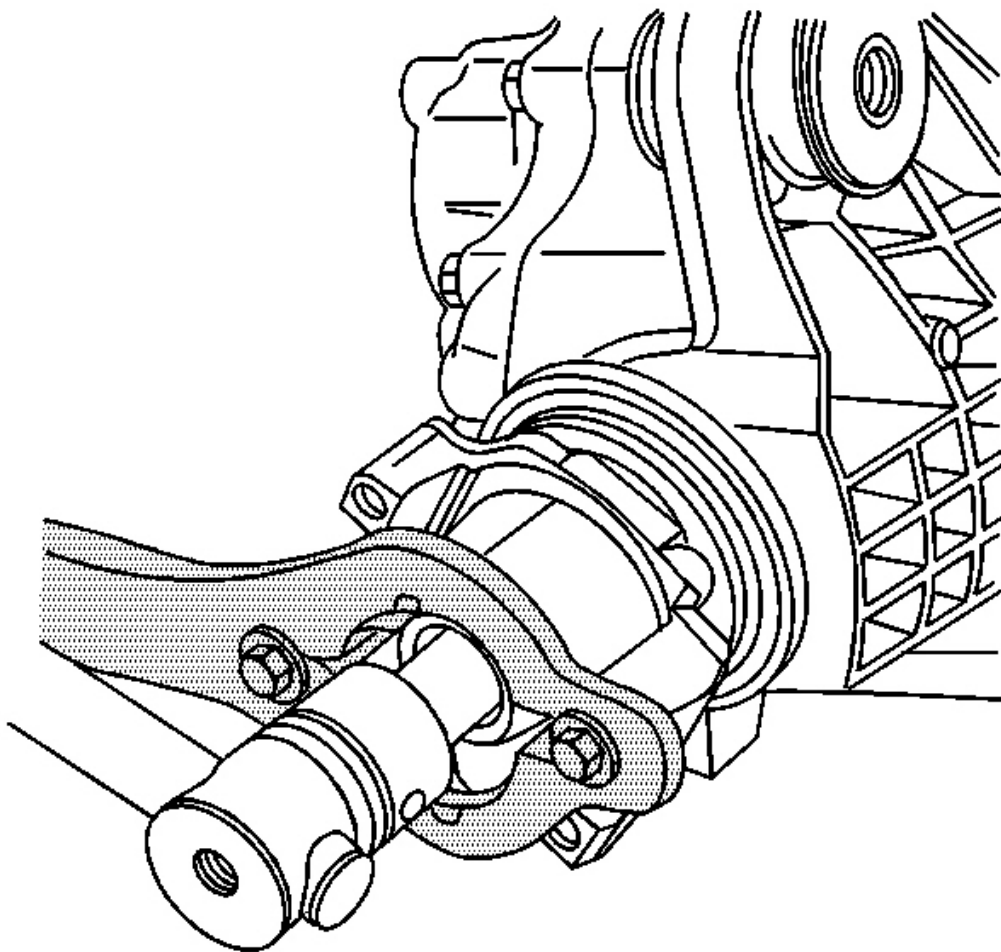


Fig. 108: Holding Pinion Flange Using Special Tool
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

15. Install the **J 8614-01** to the pinion yoke as shown. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
16. Remove the pinion nut while holding the **J 8614-01** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

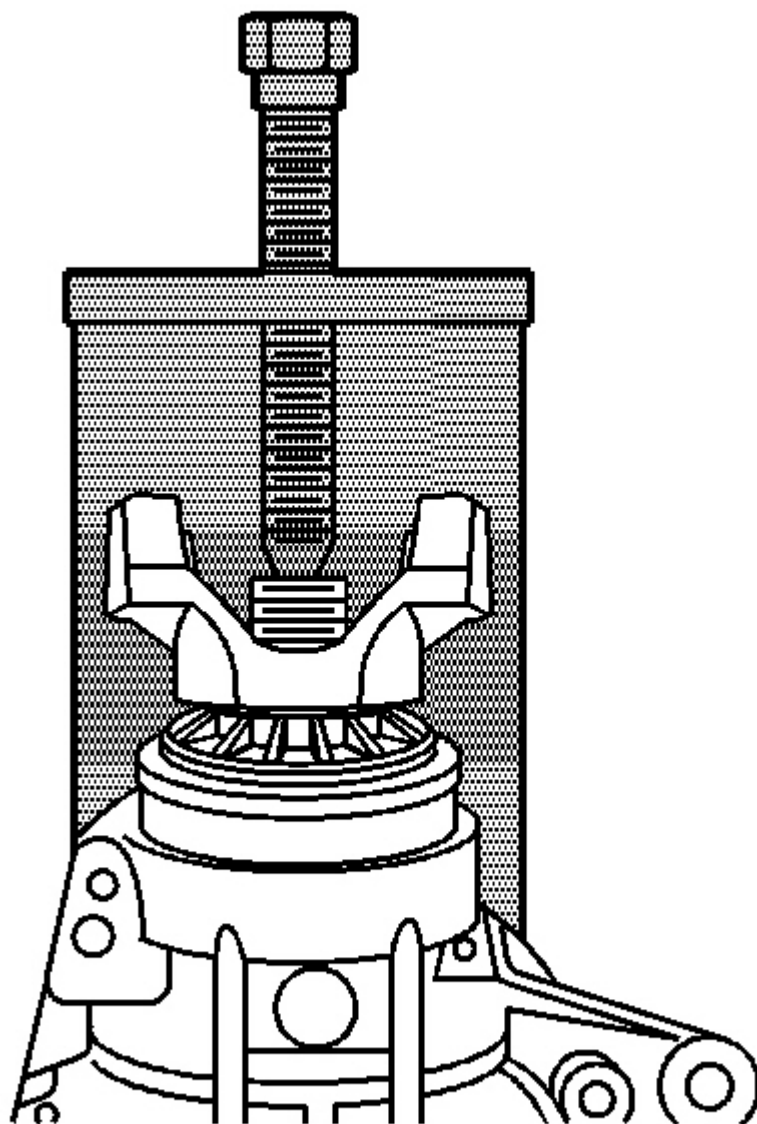


Fig. 109: Installing To Left Differential Carrier Assembly Case Half
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

17. Install the **J 45234** to the left differential carrier assembly case half as shown. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
18. Remove the pinion yoke, the washer, and the drive pinion by turning the screw of the **J 45234** clockwise. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

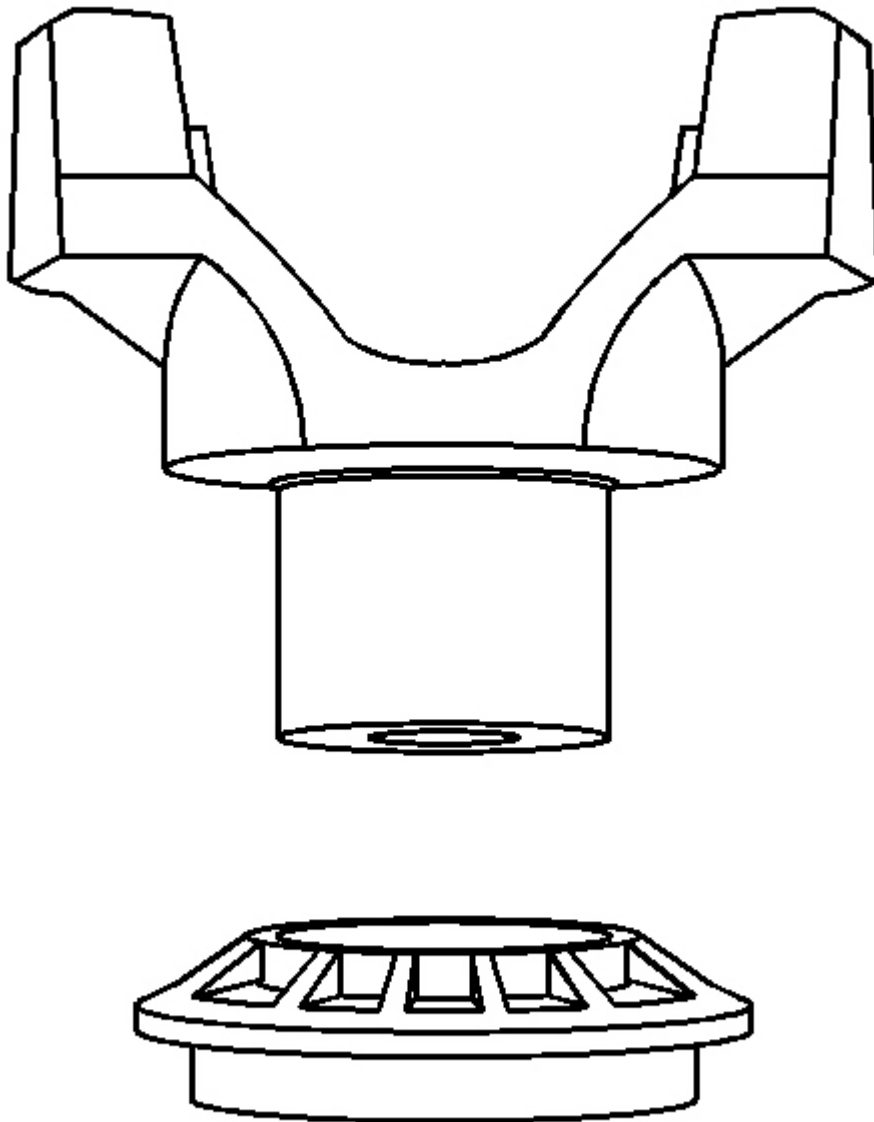


Fig. 110: View Of Dust Deflector
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

19. Remove the dust deflector from the pinion yoke with a soft-faced hammer.

IMPORTANT: Carefully pry the seal from the bore. Do not distort or scratch the aluminum case.

20. Remove the pinion oil seal using a suitable seal remover tool.
21. Remove the outer pinion bearing.

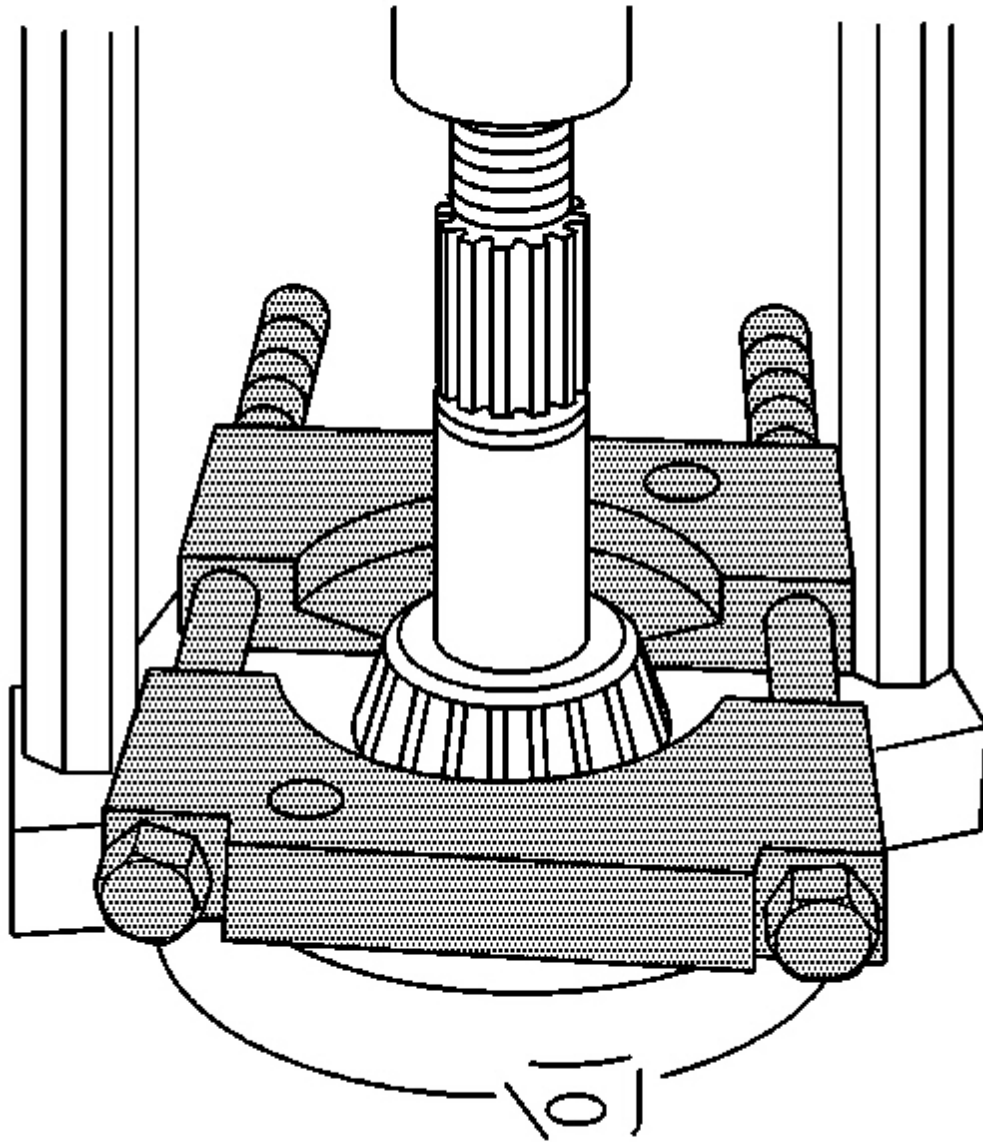


Fig. 111: Removing Inner Pinion Bearing Using Hydraulic Press
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

22. Install the **J 22912-01** between the pinion bearing and the pinion gear as shown. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
23. Remove the inner pinion bearing using the **J 22912-01** and a hydraulic press. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
24. Remove the pinion gear selectable shim.

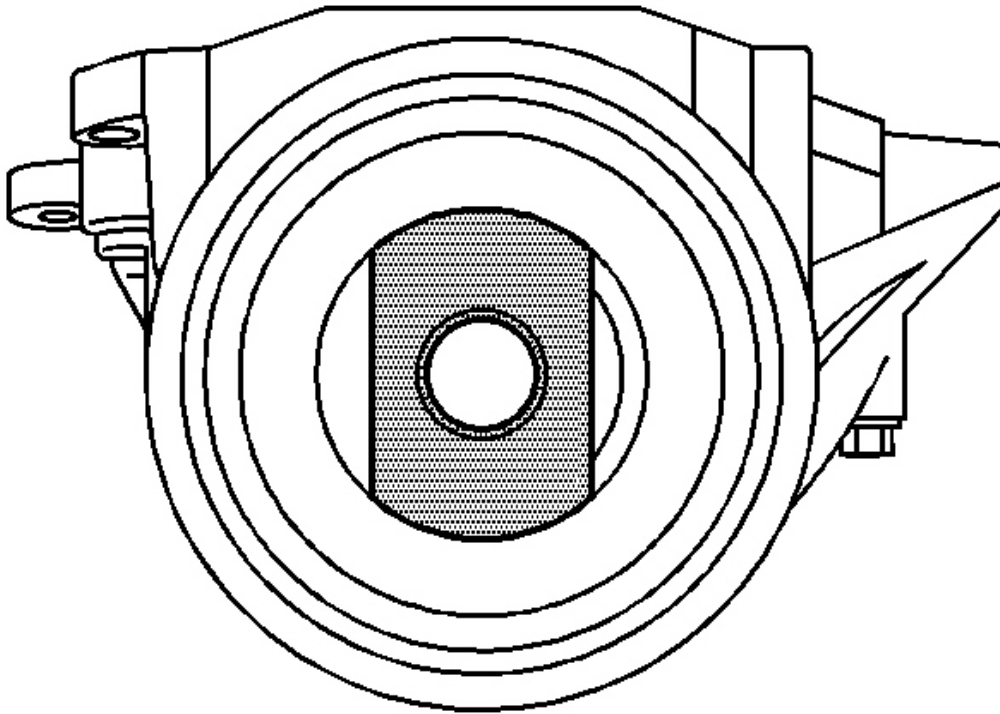


Fig. 112: J 45228-4 Installed To The Outer Pinion Bearing Cup
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

25. Install the J 45228-4 to the outer pinion bearing cup as shown.

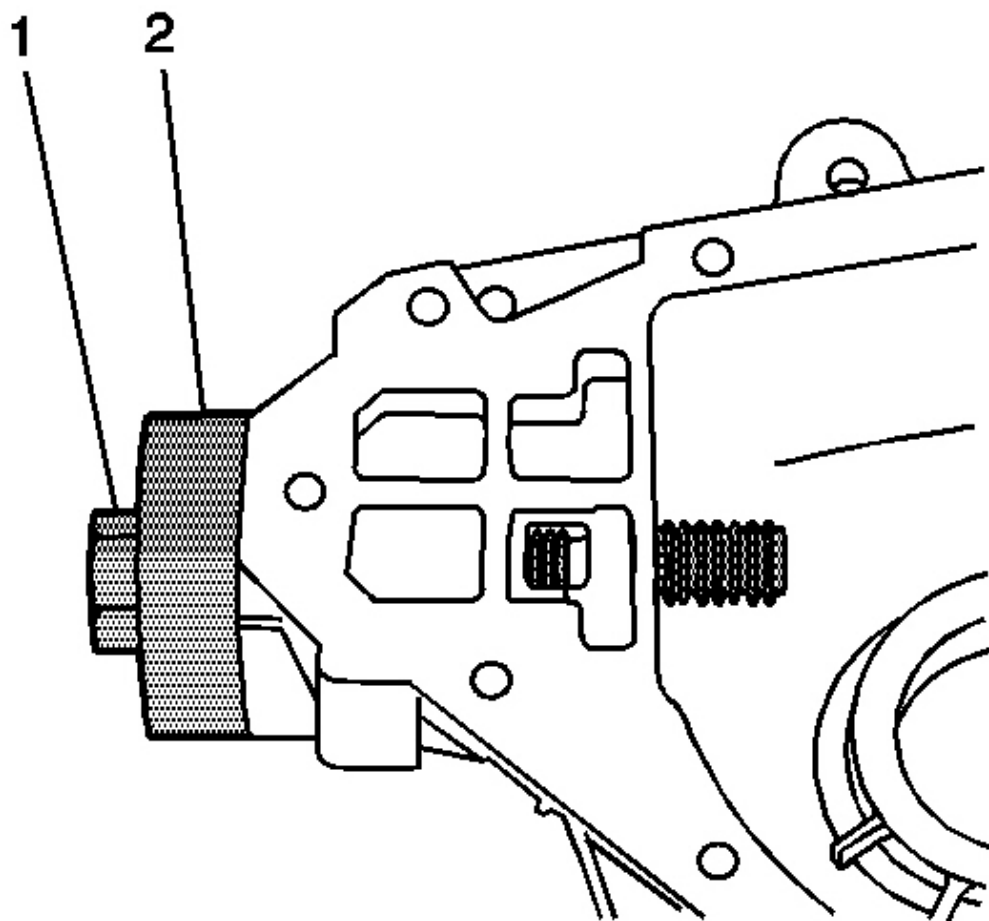


Fig. 113: J 45228-1 And J 45228-5 Installed To J 45228-4
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

26. Install the J 45228-1 (2) and the J 45228-5 (1) to the J 45228-4.

Seat the ridge of the J 45228-1 (2) into the outer pinion bearing cup bore.

27. Remove the outer pinion bearing cup by turning the J 45228-5 (1) clockwise.

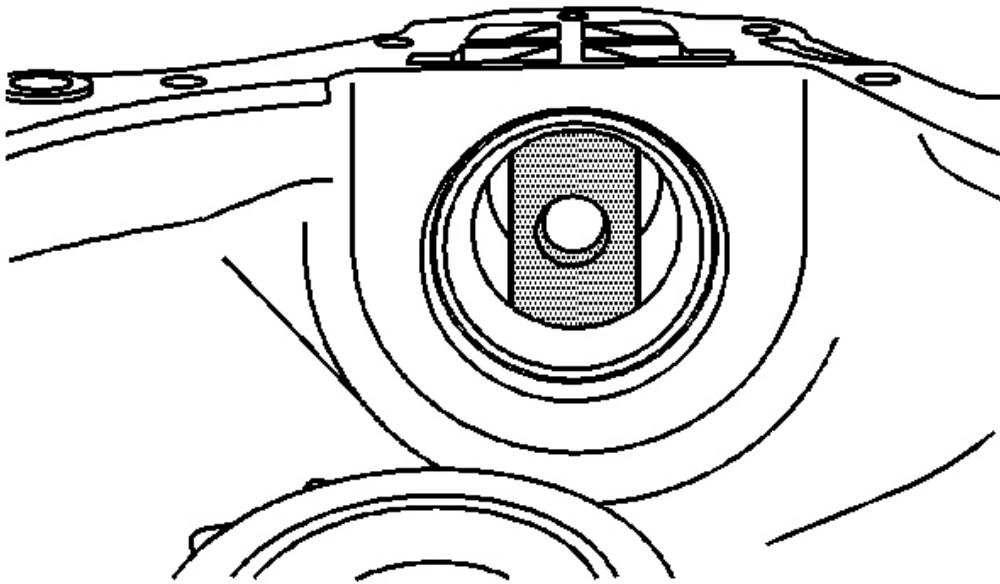


Fig. 114: J 45228-4 Installed To Inner Pinion Bearing Cup
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

28. Install the J 45228-4 to the inner pinion bearing cup as shown.

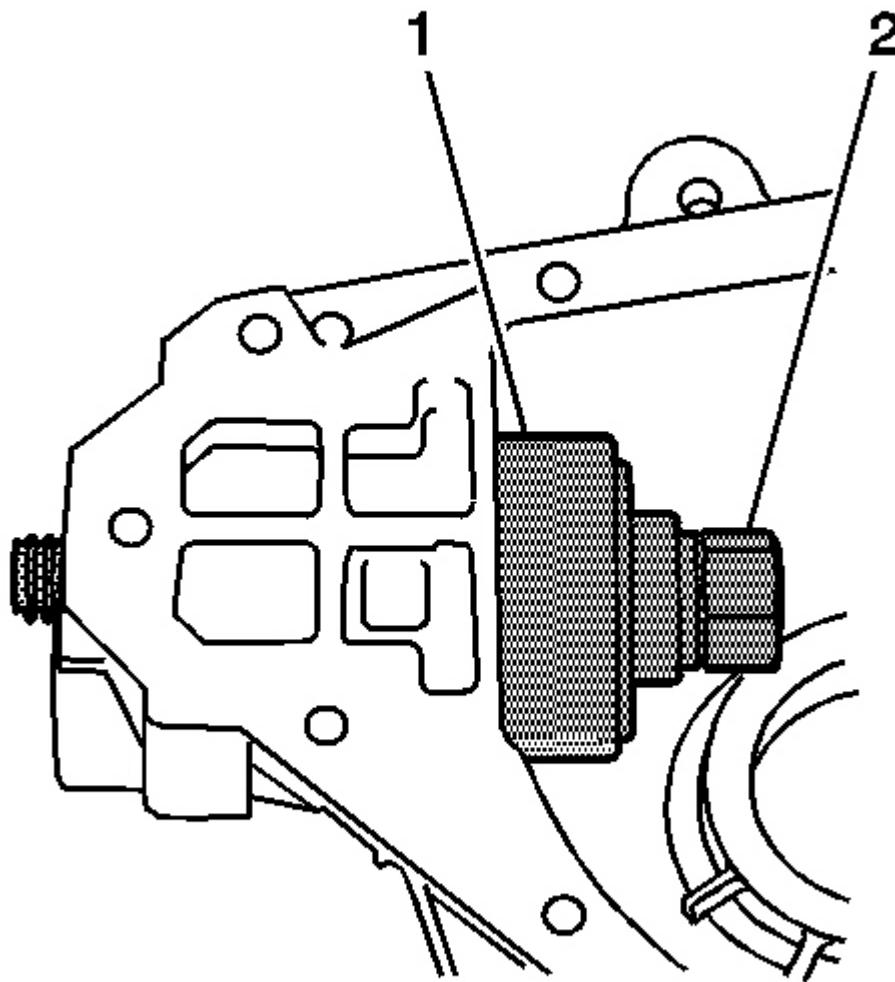


Fig. 115: J 45228-1 And J 45228-5 Installed To J 45228-4
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

29. Install the J 45228-1 (1) and the J 45228-5 (2) to the J 45228-4.
30. Remove the outer pinion bearing cup by turning the J 45228-5 (2) clockwise.

DIFFERENTIAL CASE ASSEMBLY DISASSEMBLE

Tools Required

J 22888-D Side Bearing Remover Kit. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

1. Place the differential case in a vise.

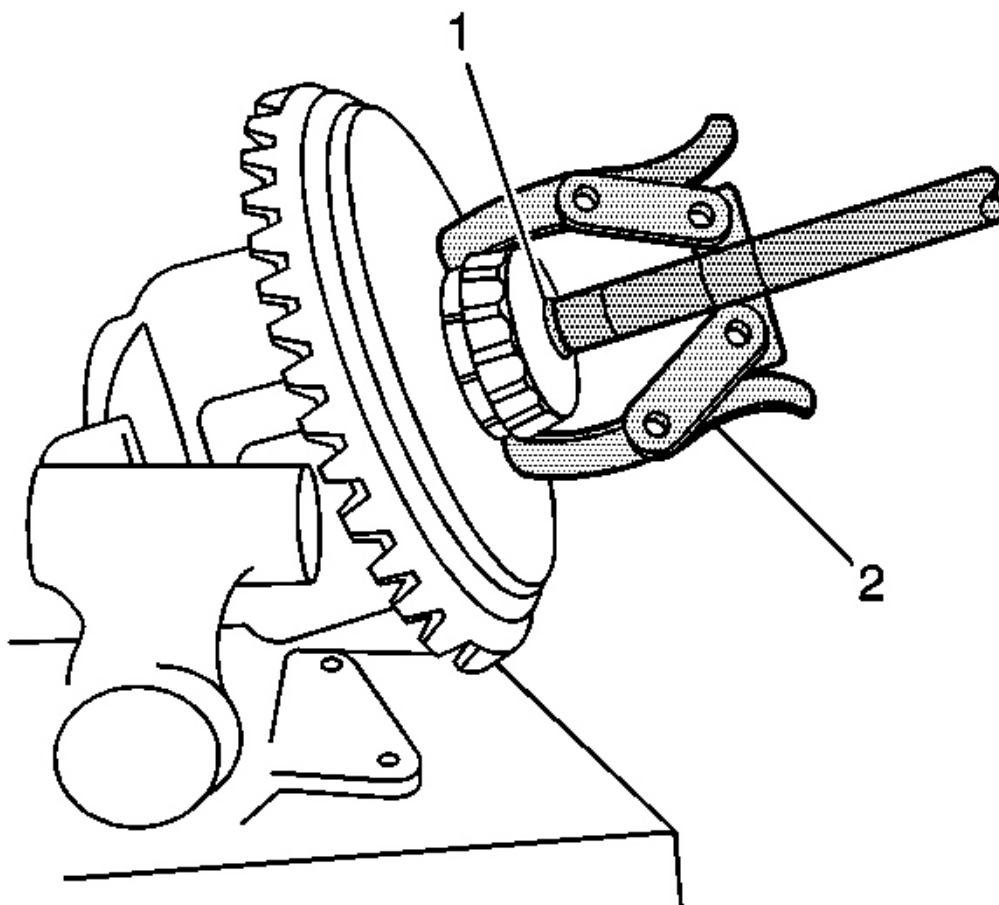


Fig. 116: Removing Differential Side Bearing
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the **J 22888-20A** (2) and the **J 8107-2** (1) as shown.
3. Remove the differential side bearings using the **J 22888-20A** and the **J 8107-2**.

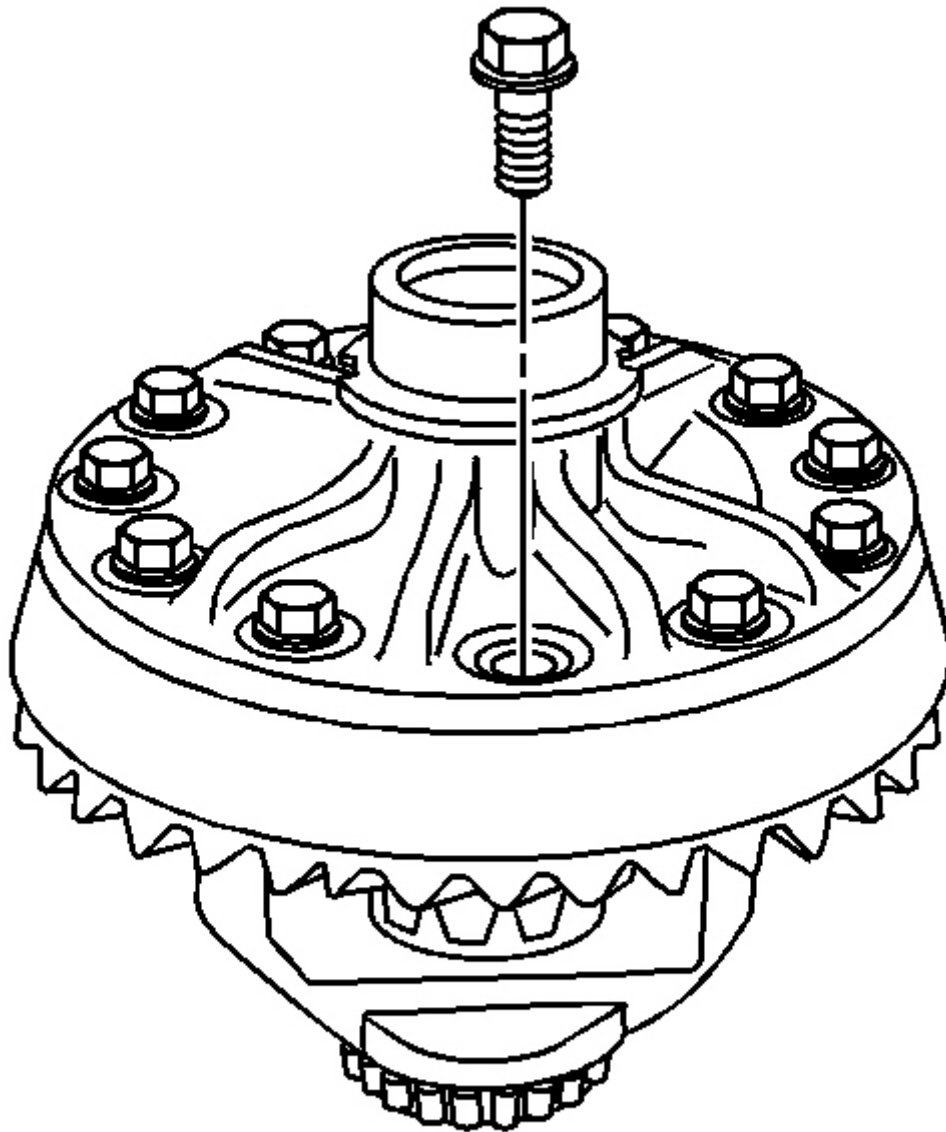


Fig. 117: Identifying Ring Gear Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The ring gear bolts have left-handed threads.

4. Remove the ring gear bolts.

NOTE: Do not pry the ring gear from the differential case. Prying the ring gear from the differential case may cause damage to the ring gear and/or the differential case.

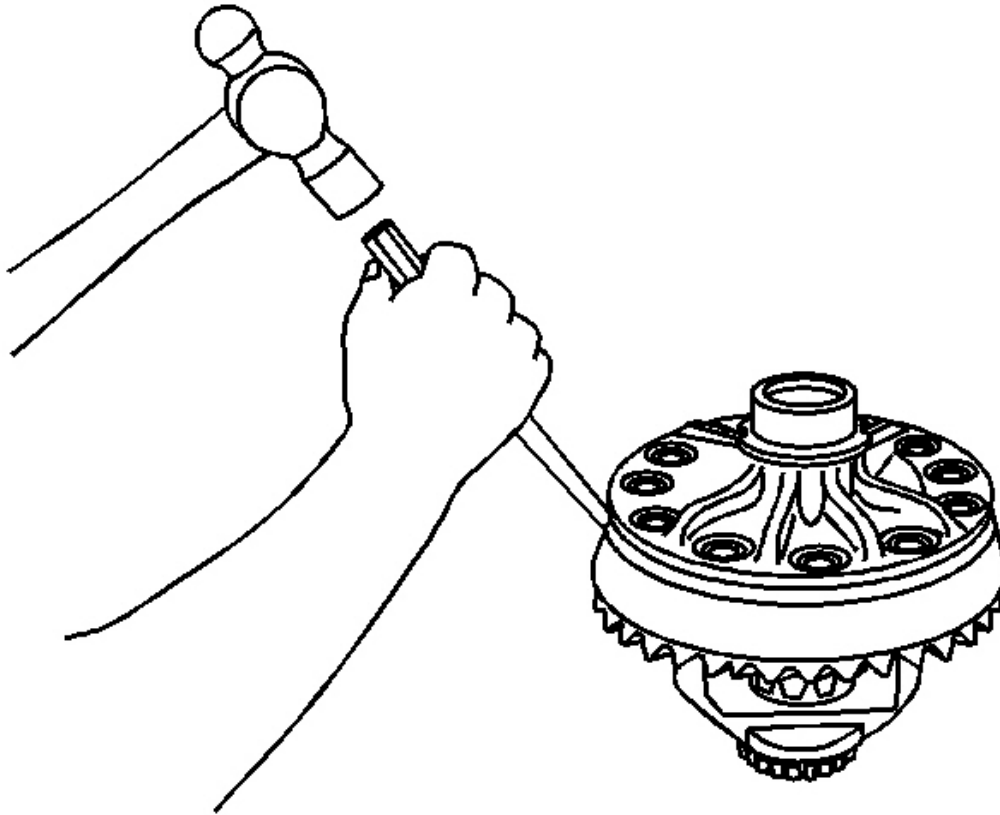


Fig. 118: Removing Ring Gear From Differential
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the ring gear from the differential case.

Drive the ring gear off with a brass drift if necessary.

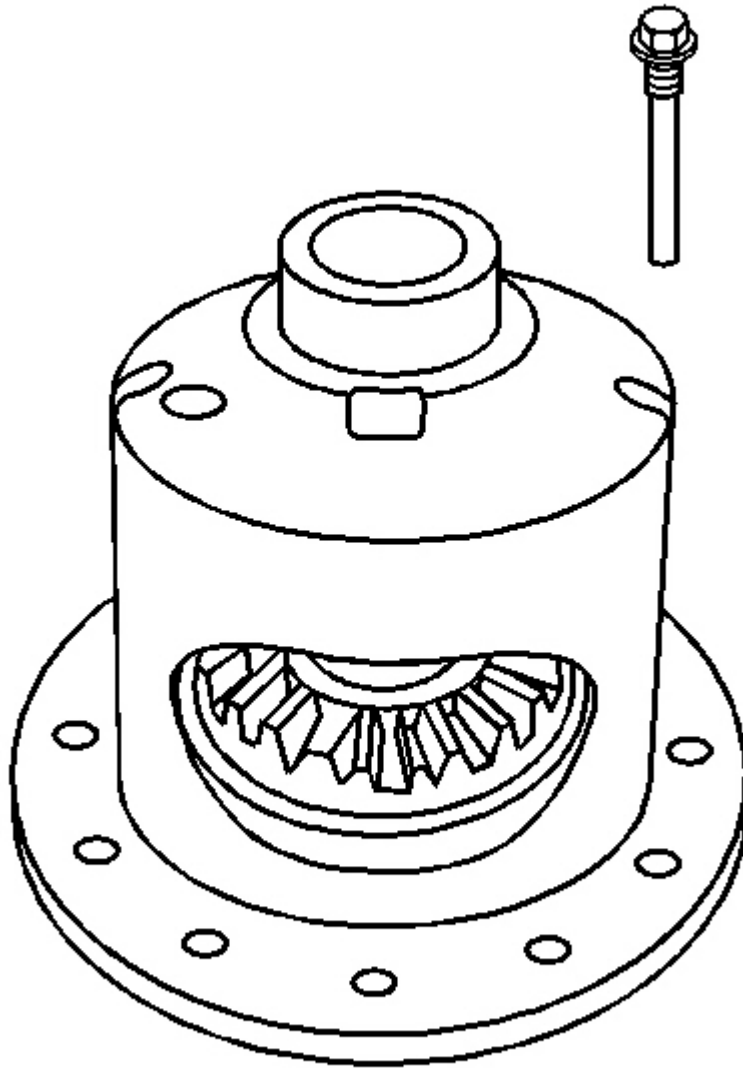


Fig. 119: View Of Pinion Shaft Lock Bolt
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Remove the pinion shaft lock bolt.

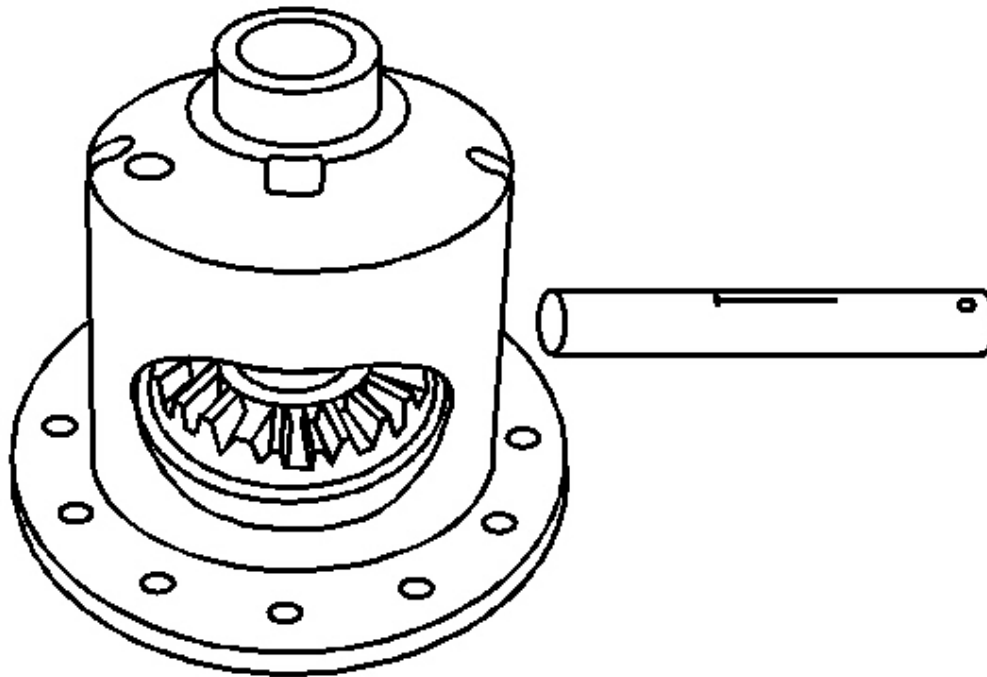


Fig. 120: View Of Differential And Pinion Shaft
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Remove the pinion shaft.

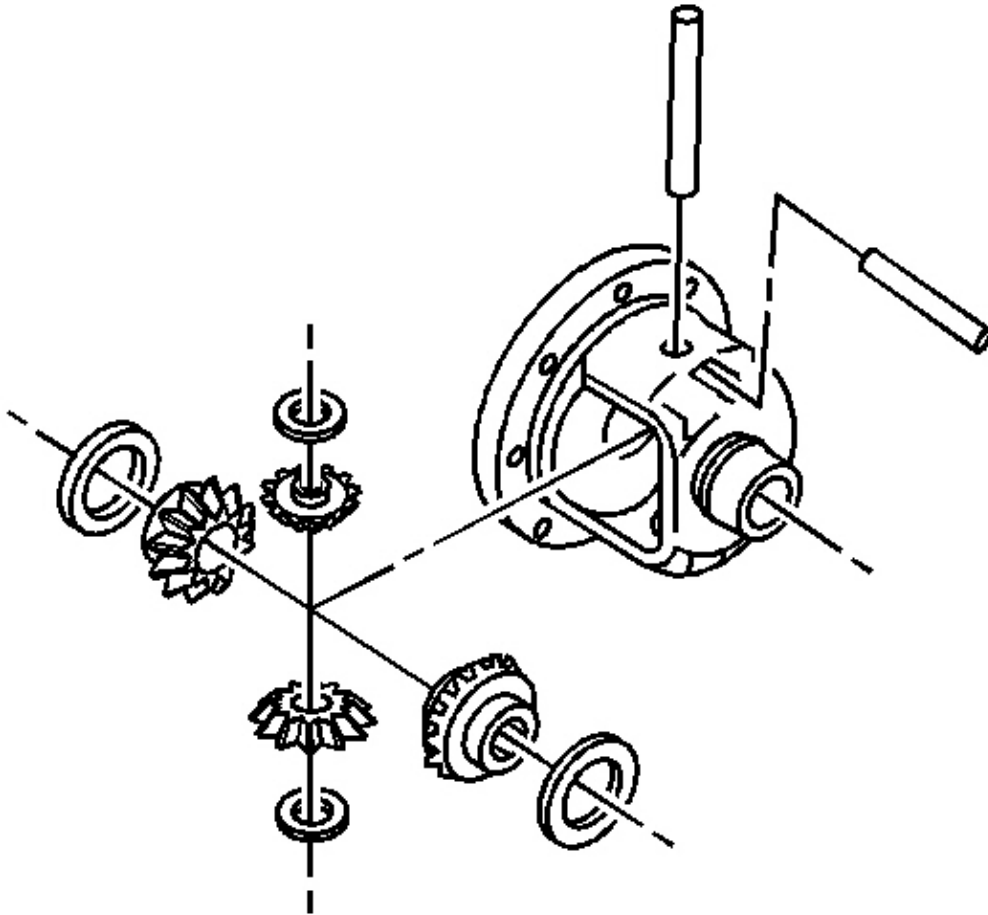


Fig. 121: Exploded View Of Differential Case
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Remove the differential pinion gears and the differential side gears.
 1. Roll the differential pinion gears out of the case with the pinion thrust washers.
 2. Remove the differential side gears and the side gear thrust washers.

Mark the pinion gears top and bottom and the differential side gears left and right.

DIFFERENTIAL CASE BEARINGS INSPECTION

IMPORTANT: • When replacing the worn or cracked bearings and the cups, replace

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

the bearings in sets.

- **The low mileage bearings may have very small scratches and pits on the rollers and the bearing cups from the initial preload.**

Do not replace a bearing for this reason.

1. Inspect the bearings for smooth rotation after oiling.
2. Inspect the bearing rollers for wear.
3. Inspect the bearing cups for the following conditions:
 - Wear
 - Cracks
 - Brinelling
 - Scoring

DIFFERENTIAL CASE AND GEARS INSPECTION

1. Inspect the following components for excessive wear and/or fit:
 - The pinion gear shaft
 - The thrust washers
 - The differential case for wear, cracks and scoring
 - The fit of the pinion gear shaft in the differential case
 - The fit of the differential side gears in the differential case
 - The fit of the side gears on the axle shafts
2. Inspect the teeth of the pinion gears and the differential side gears for the following conditions:
 - Wear
 - Cracks
 - Scoring
 - Spalling
3. Replace any worn or poor fitting components as necessary.

PINION AND RING GEAR INSPECTION

1. The ring and pinion gears are matched sets and must be replaced any time a replacement of either is necessary.
2. Inspect the pinion and the ring gear teeth for the following conditions:
 - Cracking
 - Chipping
 - Scoring
 - Excessive wear
3. Inspect the pinion gear splines for wear.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

4. Inspect the pinion flange splines for wear.
5. Inspect the fit of the pinion flange on the pinion gear.
6. Inspect the sealing surface of the pinion flange for nicks, burrs, or rough tool marks which will damage the inside diameter of the pinion seal and result in an oil leak.
7. Inspect all of the parts for wear and replace as necessary.

THRUST WASHERS, SHIMS, AND ADJUSTER SLEEVES INSPECTION

1. Inspect the shims and the thrust washers for cracks and chips.

The damaged shims should be replaced with an equally sized service shim.

2. Inspect the adjuster sleeves for damaged threads. Replace if required.

DIFFERENTIAL CASE ASSEMBLY ASSEMBLE

Tools Required

- **J 8092** Universal Driver Handle - 3/4 in - 10
 - **J 22888-D** Side Bearing Remover Kit. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
 - **J 33790** Differential Side Bearing Installer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
1. Lubricate the pinion and side gears using axle lubricant. Use the proper fluid. Refer to **Fluid and Lubricant Recommendations** in Maintenance and Lubrication.

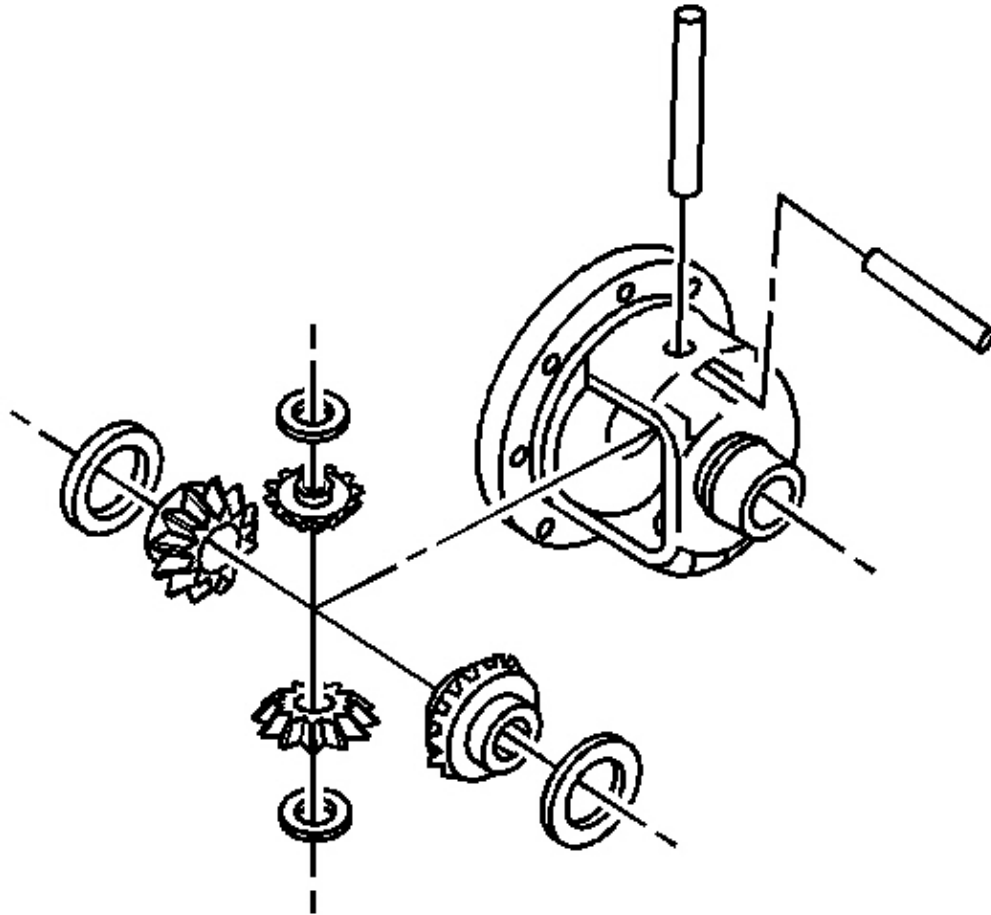


Fig. 122: Exploded View Of Differential Case
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the differential side gear thrust washers to the differential side gears.
3. Install the differential side gears and thrust washers into the differential case.

If the same differential side gears and the thrust washers are being used, install the side gears and the thrust washers to their original locations.

4. Install the differential pinion gears and thrust washers by performing the following steps:
 1. Position one pinion gear between the differential side gears.
 2. Position the second pinion gear between the differential side gear directly opposite of the first gear.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

3. Rotate the differential side gears until the pinion gears are directly opposite the opening in the differential case.
4. Install the thrust washers.

Rotate the pinion gears toward the differential case opening in order to permit the sliding in of the thrust washers.

5. Install the pinion gear shaft.
6. Install the new pinion gear shaft lock pin using a hammer and a brass drift.

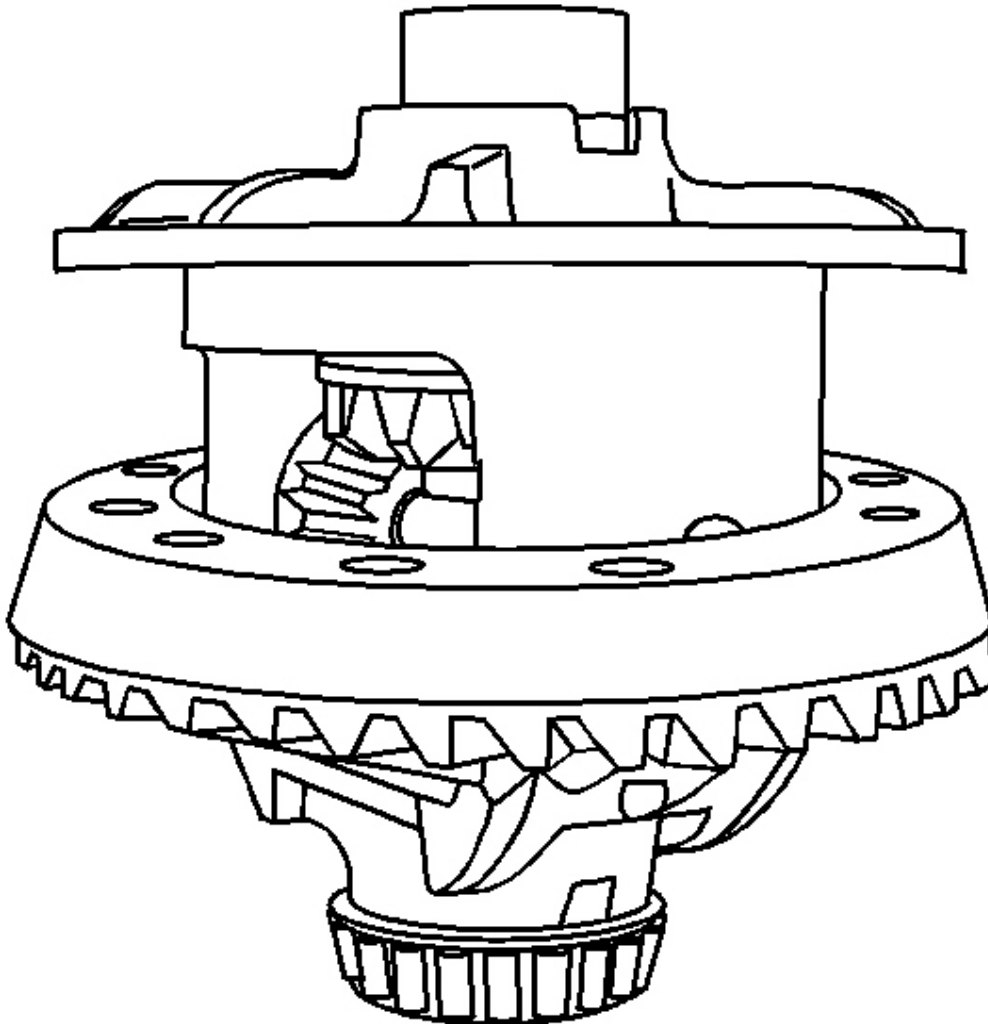


Fig. 123: Ring Gear & Differential Case
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The mating surface of the ring gear and the differential case must be clean and free of burrs before installing the ring gear.

7. Install the ring gear onto the differential case.

IMPORTANT: The ring gear bolts have left-hand threads.

8. Install the new ring gear bolts.

Hand start each bolt to ensure that the ring gear is properly installed to the differential case.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

9. Tighten the ring gear bolts. Tighten the ring gear bolts alternately and in stages, gradually pulling the ring gear onto the differential case.

Tighten: Tighten the ring gear bolts in sequence to 83 N.m (61 lb ft).

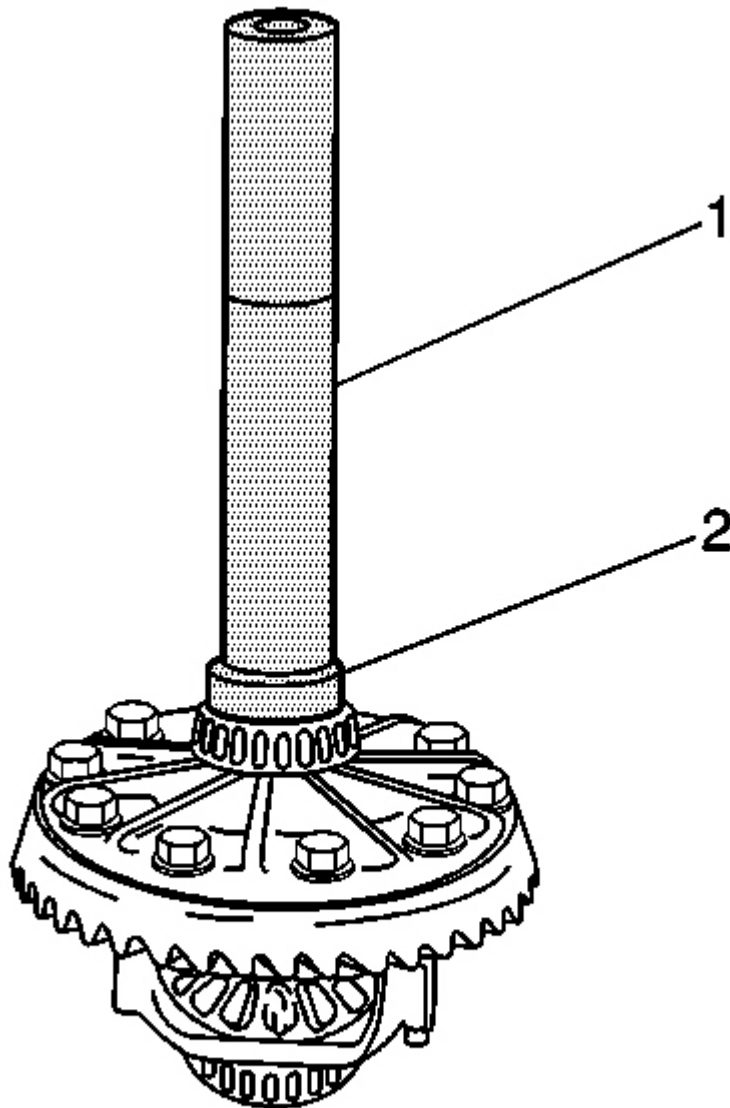


Fig. 124: Installing Differential Side Bearing
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Install the differential side bearings by performing the following steps:
 1. In order to protect the differential case, install the **J 8107-2** in the case on the side opposite the bearing installation.
 2. Install the **J 33790** (2) and the **J 8092** (1) onto the differential case bearing as shown.

3. Install the differential case bearings using the **J 33790** and the. See **Special Tools and Equipment.J 8092** .

PINION BEARING CUP INSTALLATION

Tools Required

J 45228 Pinion Bearing Cup Remover and Installer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

1. Install the inner pinion bearing cup into the inner pinion bearing cup bore.

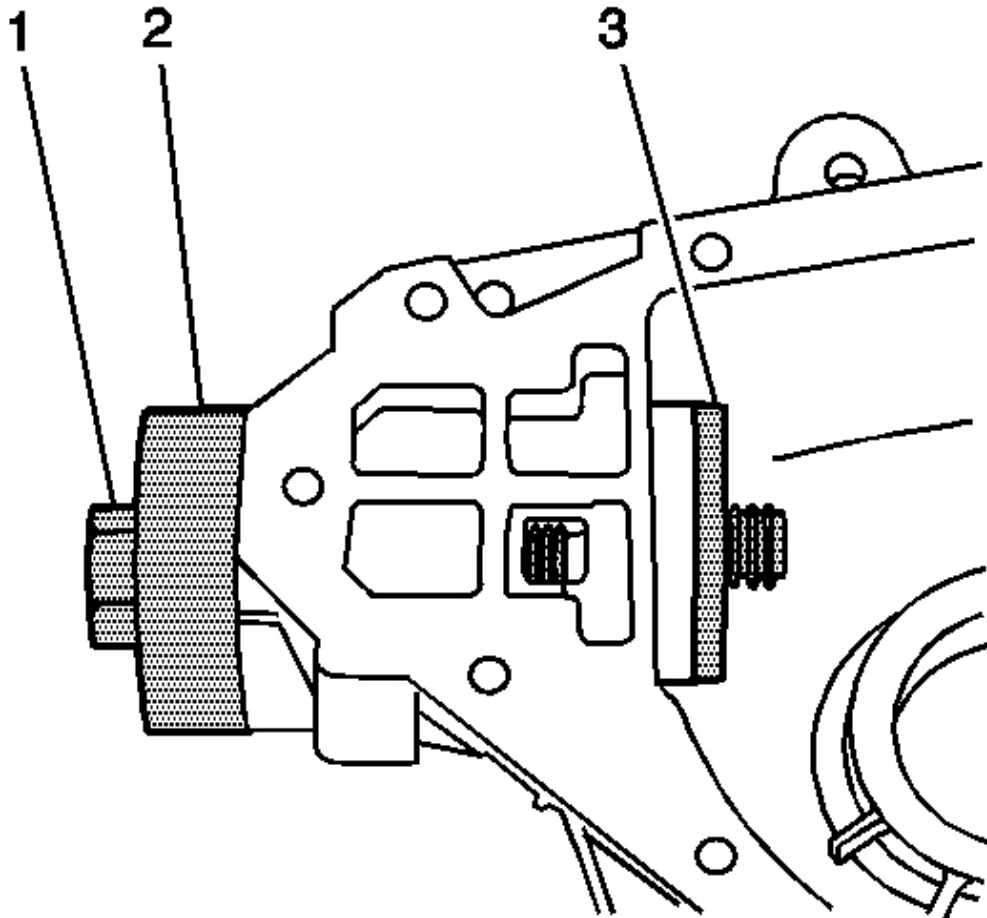


Fig. 125: J 45228-1, J 45228-2 And J 45228-5 Installed Into Pinion Bearing Cup Bore
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

2. Assemble the J 45228-1 (2), the J 45228-2 (3), and the J 45228-5 (1) into the pinion bearing cup bore as shown.
3. Tighten the J 45228-5 (1) slowly to draw the inner pinion cup into the inner pinion bearing cup bore.

Inspect the position of the inner pinion bearing cup as it is being drawn into the pinion bearing cup bore to ensure the bearing cup is being pulled straight into the pinion bearing cup bore. If the pinion bearing cup is not being pulled straight into the bearing cup bore, remove the **J 45228** and the pinion bearing cup and reposition the inner pinion bearing cup. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

4. Tighten the J 45228-5 (1) until the inner pinion bearing cup is seated in the inner pinion bearing cup bore.
5. Remove the **J 45228** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
6. Install the outer pinion bearing cup into the outer pinion bearing cup bore.

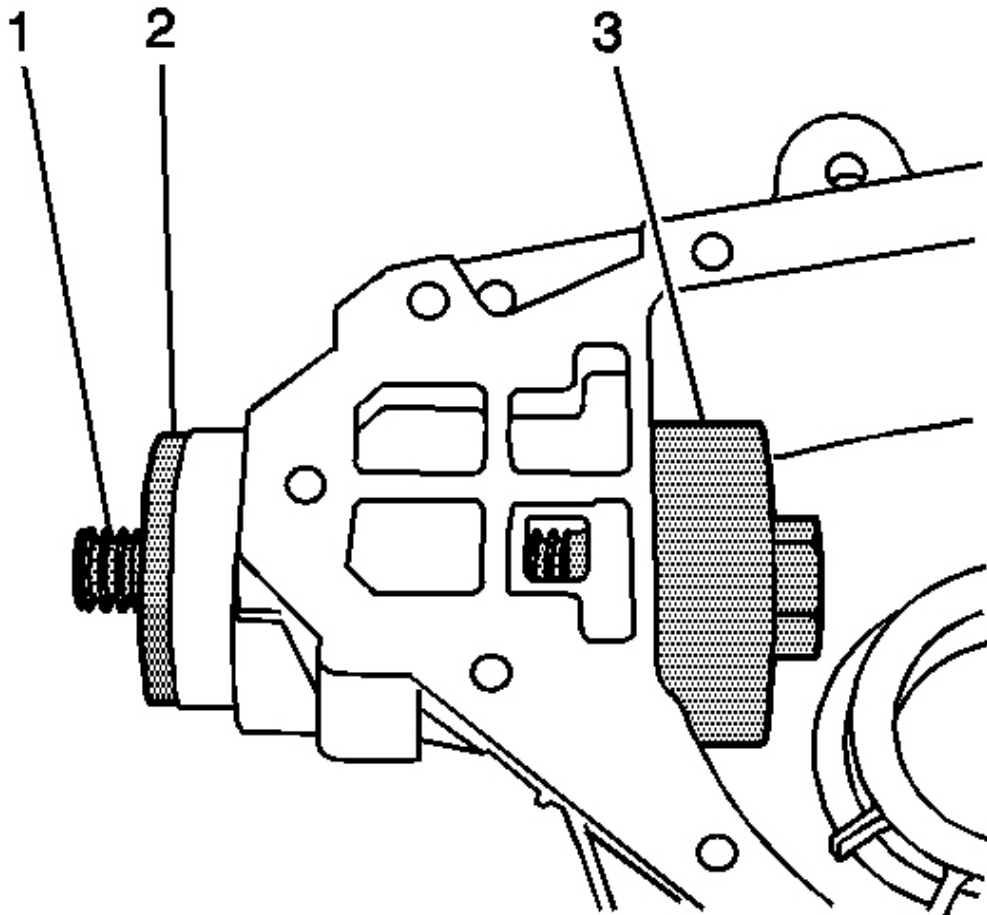


Fig. 126: J 45228-1, J 45228-2 And J 45228-5 Installed Into Pinion Bearing Cup Bore
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Assemble the J 45228-1 (3), the J 45228-2 (2), and the J 45228-5 (1) into the pinion bearing cup bore as shown.
8. Tighten the J 45228-5 (1) slowly to draw the outer pinion cup into the outer pinion bearing cup bore.

Inspect the position of the outer pinion bearing cup as it is being drawn into the pinion bearing cup bore to ensure the bearing cup is being pulled straight into the pinion bearing cup bore. If the pinion bearing cup is not being pulled straight into the bearing cup bore, remove the **J 45228** and the pinion bearing cup and reposition the outer pinion bearing cup. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

9. Tighten the J 45228-5 until the outer pinion bearing cup is seated in the outer pinion bearing cup bore.
10. Remove the **J 45228** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

PINION DEPTH ADJUSTMENT

Tools Required

- **J 33838** Pinion Setting Gage. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 29763** Static Timing Gage. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

IMPORTANT: Make sure all of the tools, the pinion bearings, and the pinion bearing cups are clean before proceeding.

1. Lubricate the pinion bearings with axle lubricant. Refer to **Fluid and Lubricant Recommendations** in Maintenance and Lubrication.
2. Install the J 33838-2 (1) and the bolt (2) to the outer pinion bearing.

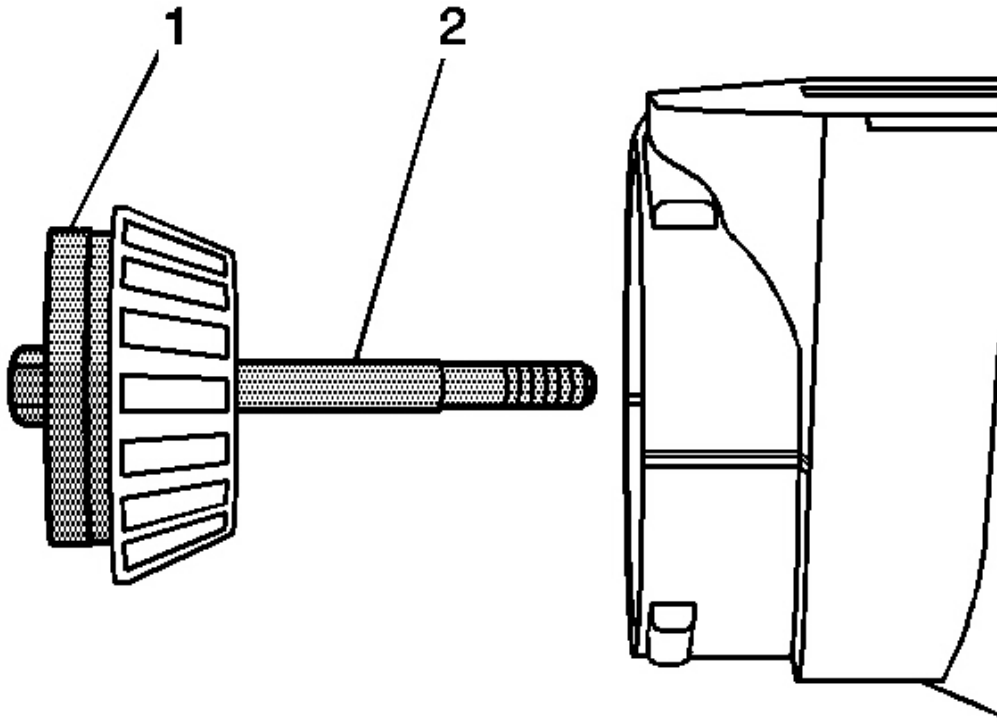


Fig. 127: Installing J 33838-2 And Bolt
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the J 33838-2 (1) and the bolt (2) with the outer pinion bearing into the differential carrier assembly case half.

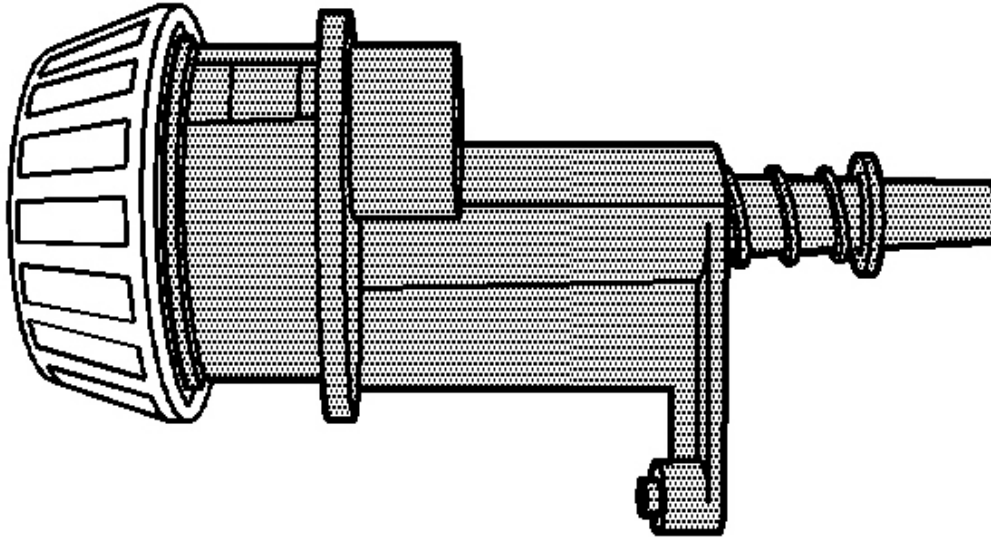


Fig. 128: Inner Pinion Bearing Installed Onto
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the inner pinion bearing onto the **J 33838** as shown. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

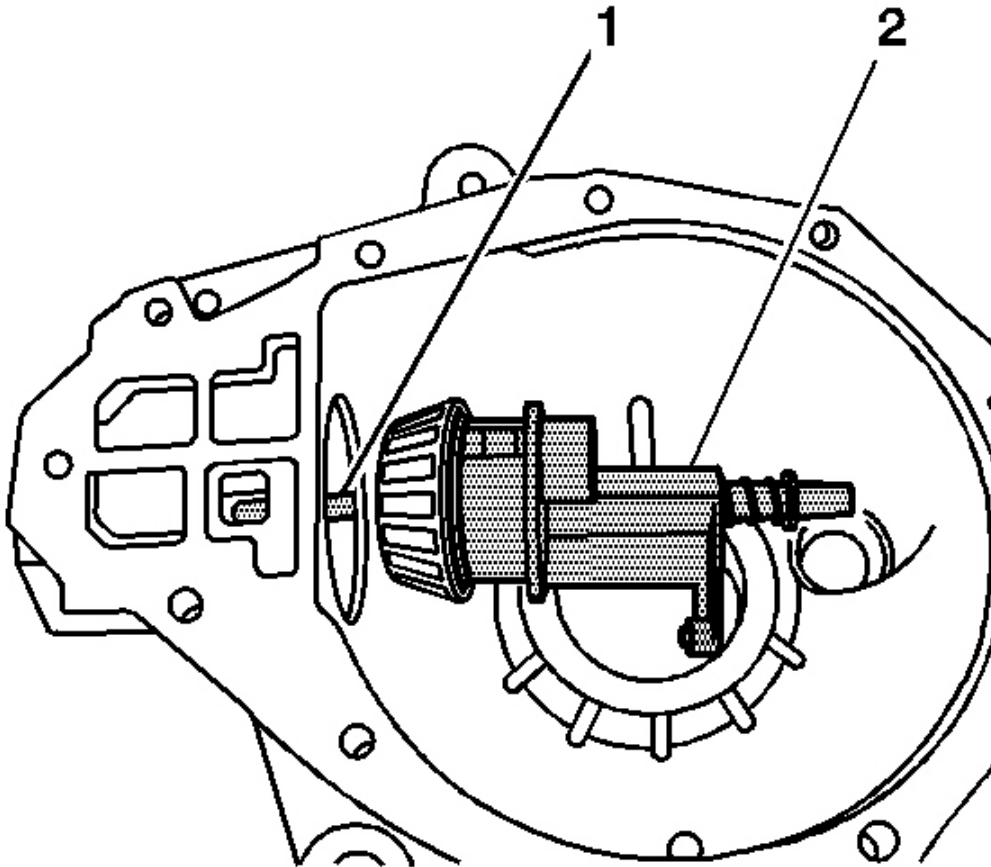


Fig. 129: Installed With Inner Pinion Bearing Into Differential Carrier Assembly And Bolt
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Install the **J 33838** (2) with the inner pinion bearing into the differential carrier assembly and the bolt (1). See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
6. While holding the **J 33838** stationary, install an inch-pound torque wrench on the bolt of the **J 33838** and tighten the bolt

Tighten: Tighten the bolt until a rotating torque of 1.7-3.4 N.m (15-30 lb in) for new bearings or 1.0-2.3 N.m (10-20 lb in) for used bearings is obtained.

7. Rotate the assembly several times in both directions in order to seat the pinion bearings.
8. Check the rotating torque of the assembly. If the torque is less than 1.7 N.m (15 lb in) for new bearings or 1.0 N.m (10 lb in) for used bearings, continue to tighten the bolt until a rotating torque of 1.7-3.4 N.m (15-30 lb in) for new bearings or 1.0-2.3 N.m (10-20 lb in) for used bearings is obtained.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

9. Place the contact pad of the **J 33838** into the differential side bearing bore. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
10. Install the **J 29763** to the **J 33838** by doing the following: See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
 1. Install the collar and the lock nut onto the **J 33838** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

Do not tighten the lock nut at this time.

2. Install the **J 29763** into the collar. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
 3. Place the stem of the **J 29763** onto the contact surface of the **J 33838** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
 4. With the stem of the **J 29763** touching the contact surface of the **J 33838** , push down on the **J 29763** until the needle of the **J 29763** has turned 3/4 of a turn clockwise. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
 5. Tighten the lock nut of the **J 29763** finger tight. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
11. Rotate the **J 33838** back and forth until the needle of the **J 29763** indicates the lowest point in the differential side bearing bore. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

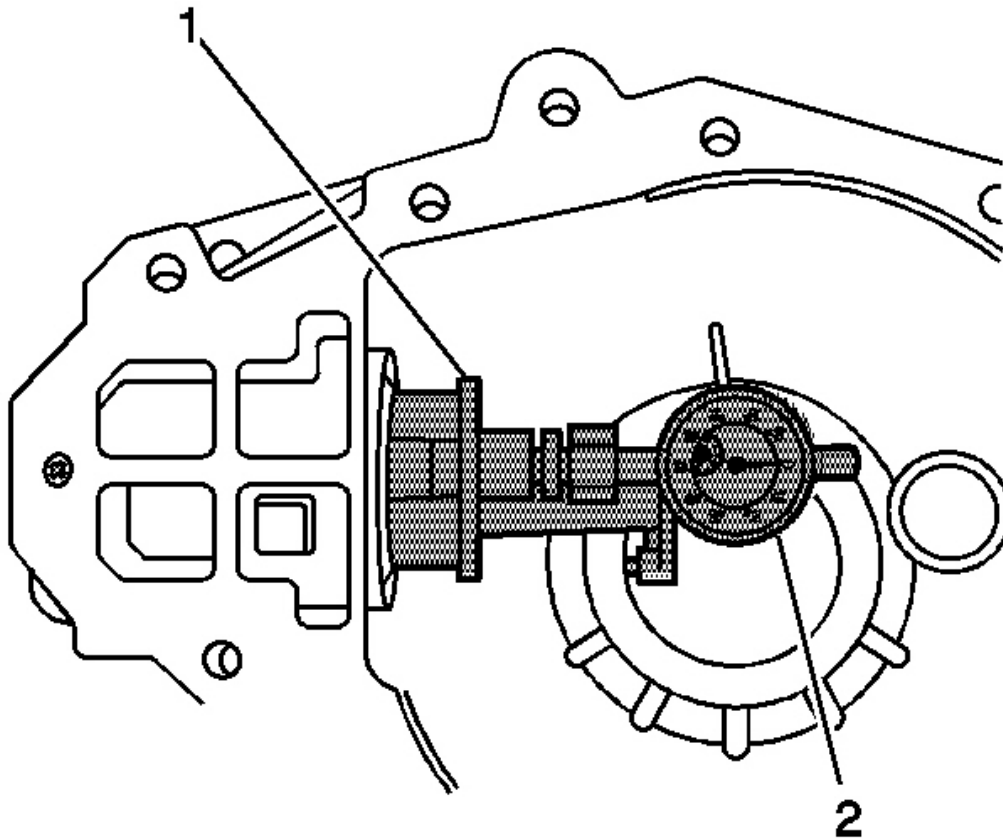


Fig. 130: Static Timing Gage And Pinion Setting Gage
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

12. At the lowest point of deflection, move the housing of the **J 29763** until the needle indicates ZERO. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
13. Move the **J 33838** back and forth again to verify the ZERO setting. Adjust the housing of the **J 29763** as necessary to set the needle to ZERO. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

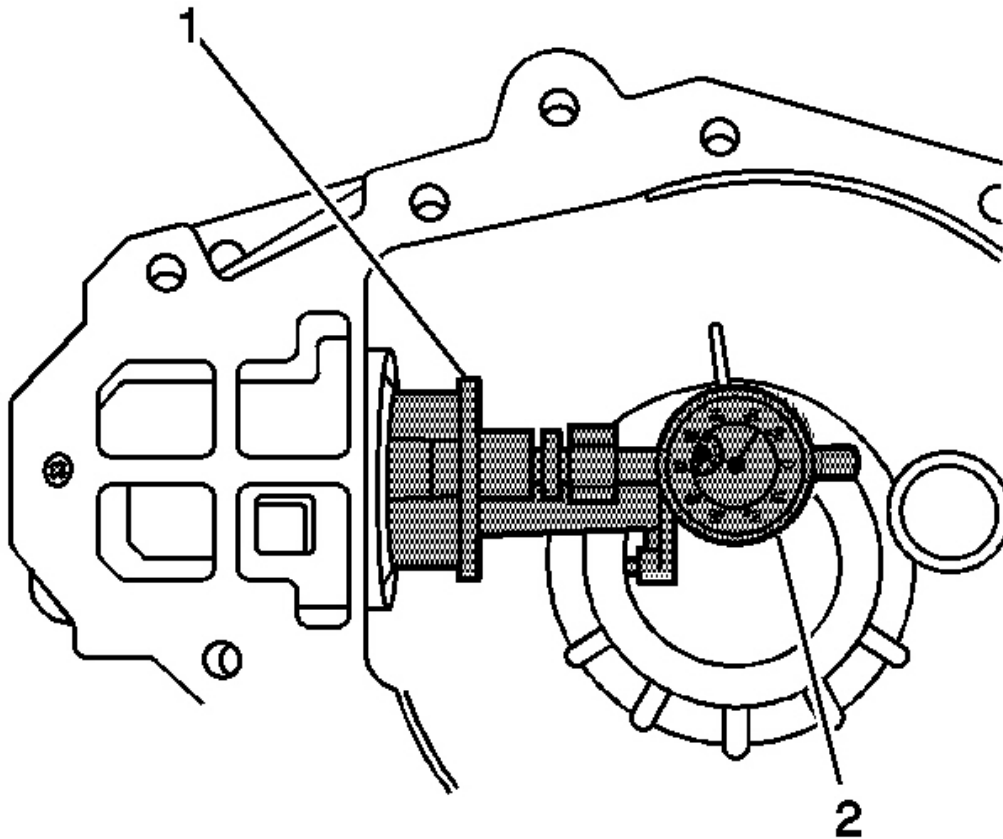


Fig. 131: Pinion Setting Gage And Static Timing Gage
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

14. After the ZERO setting is obtained and verified, grasp the **J 33838** by the flats and move the contact pad of the **J 33838** out of the differential side bearing bore. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
15. The value indicated on the **J 29763** is the thickness of the shim needed in order to set the depth of the pinion. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
16. Select the shim that indicates the proper thickness. Measure the shim with a micrometer in order to verify that the thickness is correct.
17. Remove the pinion depth setting tools.
18. Remove the pinion bearings from the pinion depth setting tools.
19. Assemble the differential carrier assembly. Refer to **Differential Carrier Assembly - Assemble**.

DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY - ASSEMBLE

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Tools Required

- **J 33782** Pinion Oil Seal Installer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 33785** Pinion Bearing Installer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 42213** Adjuster Sleeve Socket. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 45224** Side Bearing Adjuster. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 45232** Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Installer - LH. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 45233** Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Installer - RH. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 8092** Universal Driver Handle - 3/4 in - 10
- **J 8614-01** Flange and Pulley Holding Tool. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

Assembly Procedure

1. Install the selective shim between the inner pinion bearing and the shoulder of the pinion gear.

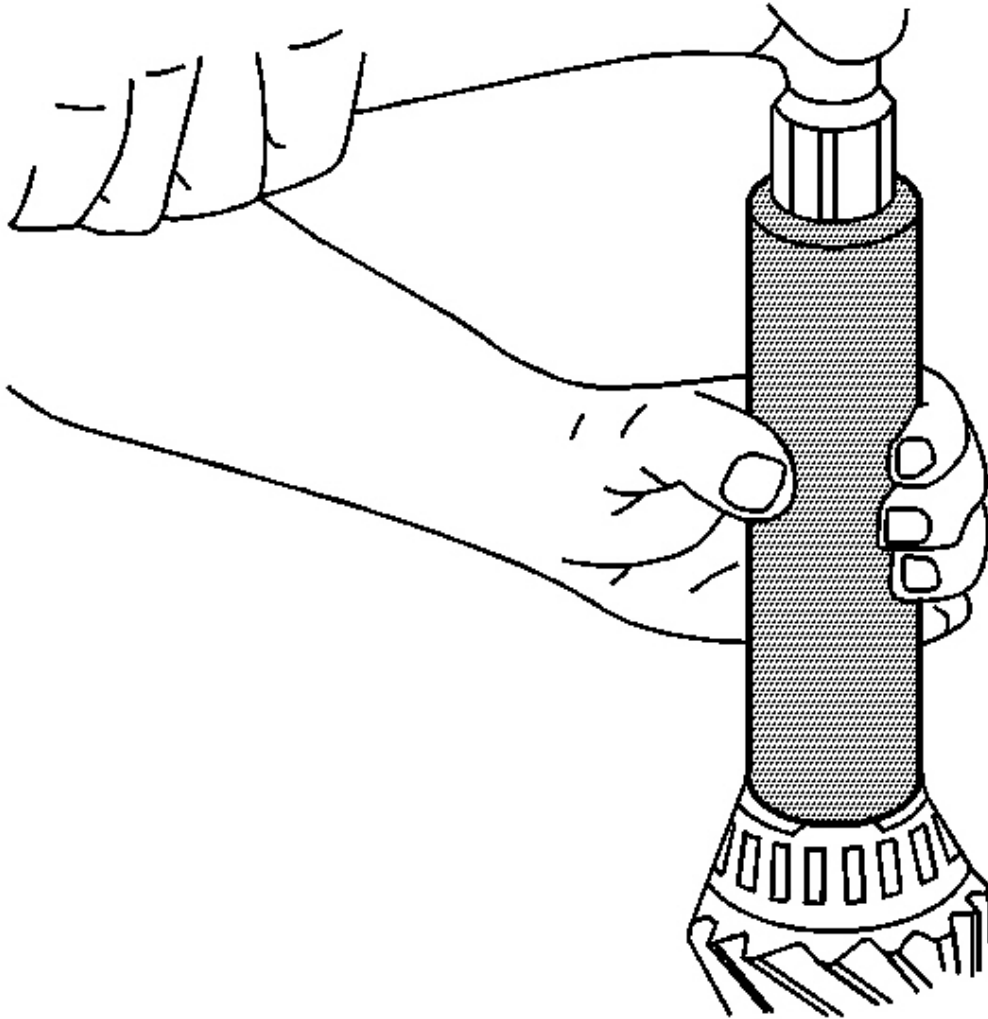


Fig. 132: Installing Inner Pinion Bearing Onto Pinion Gear
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the inner pinion bearing onto the pinion gear using the **J 33785** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
3. Install the new collapsible spacer onto the pinion gear.
4. Lubricate the inner and the outer pinion bearing with axle lubricant. Use the proper fluid. Refer to **Fluid and Lubricant Recommendations** in Maintenance and Lubrication.

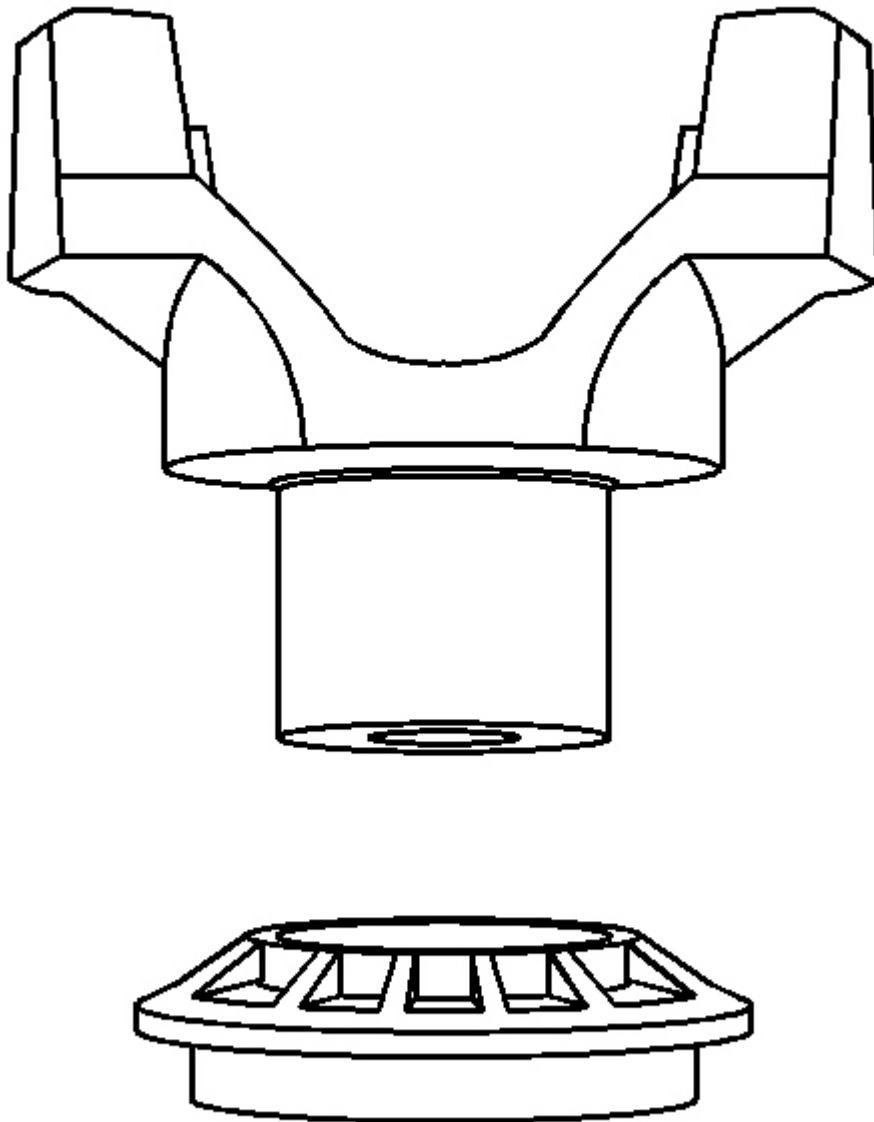


Fig. 133: View Of Dust Deflector
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Install the new deflector onto the pinion yoke using a soft-faced hammer.
6. Install the outer pinion bearing.

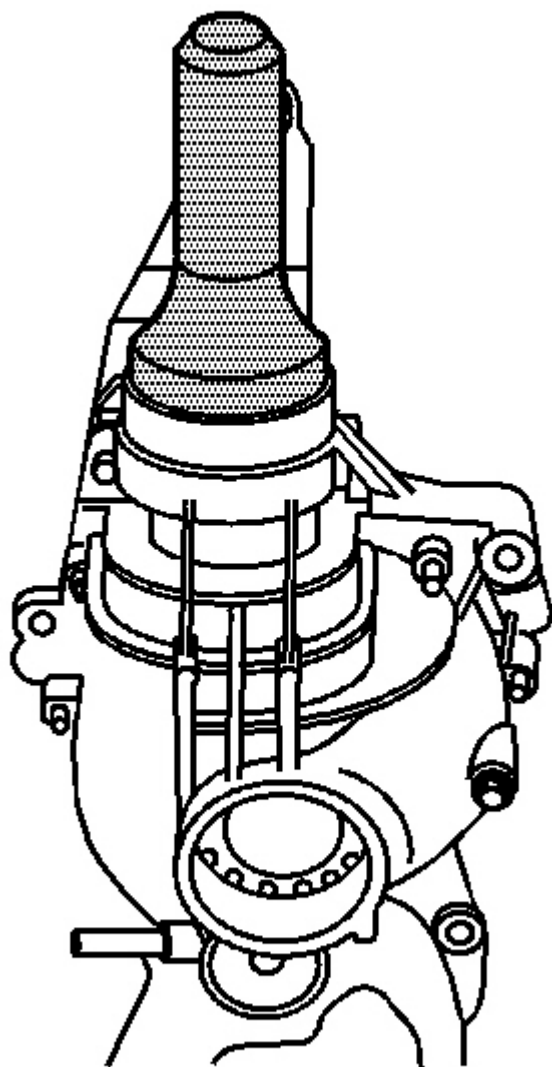


Fig. 134: Pinion Oil Seal Installer
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the oil seal by doing the following:
 1. Install the differential carrier assembly into a vise.

Place shop towels in the vise in order to protect the differential carrier assembly.

2. Position the oil seal in the bore.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

3. Install the **J 33782** over the oil seal. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
4. Strike the **J 33782** with a hammer until the seal flange seats on the axle housing surface. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
8. Install the pinion gear, with the inner pinion bearing and the new collapsible spacer, into the differential carrier case.
9. Apply sealant, P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480) or equivalent, to the splines of the pinion yoke.
10. Install the pinion yoke.

NOTE: **Do not hammer the pinion flange/yoke onto the pinion shaft. Pinion components may be damaged if the pinion flange/yoke is hammered onto the pinion shaft.**

11. Seat the pinion yoke onto the pinion shaft by tapping it with a soft-faced hammer until a few pinion shaft threads show through the yoke.
12. Install the washer and a new pinion nut.

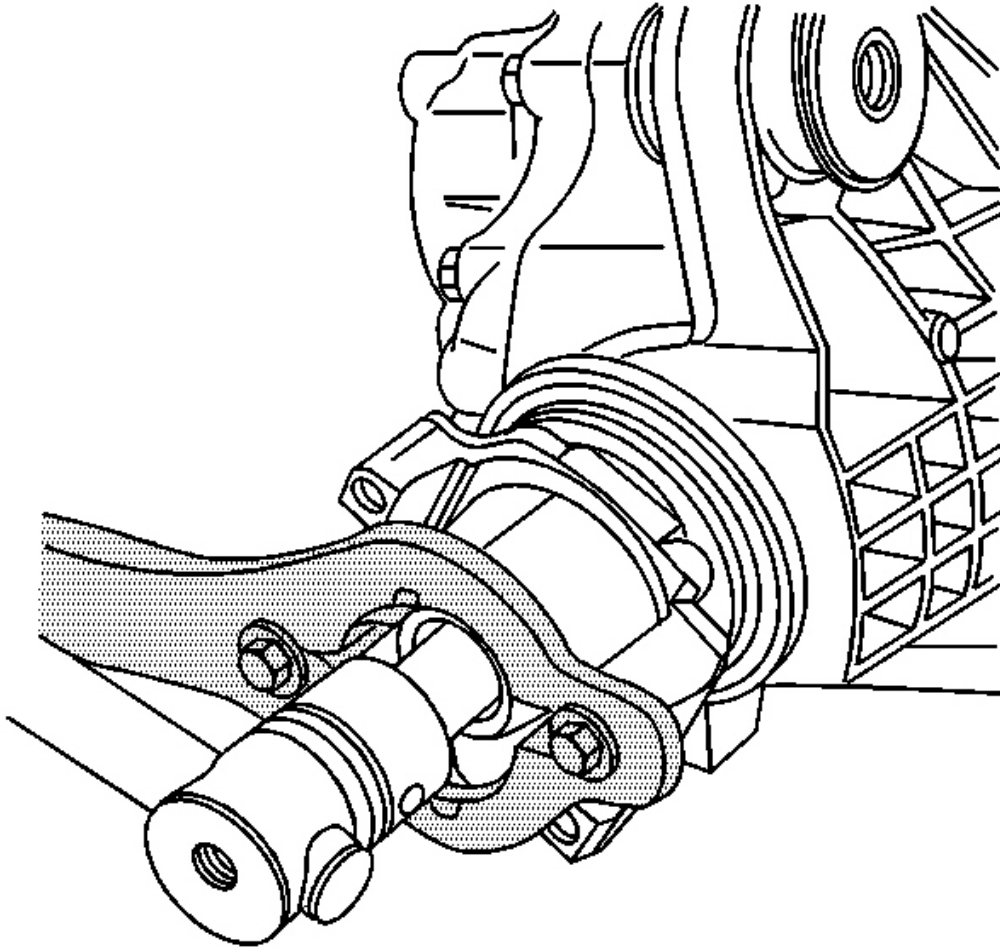


Fig. 135: Holding Pinion Flange Using Special Tool
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

13. Install the **J 8614-01** onto the pinion yoke as shown. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

NOTE: Refer to **Fastener Notice** in Cautions and Notices.

IMPORTANT: If the rotating torque is exceeded, the pinion will have to be removed and a new collapsible spacer installed.

14. Tighten the pinion nut while holding the **J 8614-01** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

Tighten: Tighten the pinion nut until the pinion end play is just taken up. Rotate the pinion while

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

tightening the nut to seat the bearings.

15. Measure the rotating torque of the pinion using an inch-pound torque wrench.

Specification: The rotating torque of the pinion should be 1.0-2.3 N.m (10-20 lb in) for used bearings or 1.7-3.4 N.m (15-30 lb in) for new bearings.

16. If the rotating torque measurement is below 1.0 N.m (10 lb in) for used bearings or 1.7 N.m (15 lb in) for new bearings, continue to tighten the pinion nut.

Tighten: Tighten the pinion nut, in small increments, as needed, until the torque required in order to rotate the pinion is 1.0-2.3 N.m (10-20 lb in) for used bearings or 1.7-3.4 N.m (15-30 lb in) for new bearings.

17. Once the specified torque is obtained, rotate the pinion several times to ensure the bearings have seated.

Recheck the rotating torque and adjust if necessary.

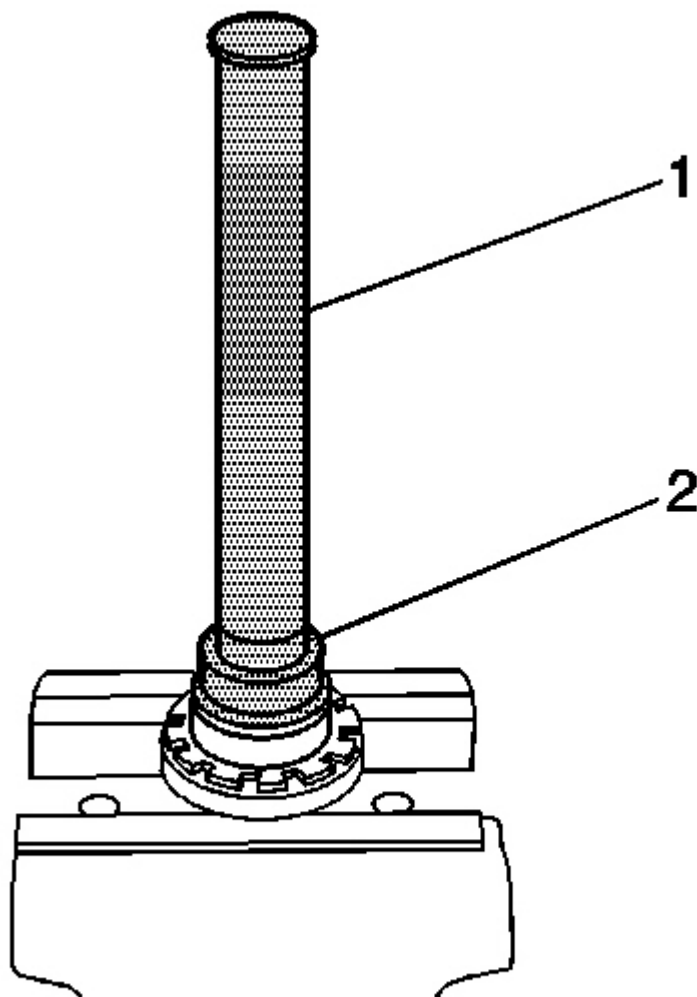


Fig. 136: Universal Driver Handle - 3/4 In - 10 And Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Replacer - LH

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

18. Install the left side differential carrier bearing, print side out, to the left side differential adjuster nut using the **J 45232** (2) and the **J 8092** (1).

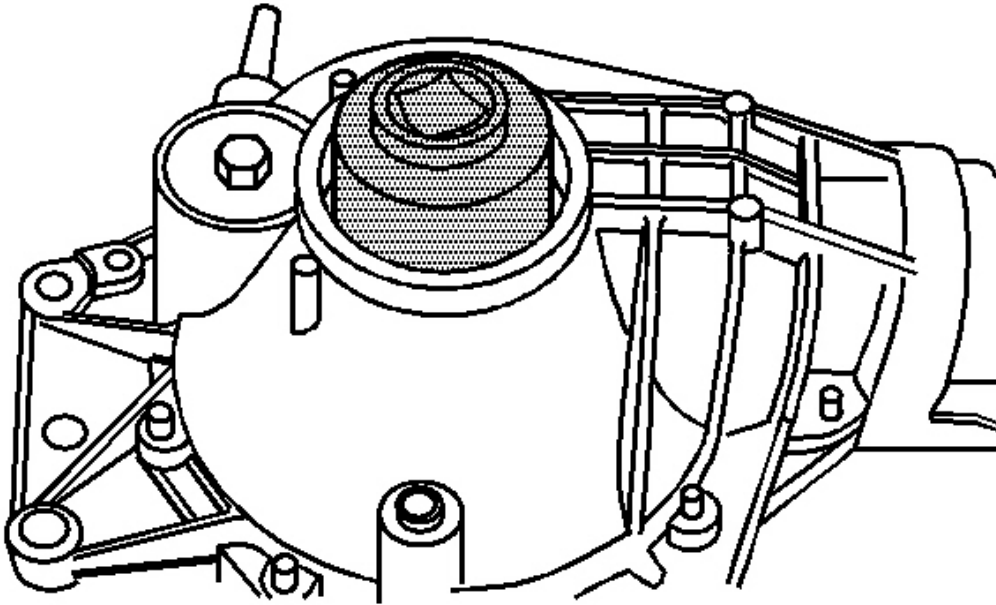


Fig. 137: Side Bearing Adjuster
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

19. Install the left side differential bearing adjuster into the left differential carrier case half using the **J 42213** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

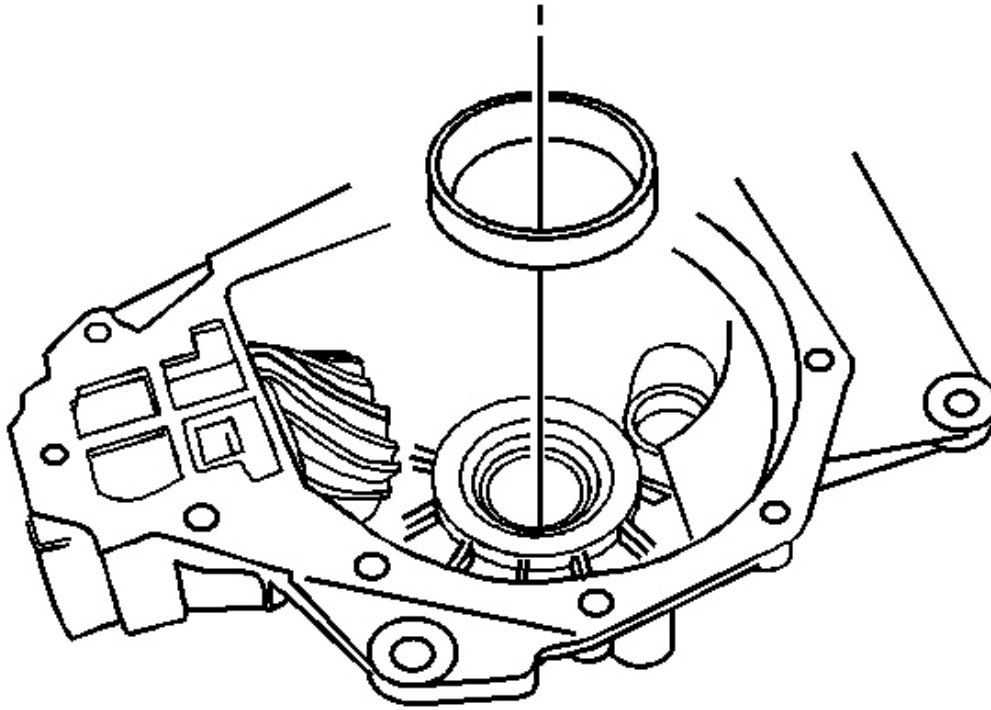


Fig. 138: Left Differential Case Side Bearing Cup
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

20. Install the left differential case side bearing cup into the left differential carrier case half using the J 23423-A and the **J 8092** .

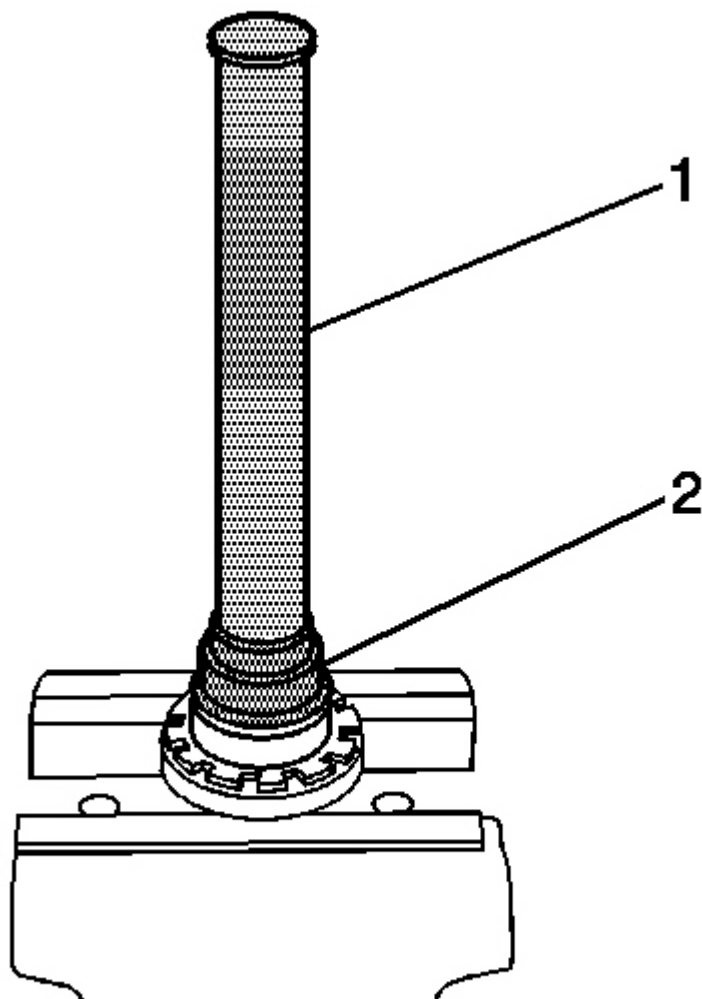


Fig. 139: Universal Driver Handle - 3/4 In - 10 And Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Replacer - RH

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

21. Install the right side differential carrier bearing, print side out, to the right side differential adjuster nut using the **J 45233** (2) and the **J 8092** (1).

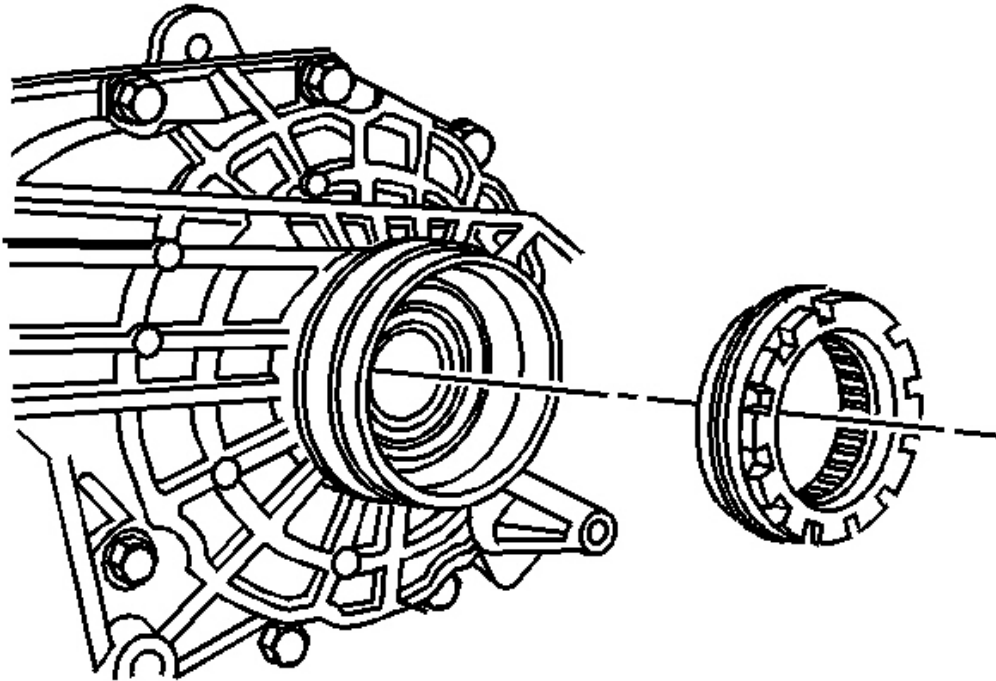


Fig. 140: Right Side Differential Bearing Adjuster
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

22. Install the right side differential bearing adjuster into the right side differential carrier case half using the **J 45224** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
23. Install the right differential case side bearing cup into the right differential carrier case half J 23423-A and the **J 8092** .

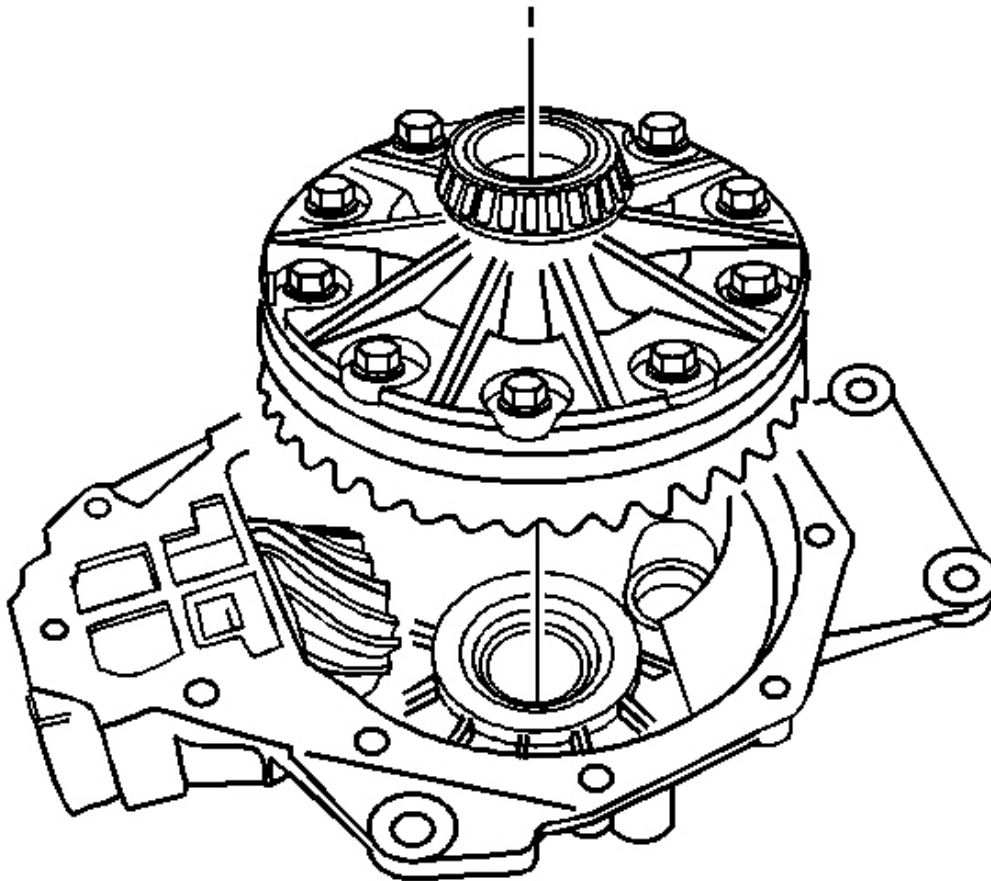


Fig. 141: Differential Case Assembly
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

24. Install the differential case assembly into the left differential carrier case half.
25. Install the right differential carrier case half to the left differential carrier case half.

Do not use sealer at this time.

If the carrier case halves do not make complete contact, back out the right side differential adjuster using the **J 45224** . See **Special Tools and Equipment**.

26. Install the differential carrier case bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the differential carrier case bolts to 48 N.m (35 lb ft).

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

27. Using the **J 45224** , turn the left differential adjuster nut clockwise until the differential adjuster nut contacts the differential side bearing and can no longer be turned. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
28. Using the **J 45224** , turn the right differential adjuster nut sleeve clockwise until the differential adjuster nut contacts the differential side bearing and can no longer be turned. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
29. Rotate the pinion several times in order to seat the bearings.
30. Measure the rotating torque of the pinion and differential assembly using an inch-pound torque wrench.

Specification: The rotating torque of the pinion and differential assembly should be 2.8-5.1 N.m (25-45 lb in) for used bearings, or 3.4-6.2 N.m (30-55 lb in) for new bearings.

31. If the rotating torque measurement is below 2.8 N.m (25 lb in) for used bearings, or 3.4 N.m (30 lb in) for new bearings, tighten the differential adjuster nuts in one notch at a time on each side until the rotating torque of the pinion and differential assembly is within specifications.
32. If the rotating torque measurement is above 5.1 N.m (45 lb in) for used bearings, or 6.2 N.m (55 lb in) for new bearings, loosen the differential adjuster nuts in one notch at a time on each side until the rotating torque of the pinion and differential assembly is within specifications.
33. Once the specified torque is obtained, rotate the pinion several times to ensure the bearings have seated.

Recheck the rotating torque and adjust if necessary.

34. Measure the drive pinion to ring gear backlash. Refer to **Backlash Inspection and Adjustment**.

BACKLASH INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

Tools Required

- **J 42213** Adjuster Sleeve Socket. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 45224** Side Bearing Adjuster. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 8001** Dial Indicator Set

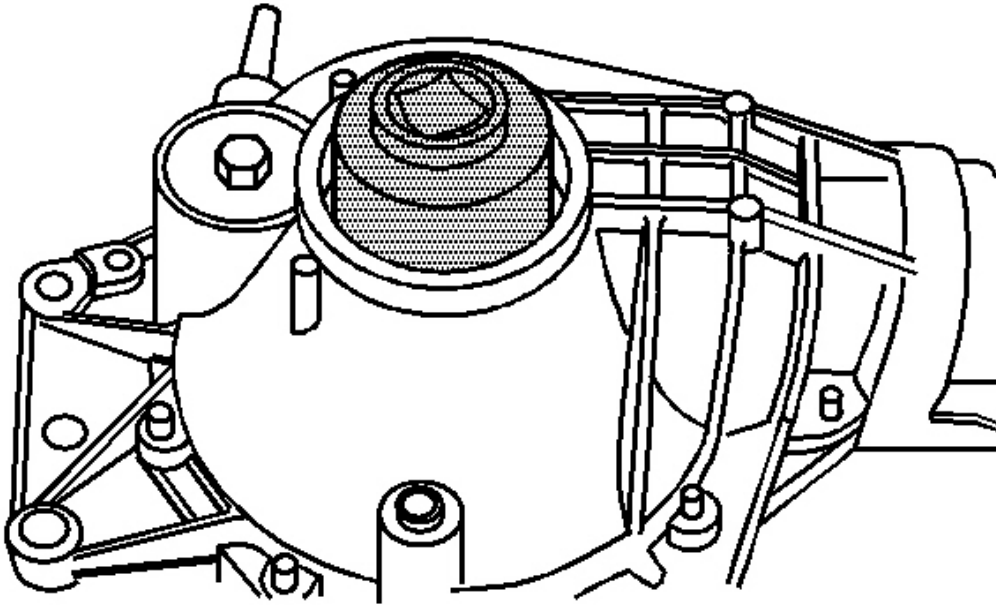


Fig. 142: Side Bearing Adjuster
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the **J 45224** to the right differential adjuster. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
2. Slowly turn the **J 45224** clockwise until the right differential adjuster contacts the differential case bearing. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
3. Install the **J 42213** to the left differential adjuster. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
4. Slowly turn the **J 42213** clockwise until the left differential adjuster contacts the differential case bearing. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
5. Mark the location of the adjusters in relation to the carrier halves.

Ensure that the notches in the differential adjusters can be counted when turned.

6. Using the **J 45224** , turn the right differential adjuster out two notches. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
7. Using the **J 42213** , turn the left differential adjuster in one notch. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
8. Rotate the pinion several times in order to seat the bearings.

Measuring Backlash

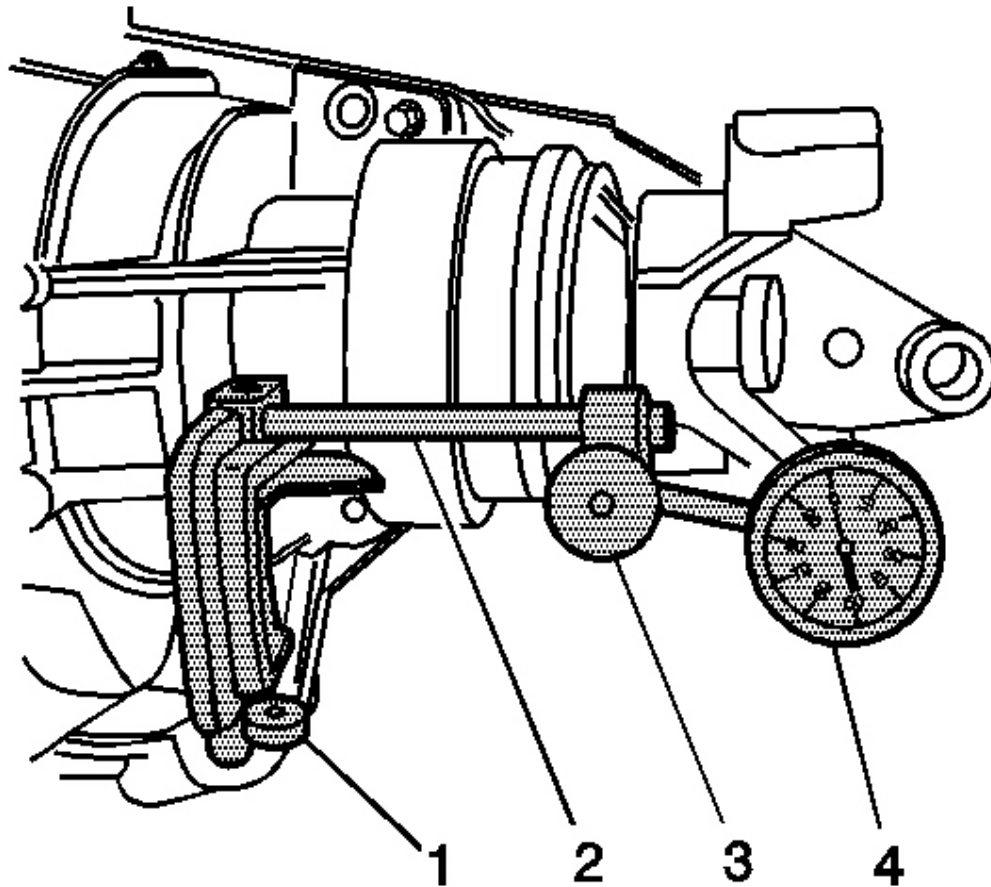


Fig. 143: Dial Indicator Set

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the **J 8001** (1-4) so that the button contacts the outer edge of the pinion yoke.

Ensure that the plunger is at a right angle to the pinion yoke.

2. Move the pinion yoke back and forth through the pinion yoke's free play while not allowing the ring gear to move.
3. Record the dial indicator reading.
4. To determine the actual backlash, divide the dial indicator reading by 2.

An actual dial indicator reading of 0.16 mm (0.006 in) means that there is actually 0.08 mm (0.003 in) backlash.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Specification: The backlash between the ring gear and the drive pinion should be between 0.08-0.25 mm (0.003-0.010 in) with a preferred specification of 0.13-0.18 mm (0.005-0.007 in).

IMPORTANT: When adjusting the backlash, observe the following:

- Always turn the left and the right differential adjusters in equal amounts.
 - Turning the differential adjusters in or out one notch will change the backlash about 0.08 mm (0.003 in).
 - Once the proper backlash is obtained, turn the left differential adjuster in one additional notch in order to preload the differential case side bearings.
5. If the backlash is too small, use the following procedure to adjust:
 1. Increase the backlash by turning the left differential adjuster in one notch and the right differential adjuster out one notch.
 2. Recheck the backlash and adjust as necessary.
 6. If the backlash is too large, use the following procedure to adjust:
 1. Decrease the backlash by turning the right differential adjuster in one notch and the left differential adjuster out one notch.
 2. Recheck the backlash and adjust as necessary.
 7. Once the proper backlash is obtained, turn the left differential adjuster in one additional notch using the **J 42213** in order to preload the differential case side bearings. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
 8. Recheck the backlash and adjust as necessary.

INTERMEDIATE SHAFT BEARING ASSEMBLY - ASSEMBLE

Tools Required

- **J 45225** Axle Seal Installer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 45232** Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Replacer - LH. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
- **J 45359** Axle Seal Installer
- **J 8092** Universal Driver Handle - 3/4 in - 10

Assembly Procedure

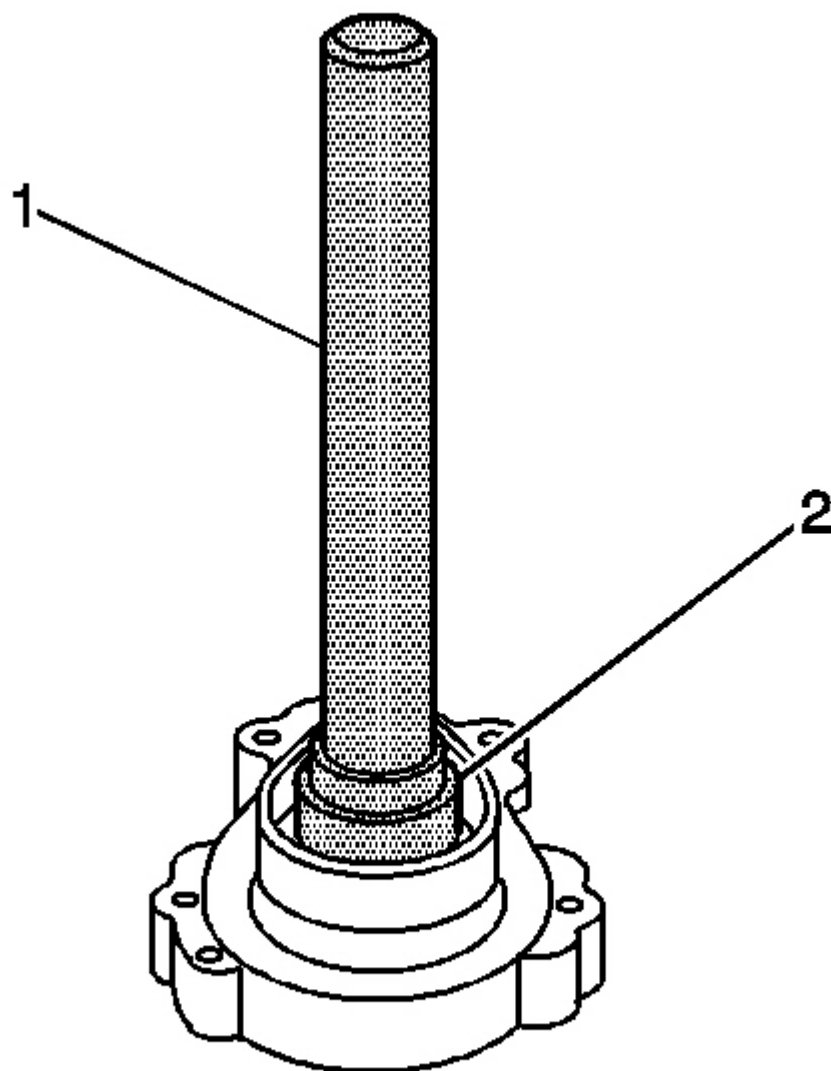


Fig. 144: Universal Driver Handle And Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Replacer - LH (Inner Case Half)

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the inner shaft bearing, print side out, into the intermediate shaft bearing housing inner case half using the **J 45232** (2) and the **J 8092** (1).

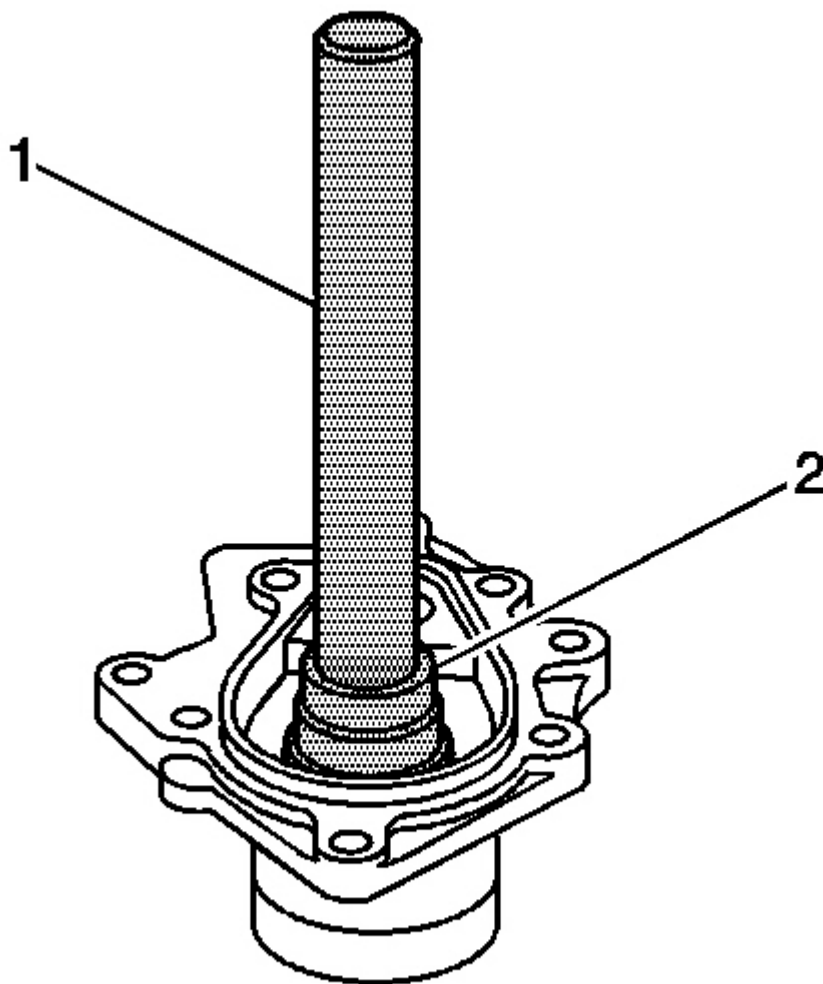


Fig. 145: Universal Driver Handle And Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Replacer - LH (Outer Case Half)

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the inner shaft bearing, print side out, into the intermediate shaft bearing housing outer case half using the **J 45232** (2) and the **J 8092** (1).

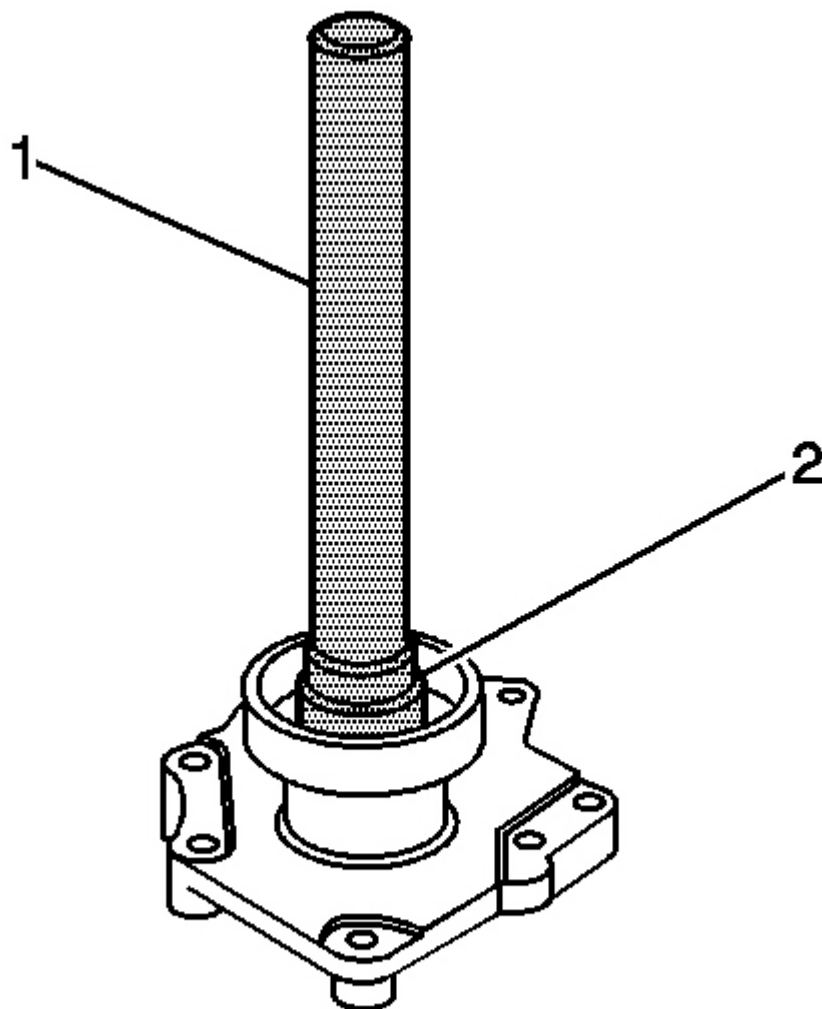


Fig. 146: Universal Driver Handle And Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing Replacer - LH (Inner Axle Bearing)

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the inner axle bearing, print side out, into the intermediate shaft bearing housing outer case half using the **J 45232** (2) and the **J 8092** (1).

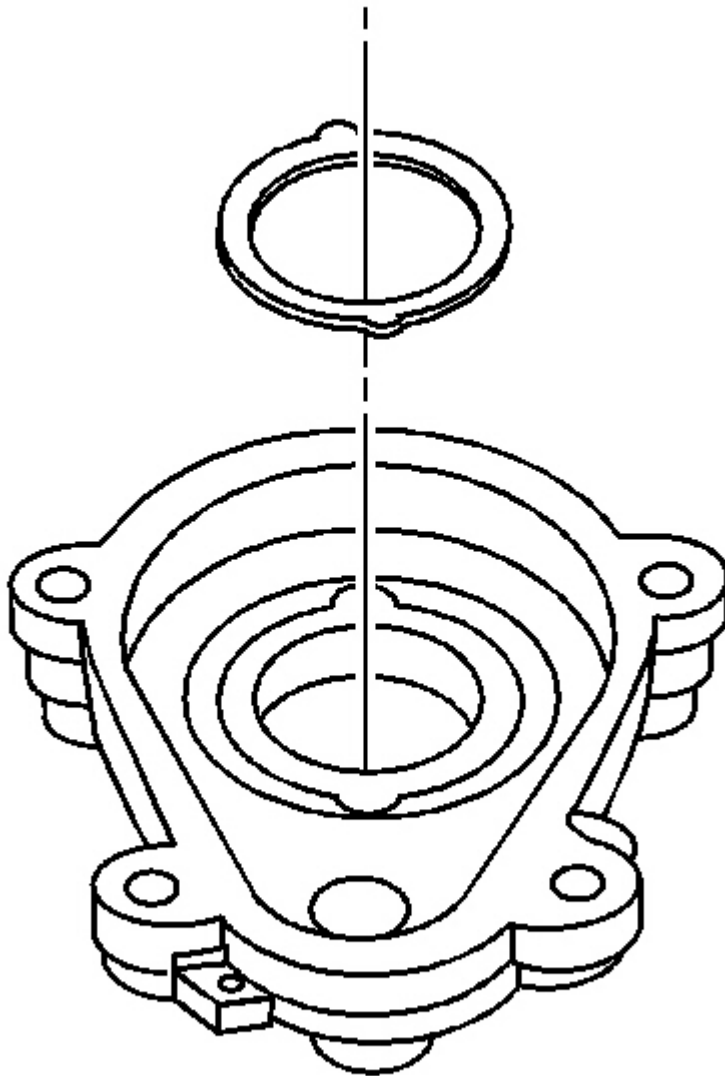


Fig. 147: Thrust Washer
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the thrust washer.

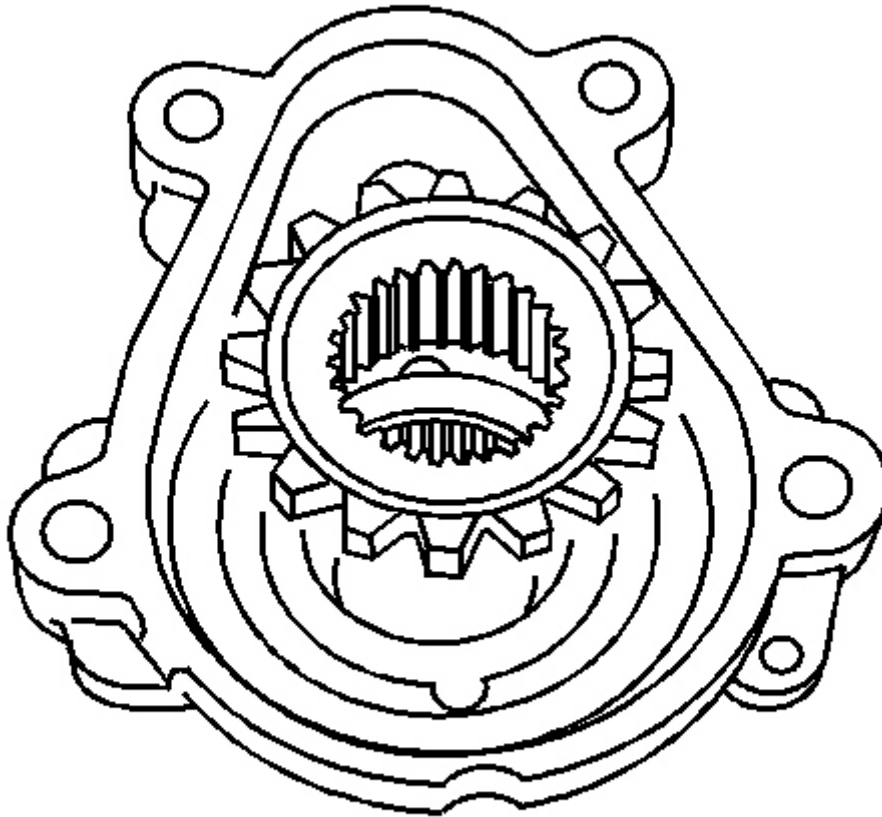


Fig. 148: Inner Clutch Fork Gear
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Install the inner clutch fork gear.

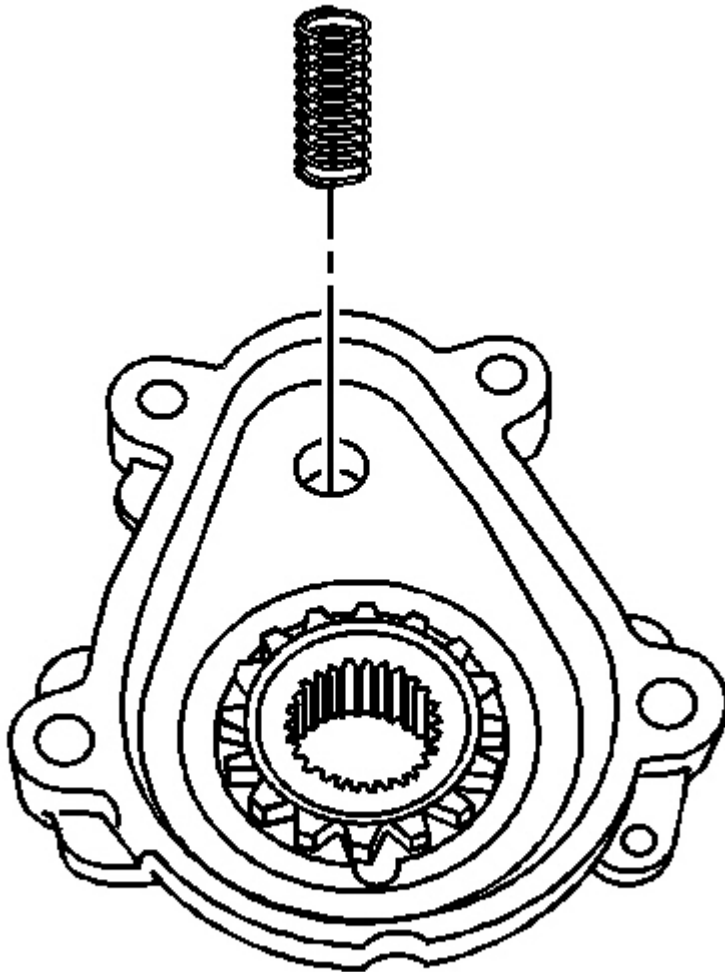


Fig. 149: Clutch Fork Spring
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Install the clutch fork spring.

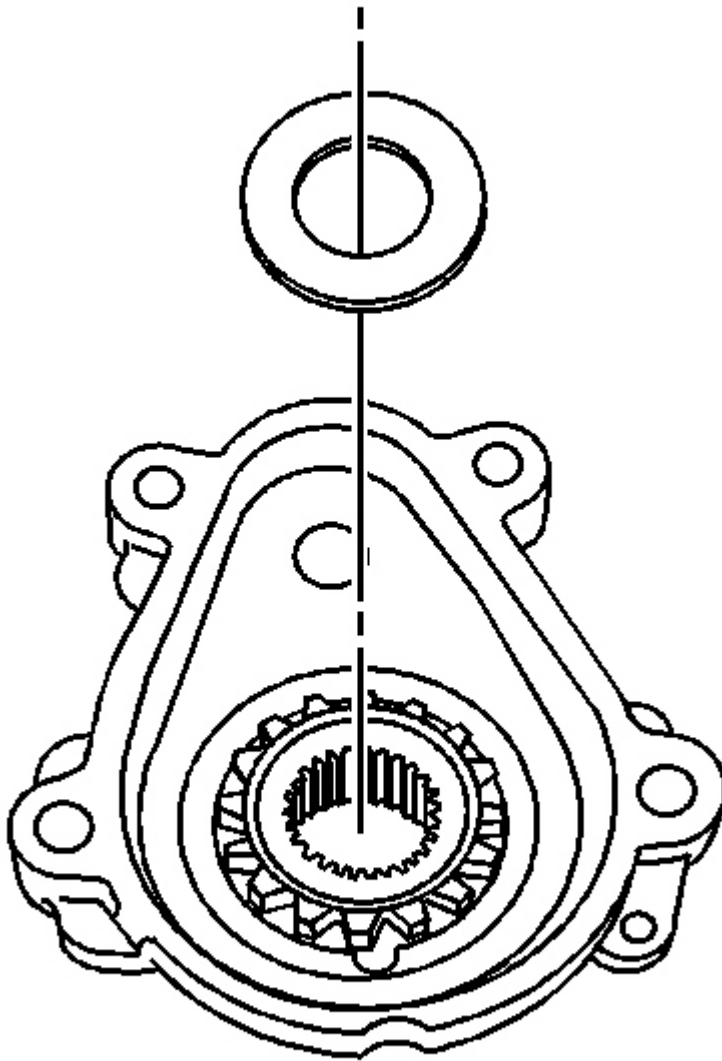


Fig. 150: Washer

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the washer.

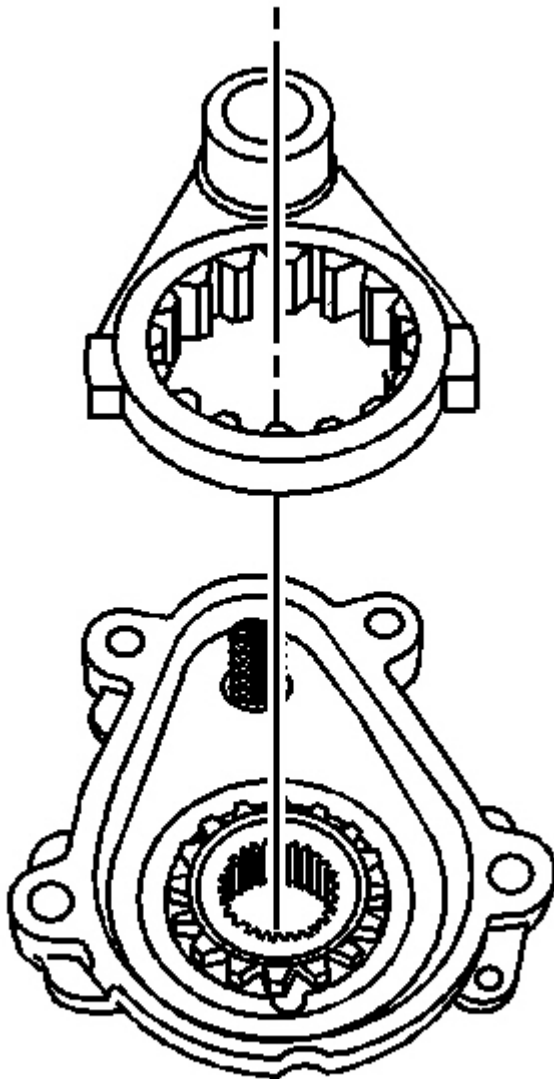


Fig. 151: Clutch Fork And Clutch Fork Sleeve
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Install the clutch fork and clutch fork sleeve.

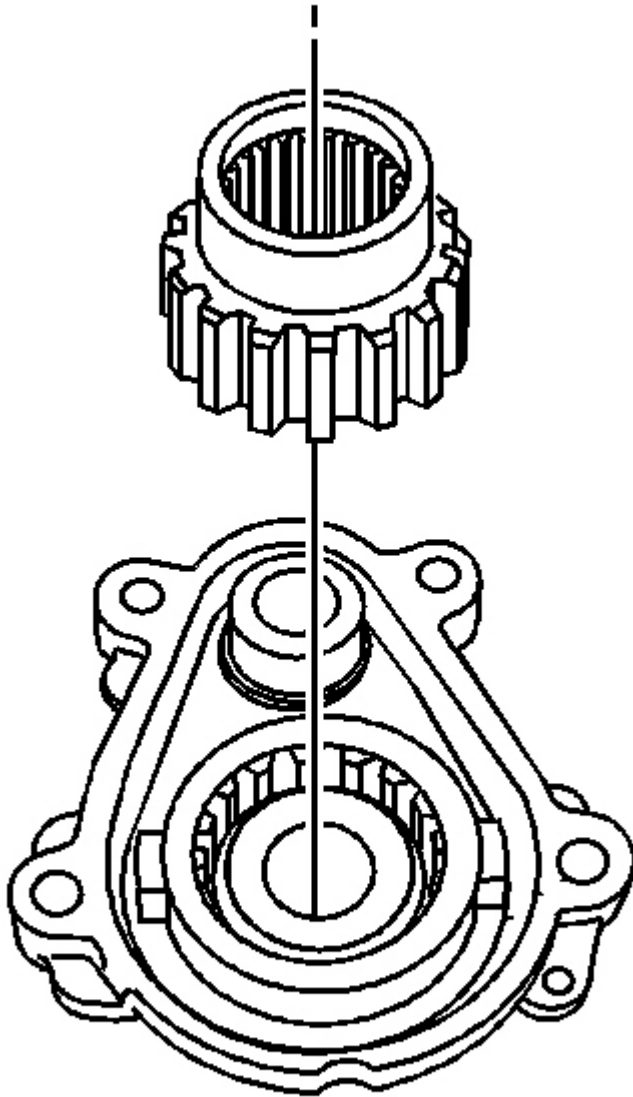


Fig. 152: Outer Clutch Fork Gear
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Install the outer clutch fork gear.

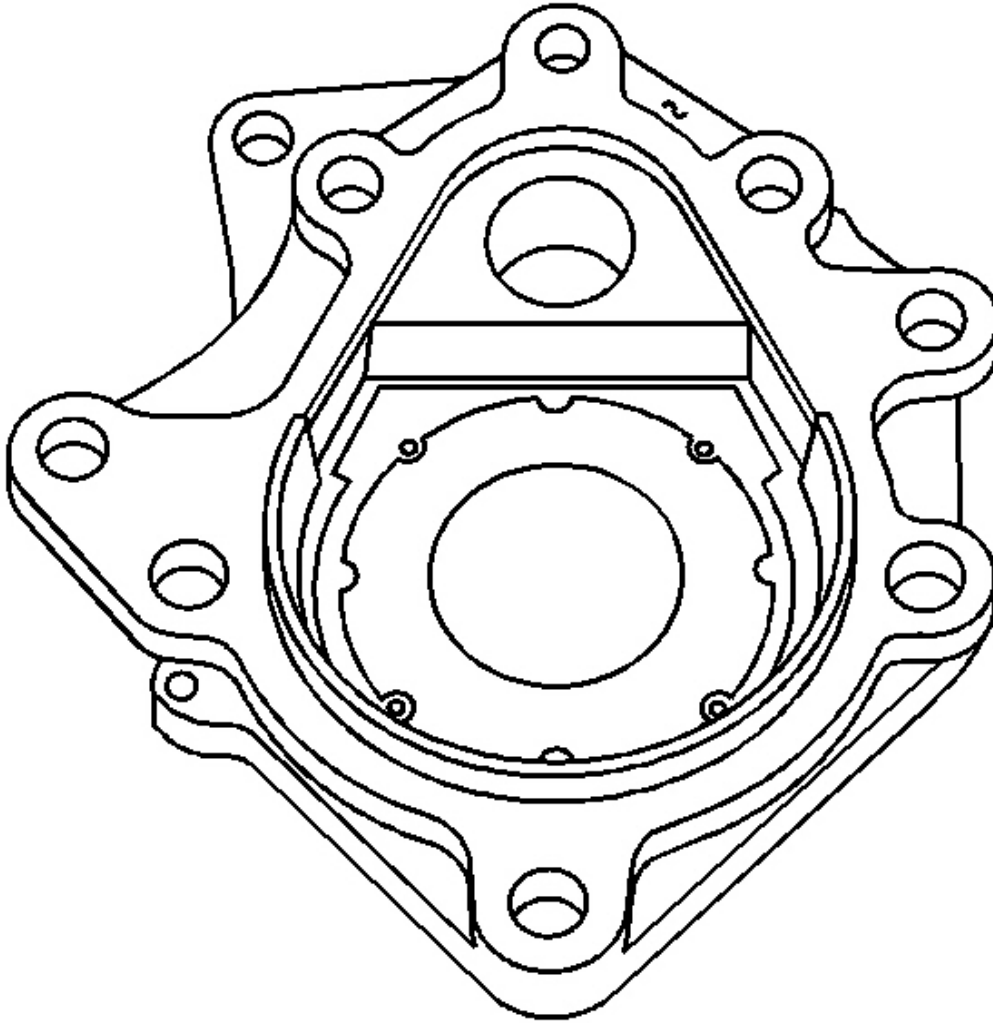


Fig. 153: Thrust Washer

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Install the thrust washer to the outer intermediate shaft bearing housing case half.

Use grease to hold the thrust washer in place.

11. Apply a bead of sealant, P/N 1052942 (Canadian P/N 10953466) or equivalent, to the sealing surface of one side of the intermediate shaft bearing housing case.
12. Install the outer intermediate shaft bearing housing case to the inner intermediate shaft bearing housing case.

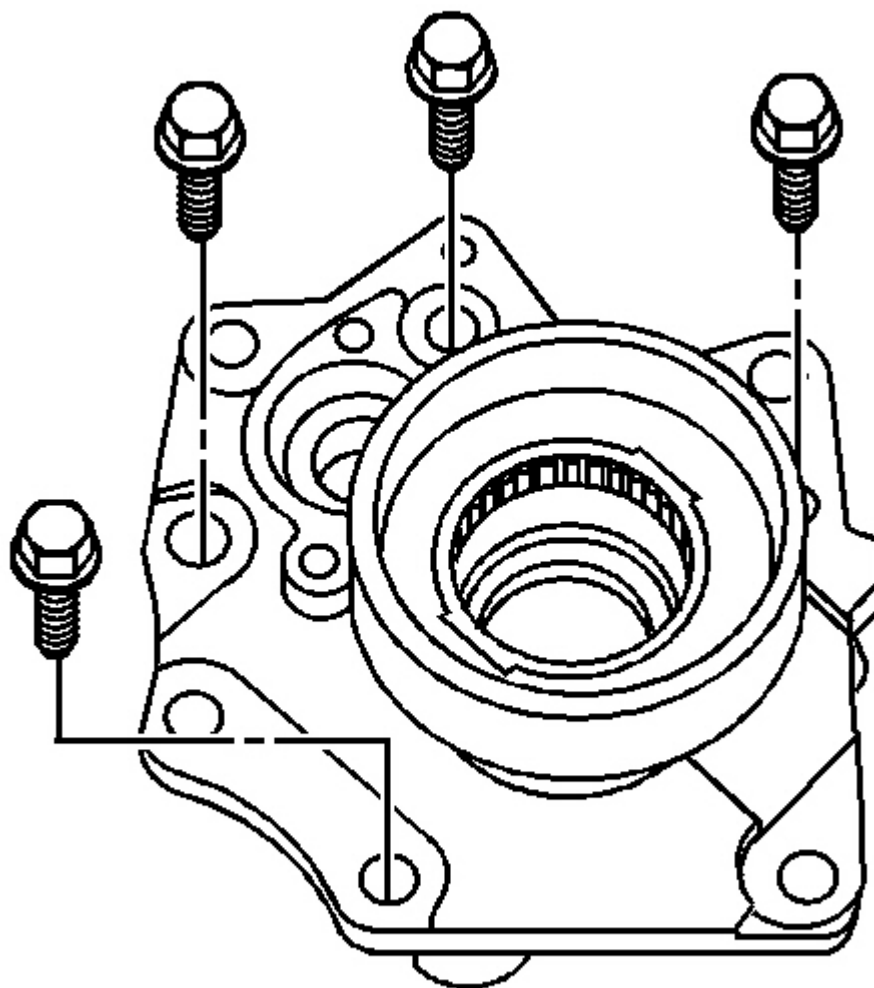


Fig. 154: Intermediate Shaft Bearing Case Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

13. Install the intermediate shaft bearing case bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the intermediate shaft bearing case bolts to 48 N.m (35 lb ft).

14. Install the new inboard, oil pan side, seal on top of the seal bore.

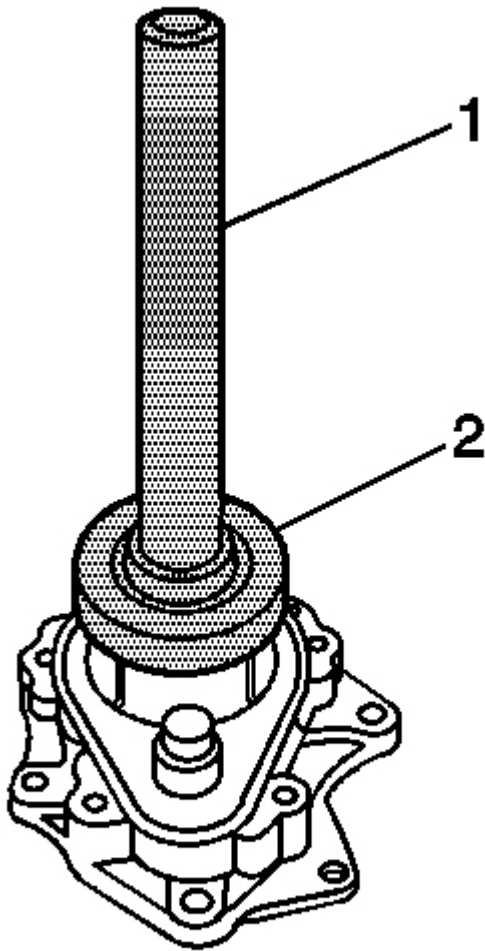


Fig. 155: Axle Seal Installer And Universal Driver Handle
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

15. Install the new seal using the **J 45225** (2) and the **J 8092** (1).

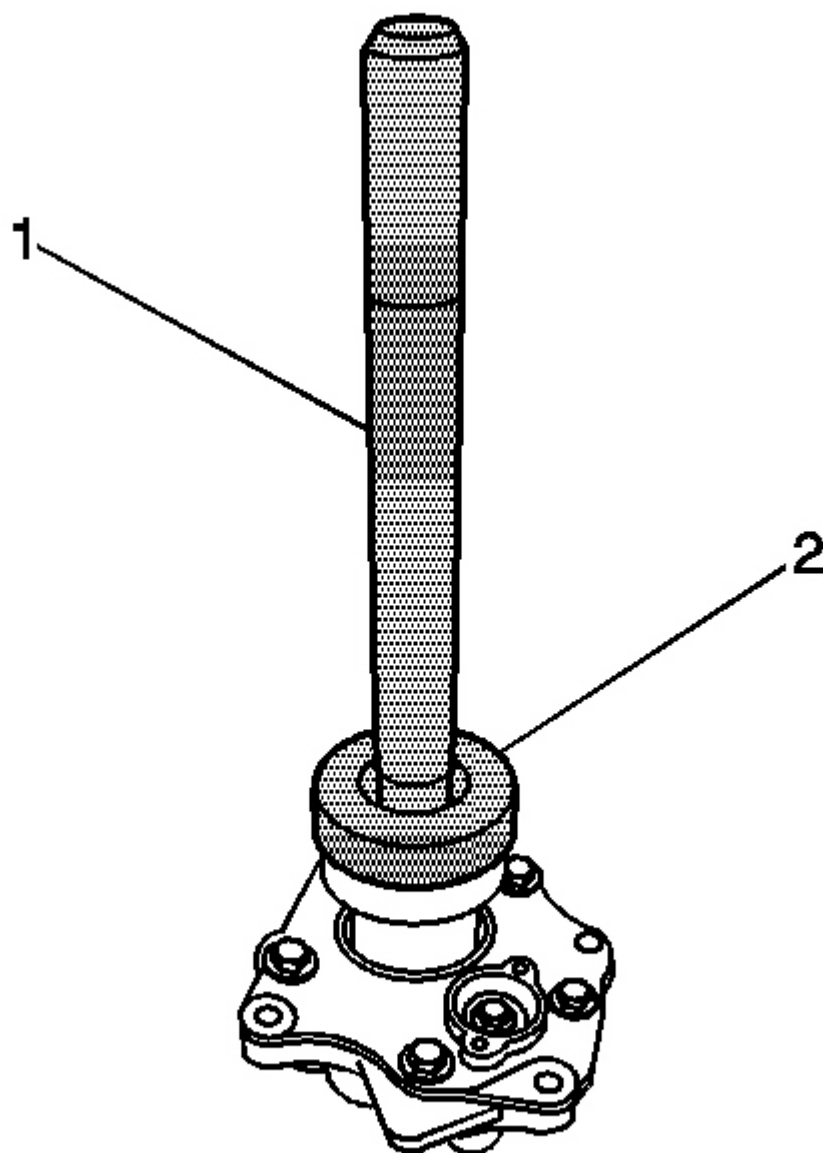


Fig. 156: Axle Seal Installer And Universal Driver Handle
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: The outboard intermediate shaft bearing assembly seal must be installed 0.9-1.1 mm (0.035-0.043 in) below the surface of the intermediate shaft bearing assembly housing bore. If the seal is not installed properly,

damage to the seal may occur.

16. Install the new seal using the J 45359 (2) and the **J 8092** (1).

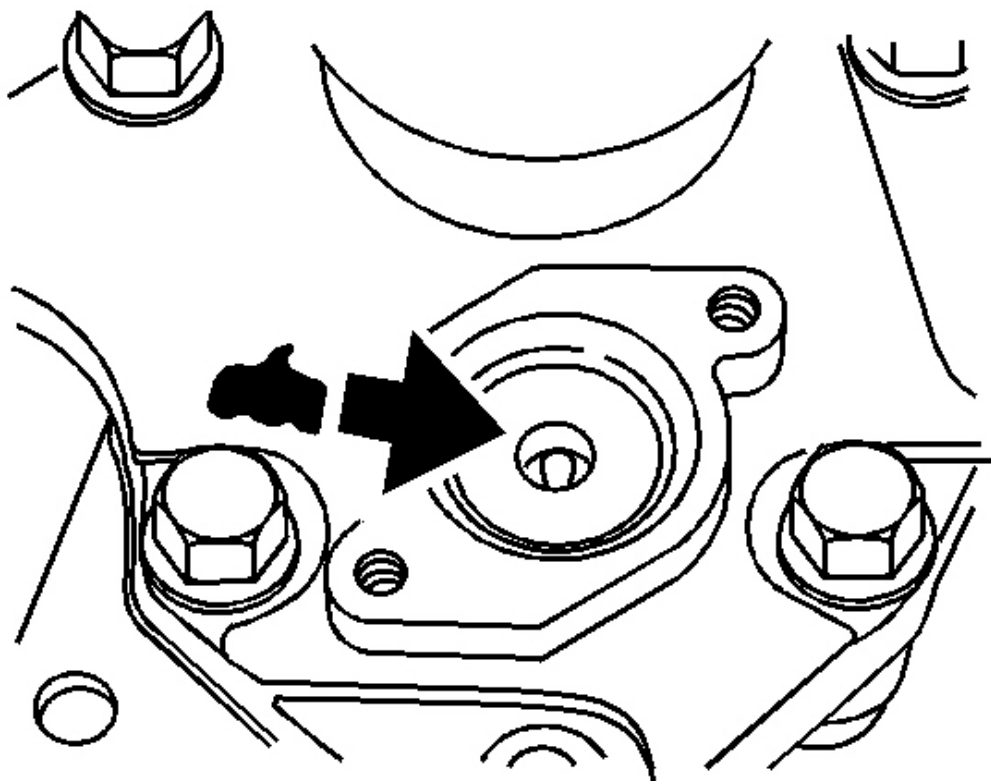


Fig. 157: Actuator And Actuator Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

17. Pack the cavity of the inner intermediate shaft bearing housing with 55-65 cc (1.86-2.20 oz) of grease, GM P/N 12377985 or equivalent.

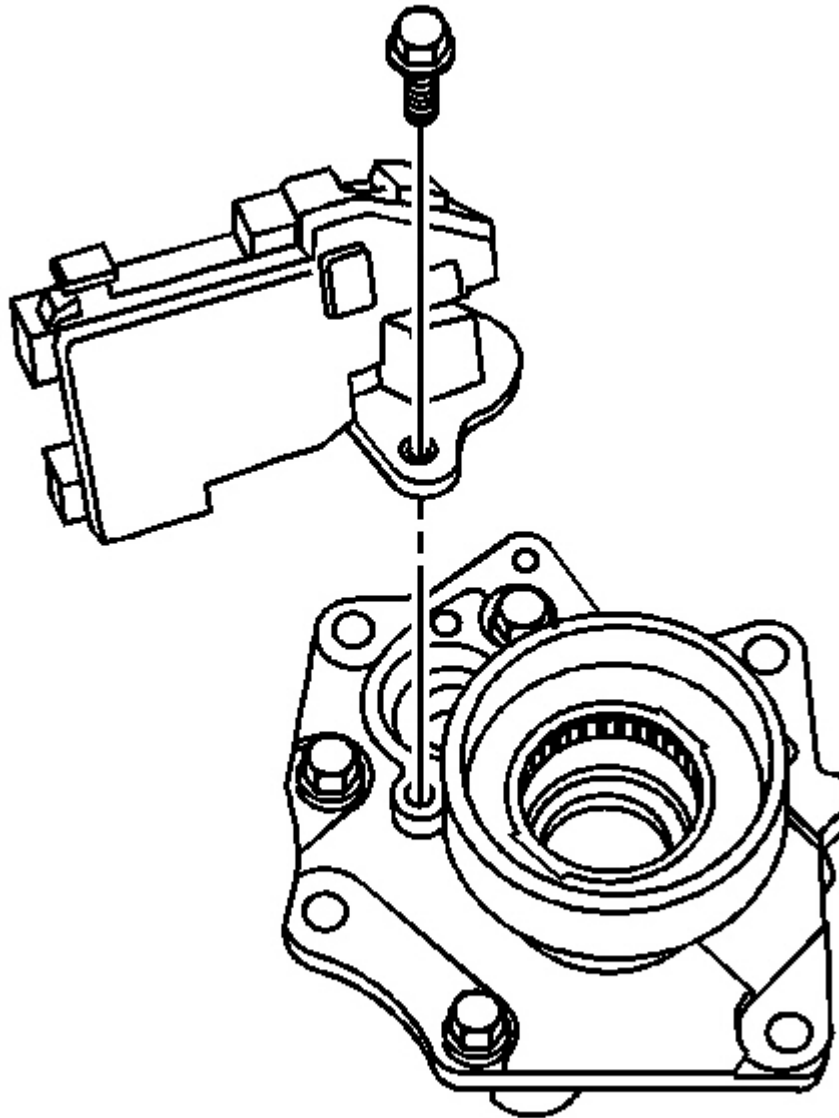


Fig. 158: Actuator And Actuator Bolts
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

18. Install the actuator.
19. Install the actuator bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the actuator bolts to 6 N.m (53 lb in).

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

DIFFERENTIAL CARRIER ASSEMBLY - FINAL ASSEMBLY

Tools Required

- **J 45225** Axle Seal Installer. See **Special Tools and Equipment**.
 - **J 8092** Universal Driver Handle - 3/4 in - 10
1. Adjust the backlash. Refer to **Backlash Inspection and Adjustment**.
 2. Inspect the alignment mark between the differential bearing adjuster and the differential carrier assembly case. If the line between the differential bearing adjuster and the differential carrier assembly case is not aligned, re-align the 2 components as necessary.

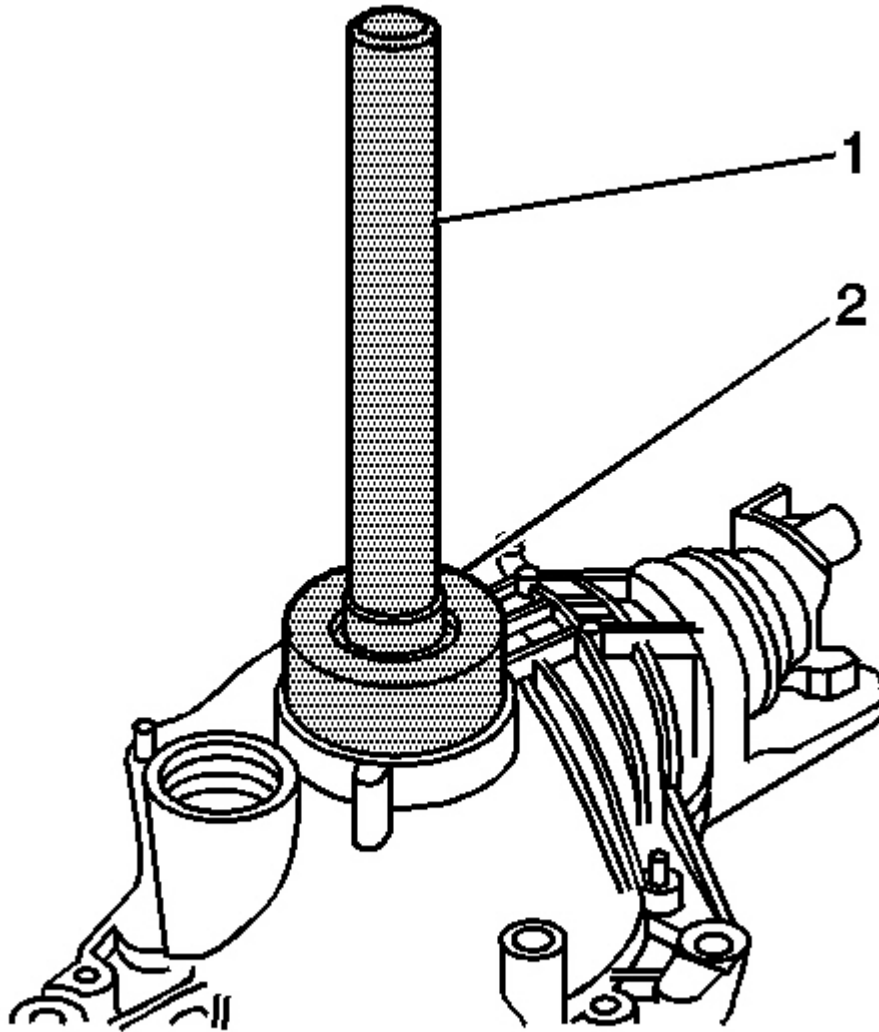


Fig. 159: Axle Seal Installer And Universal Driver Handle (Left)
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the left side inner shaft seal using the **J 45225** (2) and the **J 8092** (1).

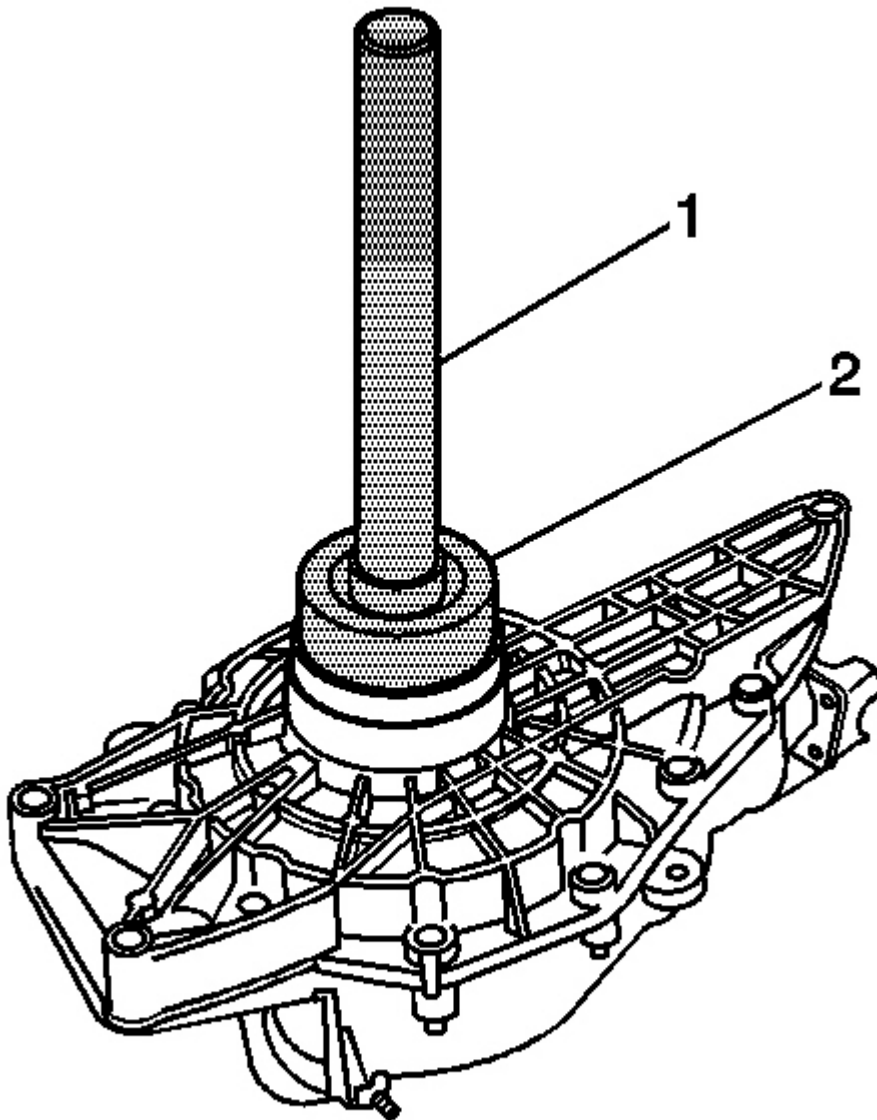


Fig. 160: Axle Seal Installer And Universal Driver Handle (Right)
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the right side inner shaft seal using the **J 45225** (2) and the **J 8092** (1).

NOTE: Refer to Component Fastener Tightening Notice in Cautions and Notices.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

5. Install the drain plug.

Tighten: Tighten the drain plug to 32 N.m (24 lb ft).

6. Install the fill plug.

Tighten: Tighten the fill plug to 32 N.m (24 lb ft).

GEAR TOOTH CONTACT PATTERN INSPECTION

The contact pattern check is not a substitute for adjusting the pinion depth and backlash. Use this method in order to verify the correct running position of the ring gear and the drive pinion. Gear sets which are not positioned properly may be noisy and/or have a short life. A pattern check ensures the best contact between the ring gear and the drive pinion for low noise and long life.

Gear Tooth Nomenclature

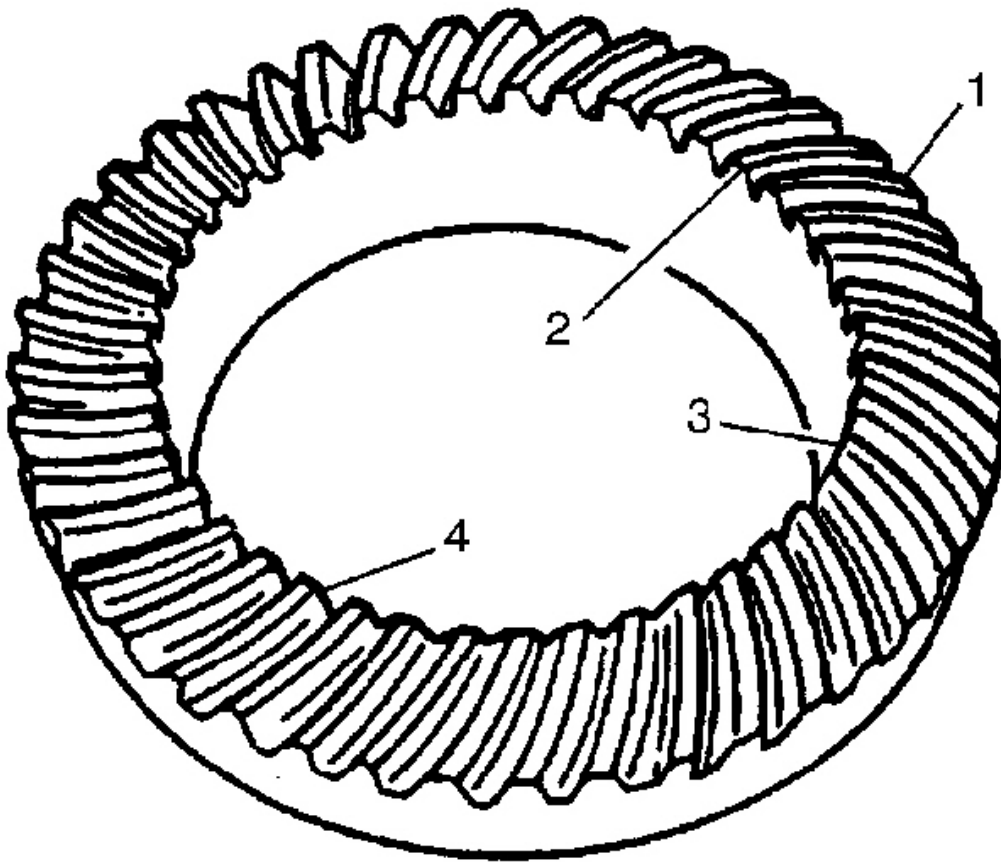


Fig. 161: Defining Gear Tooth Nomenclature
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

The side of the ring gear tooth which curves outward, or is convex, is the drive side (4). The concave side is the coast side (3). The end of the tooth nearest the center of the ring gear is the toe end (2). The end of the tooth farthest away from the center is the heel end (1).

Adjustments Affecting Tooth Contact

The following two adjustments affect the tooth contact pattern:

- Backlash adjustment
- Pinion depth adjustment

The effects of bearing preloads are not readily apparent on hand-loaded tooth contact pattern tests. However, bearing preloads should be within specifications before proceeding with backlash and pinion depth adjustments.

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Pinion Depth Adjustment

Adjust the position of the pinion by increasing or decreasing the distance between the pinion head and the centerline of the ring gear. Decreasing the distance moves the pinion closer to the centerline of the ring gear. Increasing the distance moves the pinion farther away from the centerline of the ring gear.

Backlash Adjustment

Adjust the backlash by means of moving the side bearing adjuster sleeves which move the case and ring gear assembly closer to or farther from the pinion. Also use the adjuster sleeves in order to set the side bearing preload.

- If the left side adjuster sleeve is moved in, along with an equal outward movement of the right side adjuster, the backlash will increase.
- If the left side adjuster sleeve is moved out, along with an equal inward movement of the right side adjuster, the backlash will decrease.

Testing Procedure

1. Drain the differential carrier assembly of axle lubricant, if necessary. Refer to **Lubricant Replacement - Front Drive Axle**.
2. Wipe clean the ring gear of axle lubricant. Carefully clean each tooth of the ring gear.
3. Use a medium stiff brush in order to sparingly apply gear marking compound, P/N 1052351 (Canadian P/N 10953497) or equivalent, to all of the ring gear teeth.

IMPORTANT: Avoid turning the ring gear excessively or a poor quality gear pattern impression will result.

4. Using a wrench, turn the drive pinion flange/yoke so that the ring gear rotates at least 3 full revolutions.
5. Turn the drive pinion flange/yoke in the opposite direction so that the ring gear rotates at least 3 full revolutions in the opposite direction.
6. Observe the pattern on the ring gear teeth. Compare the pattern with the following illustrations.

Perform the recommended adjustments until the proper pattern is obtained.

7. Once the proper pattern is obtained, complete the assembly of differential carrier. Refer to **Differential Carrier Assembly - Final Assembly**.

Correct Contact Pattern

Condition

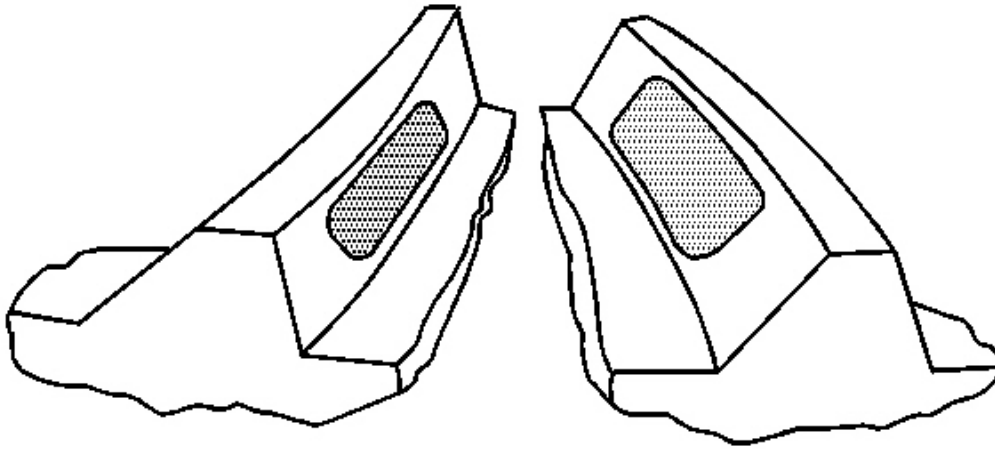


Fig. 162: Identifying Correct Gear Tooth Contact Pattern
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

The backlash and pinion depth is correct.

Correction

None required.

Service Hints

Loose bearing on the drive pinion or in the differential case may cause patterns that vary. If the contact pattern varies, inspect the following preload settings:

- Total assembly
- Differential case
- Drive pinion

If these settings are correct, inspect for damage or incorrectly assembled parts.

Drive Side Heel - Coast Side Toe Contact Pattern

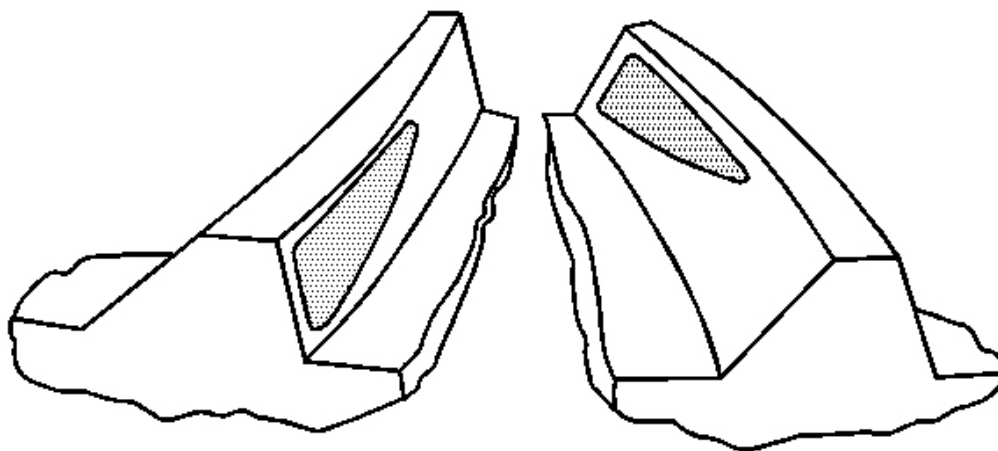


Fig. 163: Identifying Drive Side Heel - Coast Side Toe Contact Pattern
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Condition

The backlash is incorrect. The ring gear is too far away from the drive pinion.

Correction

Decrease the backlash. Move the ring gear closer to the drive pinion by adjusting the side bearing adjuster sleeves. Refer to **Backlash Inspection and Adjustment**.

Drive Side Toe - Coast Side Heel Contact Pattern

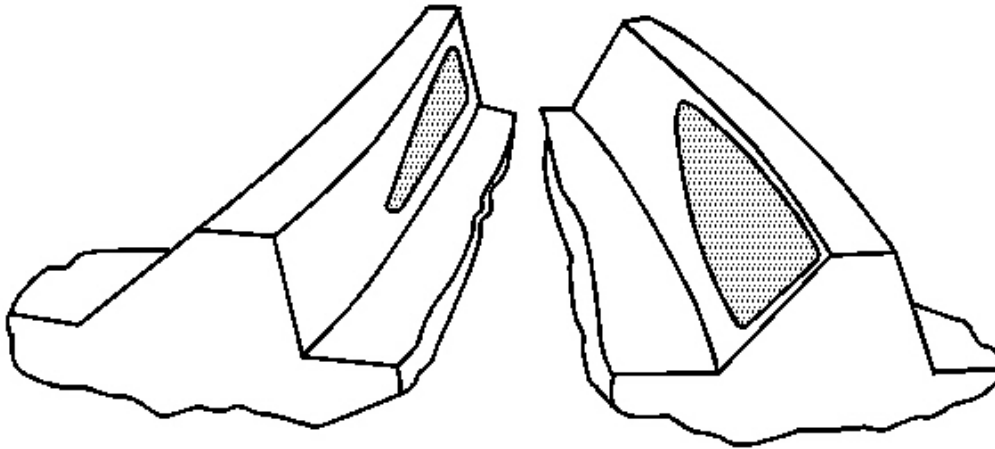


Fig. 164: Identifying Drive Side Toe - Coast Side Heel Contact Pattern
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Condition

The backlash is incorrect. The ring gear is too close to the drive pinion.

Correction

Increase the backlash. Move the ring gear away from the drive pinion by adjusting the side bearing adjuster sleeves. Refer to **Backlash Inspection and Adjustment**.

Drive Side Heel - Coast Side Heel Contact Pattern

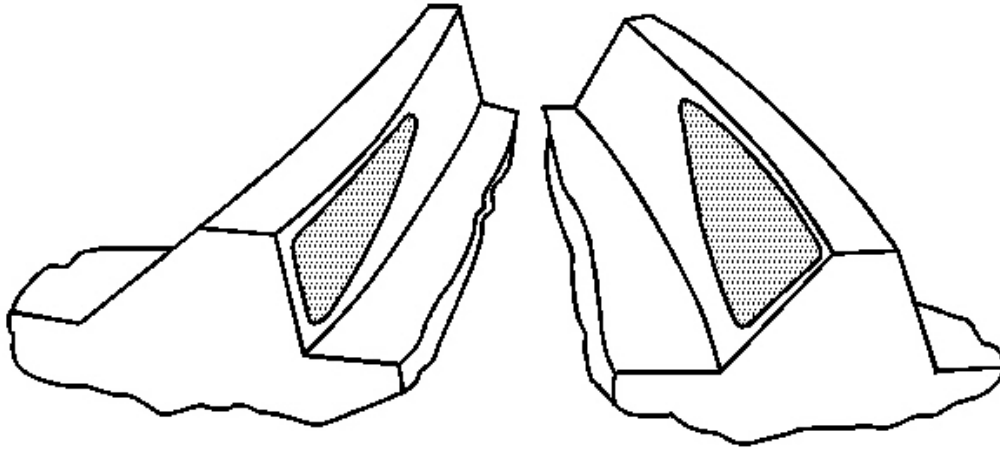


Fig. 165: Identifying Drive Side Heel - Coast Side Heel Contact Pattern
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Condition

The backlash is incorrect. The ring gear is too far away from the drive pinion.

Correction

Decrease the backlash. Move the ring gear closer to the drive pinion by adjusting the side bearing adjuster sleeves. Refer to **Backlash Inspection and Adjustment**.

Drive Side Toe - Coast Side Toe Contact Pattern

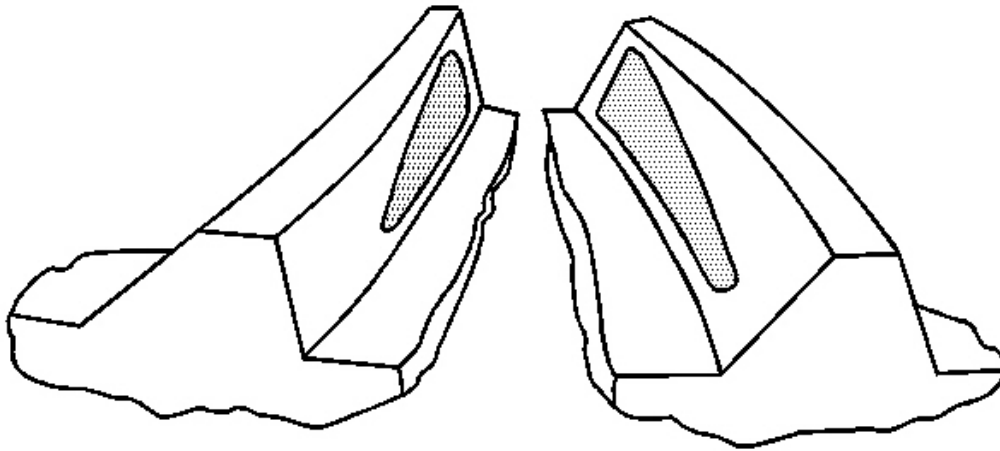


Fig. 166: Identifying Drive Side Toe - Coast Side Toe Contact Pattern
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Condition

The backlash is incorrect. The ring gear is too close to the drive pinion.

Correction

Increase the backlash. Move the ring gear away from the drive pinion by adjusting the side bearing adjuster sleeves. Refer to **Backlash Inspection and Adjustment**.

High Flank Contact Pattern

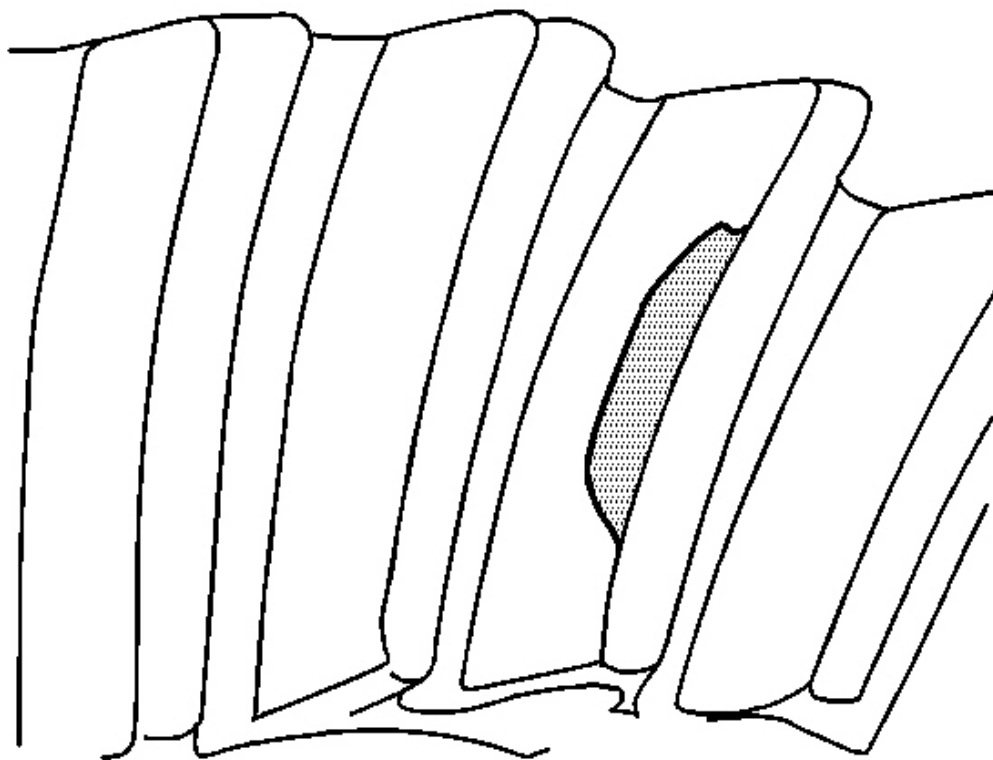


Fig. 167: Identifying High Flank Contact Pattern
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Condition

The pinion depth is incorrect. The pinion gear is too far away from the ring gear.

Correction

Increase the pinion depth. Move the pinion gear closer to the ring gear by increasing the pinion shim thickness. Refer to **Pinion Depth Adjustment**.

Low Flank Contact Pattern

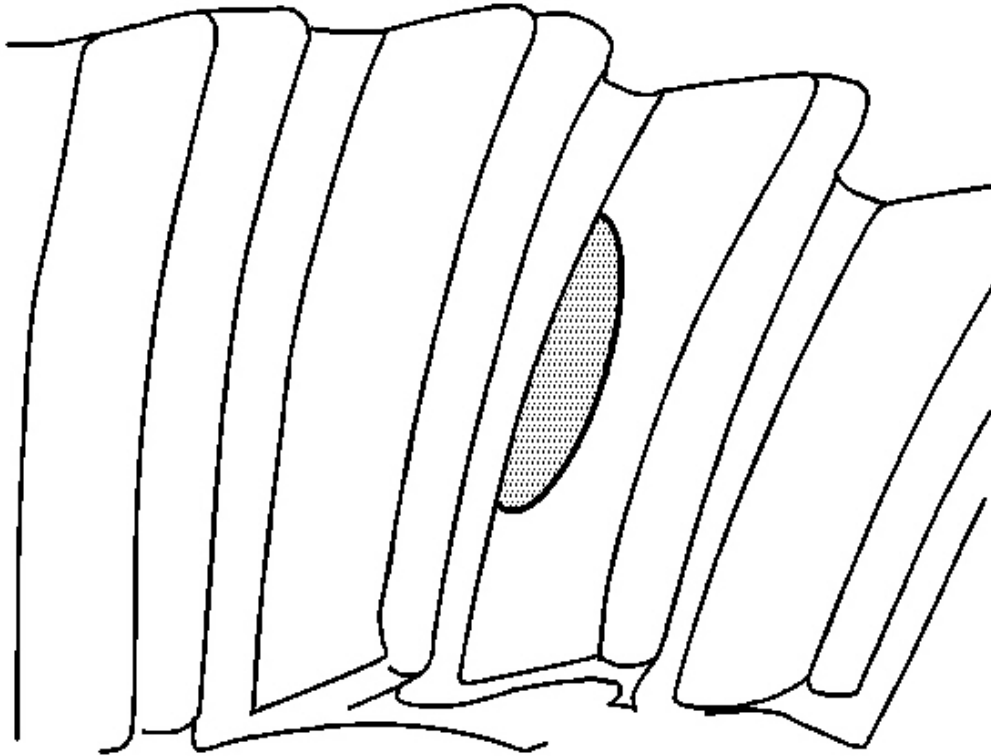


Fig. 168: Identifying Low Flank Contact Pattern
Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Condition

The pinion depth is incorrect. The pinion gear is too close to the ring gear.

Correction

Decrease the pinion depth. Move the pinion gear away from the ring gear by decreasing the pinion shim thickness. Refer to **Pinion Depth Adjustment**.

DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

FRONT DRIVE AXLE DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

Selectable Four Wheel Drive (S4WD) Front Axle Description and Operation

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

The Selectable Four Wheel Drive (S4WD) Front Axle consist of the following components:

- Differential Carrier Housing
- Differential Case Assembly
- Inner Axle Shaft
- Intermediate Shaft Bearing Assembly (located on the right side of the oil pan)
- Electric Motor Actuator

The front axle on Selectable Four Wheel Drive (S4WD) model vehicles uses a disconnect feature mounted on the right side of the oil pan in order to engage and disengage the front axle. When the driver engages the 4WD system, the Transfer Case Control Module sends a signal to the electric motor actuator to energize and extend the plunger inside. The extended plunger moves the clutch fork and clutch fork sleeve across from the clutch fork outer gear that is splined to the right side wheel drive shaft to the clutch fork inner gear that is splined to the inner axle shaft. The locking of the two gears allows the axle to operate in the same manner as a semi-floating rear axle. A propeller shaft connects the transfer case to the front axle. The differential carrier assembly uses a conventional ring and pinion gear set to transmit the driving force of the engine to the wheels. The open differential allows the wheels to turn at different rates of speed while the axle continues to transmit the driving force. This prevents tire scuffing when going around corners and premature wear on internal axle parts. The ring and pinion set and the differential are contained within the carrier. The axle identification number is located on top of the differential carrier assembly or on a label on the bottom of the right half of differential carrier assembly. The wheel drive shafts are completely flexible assemblies consisting of inner and outer constant velocity CV joints protected by thermoplastic boots and connected by a wheel drive shaft.

Automatic Four Wheel Drive (A4WD) Front Axle Description and Operation

The Automatic Four Wheel Drive (A4WD) Front Axle consist of the following components:

- Differential Carrier Housing
- Differential Case Assembly
- Inner Axle Shaft
- Intermediate Shaft bearing Assembly (located on the right side of the oil pan)

The front axle on Automatic Four Wheel Drive (A4WD) model vehicles do not have a disconnect feature in order to engage and disengage the front axle. The Automatic Four Wheel Drive system uses the same differential carrier assembly and intermediate shaft bearing assembly, but the clutch fork, the clutch fork sleeve and the inner/outer gears have been replaced with a single splined sleeve that connects the inner axle shaft directly to the right side wheel drive shaft. This connection allows the right side wheel drive shaft and the intermediate axle shaft to be directly connected to the differential case assembly. It also results in having the wheel drive shafts, the intermediate axle shaft and the propeller shaft to spin continuously. When the transfer case is active, the clutch assembly within the transfer case controls the amount of torque applied to the front axle. The remaining components are the same as the selectable four wheel drive axle.

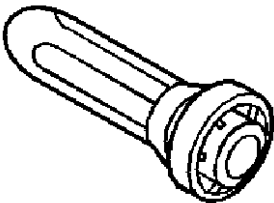
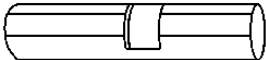
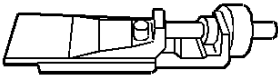
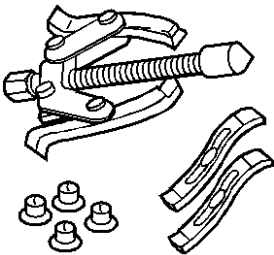
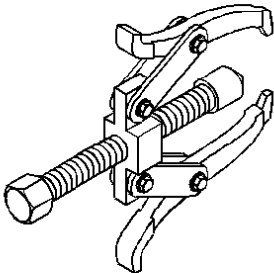
SPECIAL TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

SPECIAL TOOLS

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

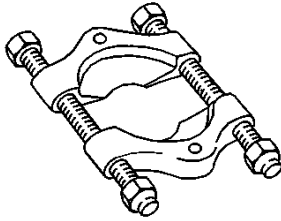
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender

Special Tools

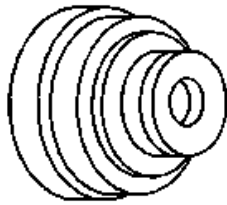
Illustration	Tool Number/Description
	J 21426 Extension Housing Seal Installer
	J 22536 Pinion Driver
	J 22779 Side Bearing Backlash Gage
	J 22888-D Side Bearing Remover Kit
	J 22888-20A Universal Two Jaw Puller

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender



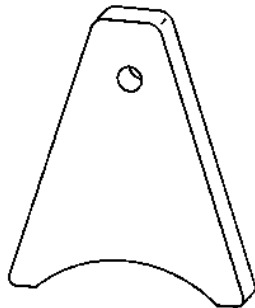
J 22912-01
Split-Plate Bearing Puller



J 23690
Bearing Installer



J 25025
Guide Pins



J 25588
Side Bearing Shim Installer

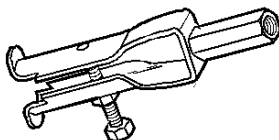
J 2619-01

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

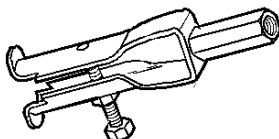
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender



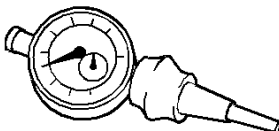
Slide Hammer with Adapter



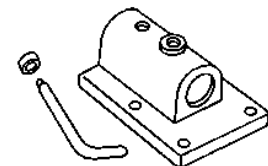
J 29369-1
Bushing and Bearing Remover



J 29369-2
Bushing and Bearing Remover (2"-3")



J 29763
Static Timing Gage

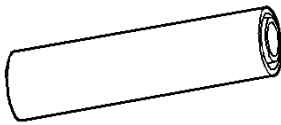
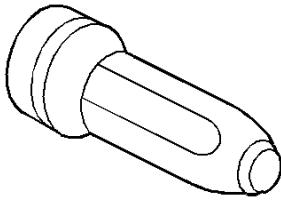


J 3289-20
Holding Fixture

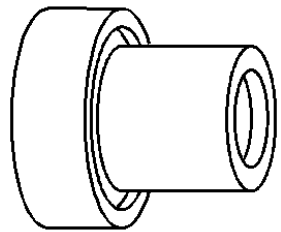
J 33782
Pinion Oil Seal Installer

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

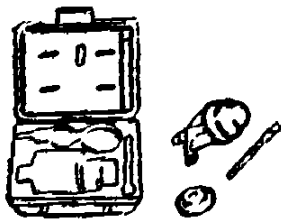
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender



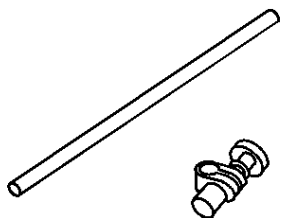
J 33785
Pinion Bearing Installer



J 33790
Differential Side Bearing Installer



J 33838
Pinion Setting Gage



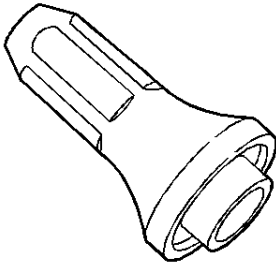
J 34178
Spreader Gage Adapter

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

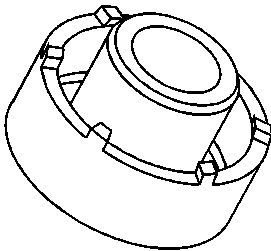
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender



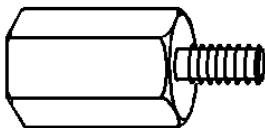
J 34925
Pinion Setting Gage and Components



J 38694
Extension Housing Oil Pump/Seal Installer



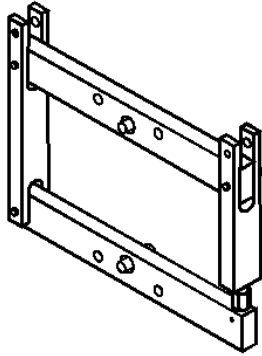
J 42213
Adjuster Sleeve Socket



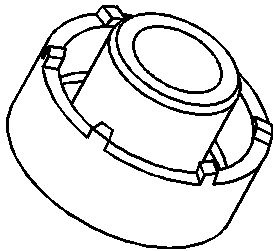
J 45104
Axle Remover Adapter

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

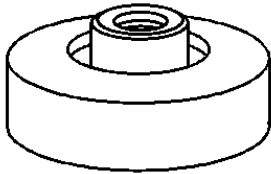
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender



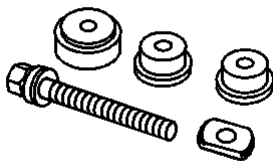
J 45222
Axle Housing Spreader



J 45224
Side Bearing Adjuster



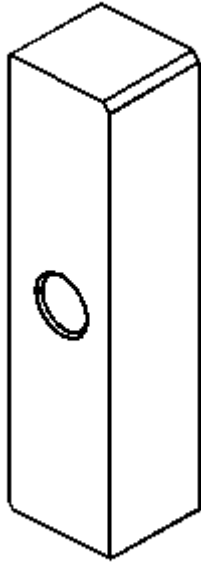
J 45225
Axle Seal Installer



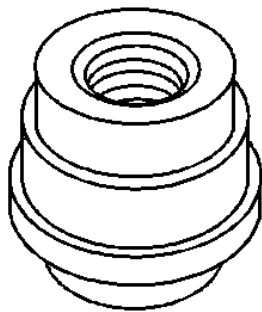
J 45228
Pinion Bearing Cup Remover/Installer

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender



J 45230
Pinion Setting Gage Block

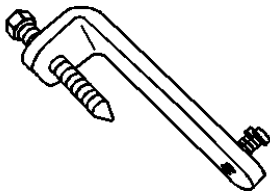
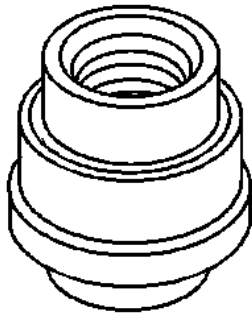


J 45232
Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing
Replacer - LH

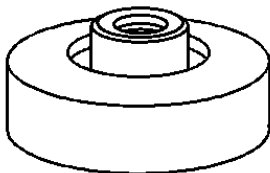
J 45233
Differential Bearing Adjuster Needle Bearing
Replacer - RH

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender



J 45234
Pinion Remover - 7.25 inch Axle



J 45359
Axle Seal Installer

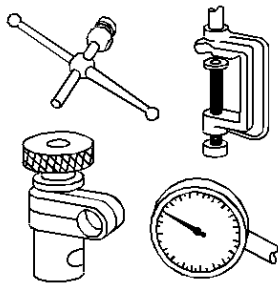
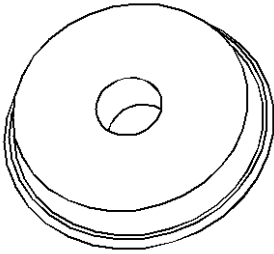


J 6125-B
Slide Hammer

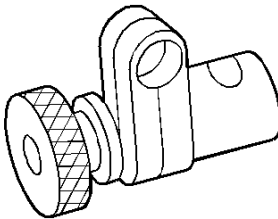
J 7817
Outer Bearing Race Installer

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

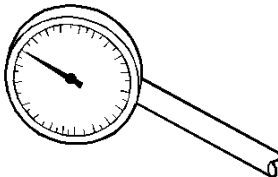
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender



J 8001
Dial Indicator Set



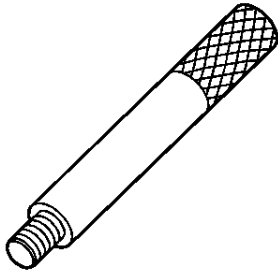
J 8001-2
Dial Indicator Sleeve



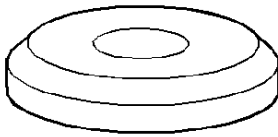
J 8001-3
Dial Indicator

2004 Isuzu Ascender LS

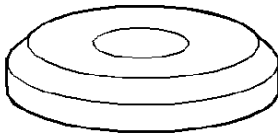
2004 DRIVELINE/AXLE Front Drive Axle - Ascender



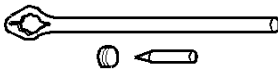
Universal Driver Handle - 3/4 in - 10



J 8107-2
Side Bearing Puller Pilot



J 8608
Rear Pinion Bearing Race Installer



J 8614-01
Flange and Pulley Holder Tool